

# **MC9S12NE64 OpenTCP Reference Manual**

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# OpenTCP TCP/IP Stack for MC9S12NE64 Data Structure Documentation

## arp\_entry Struct Reference

```
#include <arp.h>
```

---

### Detailed Description

ARP packet header fields.

This structure contains various fields used for managing ARP cache.  
Definition at line 81 of file arp.h.

### Data Fields

- `UINT8 state`  
*State of this ARP cache entry.*
  - `UINT8 type`  
*Type of this ARP cache entry.*
  - `UINT8 retries`
  - `UINT8 ttl`
  - `UINT8 hwadr [MAXHWALEN]`
  - `UINT32 pradr`
- 

### Field Documentation

#### `UINT8 arp\_entry::hwadr[MAXHWALEN]`

Hardware Address that is received either as an ARP reply or by caching the address of a received IP packet

Definition at line 110 of file arp.h.

**UINT32 [arp\\_entry::pradr](#)**

Protocol Address (IPv4 protocol assumed)

Definition at line 114 of file arp.h.

**UINT8 [arp\\_entry::retries](#)**

Number of retries left (how many ARP requests more will be sent in order to try to resolve the IP address)

Definition at line 103 of file arp.h.

**UINT8 [arp\\_entry::state](#)**

State of this ARP cache entry.

Holds information about the state of this ARP cache entry. Can hold one of the following values:

- ARP\_FREE - entry unused and available
- ARP\_RESERVED - entry reserved by arp\_alloc call
- ARP\_PENDING - waiting for ARP reply to get the HW address
- ARP\_RESOLVED - entry resolved and HW address available

Definition at line 92 of file arp.h.

**UINT8 [arp\\_entry::ttl](#)**

Time To Live value for this cache entry

Definition at line 107 of file arp.h.

**UINT8 [arp\\_entry::type](#)**

Type of this ARP cache entry.

Type of the entry defines what the ARP cache manager will do after the TTL period. Can be one of the following:

- ARP\_FIXED\_IP - ARP cache entry is refreshed after TTL
- ARP\_TEMP\_IP - ARP cache entry is deleted after TTL

Definition at line 102 of file arp.h.

---

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [arp.h](#)
-

## ethernet\_frame Struct Reference

```
#include <ethernet.h>
```

---

### Detailed Description

Ethernet packet header fields.

This structure holds information about the Ethernet packets. In addition to standard Ethernet header (destination HW address, source HW address, frame size and protocol), `buff_index` is added. This variable is used by higher level protocols (IP, ARP or other) to initialize reading of the Ethernet packet by invoking `NETWORK_RECEIVE_INITIALIZE` macro to initialize reading of the data carried in the Ethernet packet ( not the Ethernet header itself!).

Definition at line 36 of file `ethernet.h`.

### Data Fields

- `UINT8 destination` [`ETH_ADDRESS_LEN`]
  - `UINT8 source` [`ETH_ADDRESS_LEN`]
  - `UINT16 frame\_size`
  - `UINT16 protocol`
  - `UINT16 buf\_index`
- 

### Field Documentation

#### `UINT16 ethernet\_frame::buf\_index`

Address in the Ethernet controllers buffer where data can be read from

Definition at line 55 of file `ethernet.h`.

#### `UINT8 ethernet\_frame::destination`[`ETH_ADDRESS_LEN`]

destination hardware address as read from the received ethernet packet

Definition at line 38 of file `ethernet.h`.

#### `UINT16 ethernet\_frame::frame\_size`

size of the received Ethernet packet

Definition at line 46 of file `ethernet.h`.

**UINT16 [ethernet\\_frame::protocol](#)**

protocol field of the Ethernet header. For now we work with:

- PROTOCOL\_IP - 0x0800
- PROTOCOL\_ARP - 0x0806

Definition at line 49 of file ethernet.h.

**UINT8 [ethernet\\_frame::source](#)[ETH\_ADDRESS\_LEN]**

source hardware address as read from the received ethernet packet

Definition at line 42 of file ethernet.h.

---

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [ethernet.h](#)

---

## http\_server\_state Struct Reference

```
#include <http_server.h>
```

---

### Detailed Description

Structure that holds all the necessary state information for session management.

All the necessary information for HTTP session state management by the HTTP server is stored here. See individual field documentation for more info.

Definition at line 42 of file http\_server.h.

### Data Fields

- UINT8 [state](#)  
*Session state.*
- UINT8 [ownersocket](#)  
*TCP socket used for TCP communication.*
- UINT32 [fstart](#)  
*File start.*

- UINT32 [flen](#)  
*File length.*
  - UINT32 [fpoint](#)  
*File pointer.*
  - UINT16 [funacked](#)  
*Number of unacknowledged HTTP bytes previously sent.*
- 

## Field Documentation

### UINT32 [http\\_server\\_state::flen](#)

File length.

This variable holds file length information. It is used by the HTTP server to determine when the entire file has been sent.

Definition at line 80 of file http\_server.h.

### UINT32 [http\\_server\\_state::fpoint](#)

File pointer.

Pointer to a current position inside the file that is beeing sent over the appropriate HTTP session.

Definition at line 87 of file http\_server.h.

### UINT32 [http\\_server\\_state::fstart](#)

File start.

This variable holds information about the file start address. This is highlyconfiguration-dependant (file system chosen, etc..)

**File address can not start from zero!!! (Data won't be sent by HTTP server in this case)**

Definition at line 72 of file http\_server.h.

### UINT16 [http\\_server\\_state::funacked](#)

Number of unacknowledged HTTP bytes previously sent.

This variable holds information about the number of previously sent and still unacknowledged bytes. This is needed to reliably determine, in case data needs to be regenerated, how much bytes to regenerate or, in case data has been acknowledged, how much to advance the fpoint variable.

Definition at line 97 of file http\_server.h.



**UINT8 [http\\_server\\_state::ownersocket](#)**

TCP socket used for TCP communication.

This variable holds a handle to TCP socket that is used to achieve data transfer.

Definition at line 59 of file [http\\_server.h](#).

**UINT8 [http\\_server\\_state::state](#)**

Session state.

This variable holds current sessions' state which can be one of the following:

- [HTTPS\\_STATE\\_FREE](#)
- [HTTPS\\_STATE\\_RESERVED](#)
- [HTTPS\\_STATE\\_ACTIVE](#)

Definition at line 52 of file [http\\_server.h](#).

---

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [http\\_server.h](#)
- 

## ip\_frame Struct Reference

```
#include <ip.h>
```

---

### Detailed Description

IP datagram header fields.

This structure is used for holding information about various fields of the IPv4 header. In addition to standard IP header, `buf_index` variable has been added to store the information about the buffer address in the Ethernet controller from where upper layer protocols ( such as TCP, UDP or some other) can start reading their data. This is initialized by invoking `NETWORK_RECEIVED_INITIALIZE` macro with appropriate `buf_index` value.

For detailed explanation of the IPv4 header fields refer to RFC791.

Definition at line 110 of file [ip.h](#).

### Data Fields

- UINT8 [vihl](#)

- UINT8 [tos](#)
  - UINT16 [tlen](#)
  - UINT16 [id](#)
  - UINT16 [frags](#)
  - UINT8 [ttl](#)
  - UINT8 [protocol](#)
  - UINT16 [checksum](#)
  - UINT32 [sip](#)
  - UINT32 [dip](#)
  - UINT8 [opt](#) [MAX\_IP\_OPTLEN+1]
  - UINT16 [buf\\_index](#)
- 

## Field Documentation

### UINT16 [ip\\_frame::buf\\_index](#)

Next offset from the start of network buffer

Definition at line 123 of file ip.h.

### UINT16 [ip\\_frame::checksum](#)

Header Checksum

Definition at line 119 of file ip.h.

### UINT32 [ip\\_frame::dip](#)

Destination IP address

Definition at line 121 of file ip.h.

### UINT16 [ip\\_frame::frags](#)

Flags & Fragment offset

Definition at line 116 of file ip.h.

### UINT16 [ip\\_frame::id](#)

IP Identification number

Definition at line 115 of file ip.h.

### UINT8 [ip\\_frame::opt](#)[MAX\_IP\_OPTLEN + 1]

Option field

Definition at line 122 of file ip.h.

**UINT8 [ip\\_frame::protocol](#)**

Protocol over IP

Definition at line 118 of file ip.h.

**UINT32 [ip\\_frame::sip](#)**

Source IP address

Definition at line 120 of file ip.h.

**UINT16 [ip\\_frame::tlen](#)**

Total Length

Definition at line 114 of file ip.h.

**UINT8 [ip\\_frame::tos](#)**

Type Of Service

Definition at line 113 of file ip.h.

**UINT8 [ip\\_frame::ttl](#)**

Time to live

Definition at line 117 of file ip.h.

**UINT8 [ip\\_frame::vhl](#)**

Version & Header Length field

Definition at line 112 of file ip.h.

---

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [ip.h](#)

---

## MBUF Struct Reference

```
#include <mBuf.h>
```

### Data Fields

- INT16 [status](#)

- INT16 [len](#)
  - UINT8 \* [working\\_ptr](#)
  - UINT8 \* [data](#)
- 

## Field Documentation

### UINT8\* [MBUF::data](#)

Definition at line 28 of file mBuf.h.

### INT16 [MBUF::len](#)

Definition at line 26 of file mBuf.h.

### INT16 [MBUF::status](#)

Definition at line 25 of file mBuf.h.

### UINT8\* [MBUF::working\\_ptr](#)

Definition at line 27 of file mBuf.h.

---

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [mBuf.h](#)
- 

## netif Struct Reference

```
#include <system.h>
```

---

## Detailed Description

Network Interface declaration.

This structure holds information about the network interface. This means that all of the network-related information are stored in this kind of structure.

Definition at line 42 of file system.h.

## Data Fields

- LWORD [localip](#)  
*IP address of a device.*
  - BYTE [localHW](#) [6]  
*Ethernet address given to a device.*
  - LWORD [defgw](#)  
*Default network gateway.*
  - LWORD [netmask](#)  
*Network submask.*
- 

## Field Documentation

### LWORD [netif::defgw](#)

Default network gateway.

IP address of a default network gateway. This is needed if the device is to communicate with the outside network (Internet) and not only intranet.

Definition at line 79 of file system.h.

### BYTE [netif::localHW](#)[6]

Ethernet address given to a device.

This array holds an Ethernet address assigned to a device. Note that these must be unique so if you're shipping your product to outside world you must purchase sufficient address range.

Definition at line 71 of file system.h.

### LWORD [netif::localip](#)

IP address of a device.

IP address of a happy device using OpenTCP :-). This must hold proper-value IP address in order for the networking stuff to work.

Possible scenarios for filling this field are:

- By assigning static IP address to a device always after reset
- By allowing user to choose IP address by some tool (e.g. through serial communication, storing that information to some external flash,...)
- By using BOOTP or DHCP clients for obtaining dynamically assigned address
- By obtaining the IP address from the first ICMP packet the device receives

First three approaches can also be used for obtaining gateway and subnet-mask information.

Definition at line 62 of file system.h.

#### **LWORD** [netif::netmask](#)

Network submask.

Network submask. Also needed if the the device is to communicate with the outside network. Used when determining whether the host we're sending some data to is on the local network (send data directly) or not (send through gateway).

Definition at line 88 of file system.h.

---

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [system.h](#)

---

## **pop3c\_struct Struct Reference**

```
#include <pop3_client.h>
```

---

### **Detailed Description**

POP3 client structure.

As expected this structure holds the fields that are needed for proper operation of the POP3 client. Refer to documentation of the fields to get more information about them.

Definition at line 85 of file pop3\_client.h.

### **Data Fields**

- UINT8 [state](#)
- UINT32 [remip](#)
- UINT16 [remport](#)
- INT8 [sochandle](#)
- UINT8 [tmrhandle](#)
- UINT8 [unacked](#)
- UINT16 [msgtotal](#)
- UINT16 [curmsgindex](#)
- UINT32 [curmsgtotlen](#)
- UINT16 [curmsgghlen](#)
- UINT8 [headerbuf](#) [9]
- UINT8 [charsinheaderbuf](#)

- UINT8 [from](#) [POP3C\_SENDEMAXLEN]
  - UINT8 [subject](#) [POP3C\_SUBJECTMAXLEN]
- 

## Field Documentation

### UINT8 [pop3c\\_struct::charsinheaderbuf](#)

Number of valid chars in headerbuf

Definition at line 98 of file pop3\_client.h.

### UINT16 [pop3c\\_struct::curmsghlen](#)

Header length of current message

Definition at line 96 of file pop3\_client.h.

### UINT16 [pop3c\\_struct::curmsgindex](#)

Index of current message

Definition at line 94 of file pop3\_client.h.

### UINT32 [pop3c\\_struct::curmsgtotlen](#)

Total length of current message

Definition at line 95 of file pop3\_client.h.

### UINT8 [pop3c\\_struct::from](#)[POP3C\_SENDEMAXLEN]

Sender of E-mail

Definition at line 99 of file pop3\_client.h.

### UINT8 [pop3c\\_struct::headerbuf](#)[9]

Used to parse from,to,subject

Definition at line 97 of file pop3\_client.h.

### UINT16 [pop3c\\_struct::msgtotal](#)

Number of messages in message box

Definition at line 93 of file pop3\_client.h.

### UINT32 [pop3c\\_struct::remip](#)

Remote IP of POP3 server

Definition at line 88 of file pop3\_client.h.

#### **UINT16 [pop3c\\_struct::remport](#)**

Remote port of POP3 server

Definition at line 89 of file pop3\_client.h.

#### **INT8 [pop3c\\_struct::sochandle](#)**

Handle to TCP socket

Definition at line 90 of file pop3\_client.h.

#### **UINT8 [pop3c\\_struct::state](#)**

State of POP3 client state machine

Definition at line 87 of file pop3\_client.h.

#### **UINT8 [pop3c\\_struct::subject](#)[POP3C\_SUBJECTMAXLEN]**

Subject of E-mail

Definition at line 100 of file pop3\_client.h.

#### **UINT8 [pop3c\\_struct::tmrhandle](#)**

Handle to timer

Definition at line 91 of file pop3\_client.h.

#### **UINT8 [pop3c\\_struct::unacked](#)**

Do we have unacked data or not?

Definition at line 92 of file pop3\_client.h.

---

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [pop3\\_client.h](#)
- 

## **tcb Struct Reference**

```
#include <tcp_ip.h>
```

---



## Detailed Description

TCP transmission control block.

This structure holds various fields used to keep track of TCP socket states, settings and event listener function. It is needed to ensure proper operation of TCP state machine and TCP connections based on it.

Definition at line 589 of file tcp\_ip.h.

## Data Fields

- `UINT8 state`  
*State of the TCP socket [entry].*
  - `UINT8 type`  
*type of the TCP socket*
  - `UINT8 flags`
  - `UINT32 rem\_ip`
  - `UINT16 remport`
  - `UINT16 locport`
  - `UINT32 send\_unacked`
  - `UINT8 myflags`
  - `UINT32 send\_next`
  - `UINT16 send\_mtu`
  - `UINT16 tout`
  - `UINT8 tos`
  - `UINT32 receive\_next`
  - `UINT16 persist\_timerh`
  - `UINT16 retransmit\_timerh`
  - `UINT8 retries\_left`
  - `INT32(* event\_listener)(INT8, UINT8, UINT32, UINT32)`  
*TCP socket application event listener.*
- 

## Field Documentation

**INT32(\* [tcb::event\\_listener](#))(INT8, UINT8, UINT32, UINT32)**

TCP socket application event listener.

Pointer to an event listener - a callback function used by TCP/IP stack to notify application about certain events.

**UINT8 [tcb::flags](#)**

State machine flags

Definition at line 622 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**UINT16 [tcb::locport](#)**

Local TCP port

Definition at line 625 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**UINT8 [tcb::myflags](#)**

My flags to be Txed

Definition at line 627 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**UINT16 [tcb::persist\\_timerh](#)**

Persistent timers' handle

Definition at line 633 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**UINT32 [tcb::receive\\_next](#)**

Definition at line 632 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**UINT32 [tcb::rem\\_ip](#)**

Remote IP address

Definition at line 623 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**UINT16 [tcb::remport](#)**

Remote TCP port

Definition at line 624 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**UINT16 [tcb::retransmit\\_timerh](#)**

Retransmission timers' handle

Definition at line 634 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**UINT8 [tcb::retries\\_left](#)**

Number of retries left before aborting

Definition at line 635 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**UINT16 [tcb::send\\_mtu](#)**

Definition at line 629 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**UINT32 [tcb::send\\_next](#)**

Definition at line 628 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**UINT32 [tcb::send\\_unacked](#)**

Definition at line 626 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**UINT8 [tcb::state](#)**

State of the TCP socket [entry].

This variable holds information used by the OpenTCP to manage sockets as well as information needed to manage TCP connection. Possible values are:

- TCP\_STATE\_FREE
- TCP\_STATE\_RESERVED
- TCP\_STATE\_CLOSED
- TCP\_STATE\_LISTENING
- TCP\_STATE\_SYN\_RECEIVED
- TCP\_STATE\_SYN\_SENT
- TCP\_STATE\_FINW1
- TCP\_STATE\_FINW2
- TCP\_STATE\_CLOSING
- TCP\_STATE\_LAST\_ACK
- TCP\_STATE\_TIMED\_WAIT
- TCP\_STATE\_CONNECTED

Definition at line 609 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**UINT8 [tcb::tos](#)**

Type of service allocated

Definition at line 631 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**UINT16 [tcb::tout](#)**

Socket idle timeout (seconds)

Definition at line 630 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**UINT8 [tcb::type](#)**

type of the TCP socket

Defines type of the TCP socket allocated. This determines how connection is established/closed in some cases. Possible values are:

- TCP\_TYPE\_NONE
- TCP\_TYPE\_SERVER
- TCP\_TYPE\_CLIENT
- TCP\_TYPE\_CLIENT\_SERVER

Definition at line 621 of file tcp\_ip.h.

---

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [tcp\\_ip.h](#)

---

## tcp\_frame Struct Reference

```
#include <tcp_ip.h>
```

---

### Detailed Description

TCP header information.

This structure holds header fields from the received TCP packet.

In addition to standard header fields, buf\_index field has been added allowing applications to re-read the received data many times by reinitializing reading based on the address stored in this field.

Definition at line 564 of file tcp\_ip.h.

### Data Fields

- UINT16 [sport](#)
  - UINT16 [dport](#)
  - UINT32 [seqno](#)
  - UINT32 [ackno](#)
  - UINT16 [hlen\\_flags](#)
  - UINT16 [window](#)
  - UINT16 [checksum](#)
  - UINT16 [urgent](#)
  - UINT8 [opt](#) [MAX\_TCP\_OPTLEN+1]
  - UINT16 [buf\\_index](#)
-

## Field Documentation

### UINT32 [tcp\\_frame::ackno](#)

Acknowledgement number

Definition at line 569 of file tcp\_ip.h.

### UINT16 [tcp\\_frame::buf\\_index](#)

Next offset from the start of network buffer

Definition at line 575 of file tcp\_ip.h.

### UINT16 [tcp\\_frame::checksum](#)

TCP packet checksum

Definition at line 572 of file tcp\_ip.h.

### UINT16 [tcp\\_frame::dport](#)

Destination port

Definition at line 567 of file tcp\_ip.h.

### UINT16 [tcp\\_frame::hlen\\_flags](#)

Header length and flags

Definition at line 570 of file tcp\_ip.h.

### UINT8 [tcp\\_frame::opt](#)[MAX\_TCP\_OPTLEN + 1]

Option field

Definition at line 574 of file tcp\_ip.h.

### UINT32 [tcp\\_frame::seqno](#)

Sequence number

Definition at line 568 of file tcp\_ip.h.

### UINT16 [tcp\\_frame::sport](#)

Source port

Definition at line 566 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**UINT16 [tcp\\_frame::urgent](#)**

Urgent pointer

Definition at line 573 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**UINT16 [tcp\\_frame::window](#)**

Size of window

Definition at line 571 of file tcp\_ip.h.

---

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [tcp\\_ip.h](#)
- 

## TEthernetFrame Struct Reference

```
#include <ne64api.h>
```

### Data Fields

- UINT8 [destination](#) [ETH\_ADDRS\_LEN]
  - UINT8 [source](#) [ETH\_ADDRS\_LEN]
  - UINT16 [frame\\_size](#)
  - UINT16 [protocol](#)
  - UINT16 [buf\\_index](#)
- 

### Field Documentation

**UINT16 [TEthernetFrame::buf\\_index](#)**

Address in the Ethernet controllers buffer where data can be read from

Definition at line 37 of file ne64api.h.

**UINT8 [TEthernetFrame::destination](#)[ETH\_ADDRS\_LEN]**

destination hardware address as read from the received ethernet packet

Definition at line 24 of file ne64api.h.

**UINT16 [TEthernetFrame::frame\\_size](#)**

size of the received Ethernet packet

Definition at line 30 of file ne64api.h.

#### UINT16 [TEthernetFrame::protocol](#)

protocol field of the Ethernet header. For now we work with:

- PROTOCOL\_IP - 0x0800
- PROTOCOL\_ARP - 0x0806

Definition at line 32 of file ne64api.h.

#### UINT8 [TEthernetFrame::source](#)[ETH\_ADDRS\_LEN]

source hardware address as read from the received ethernet packet

Definition at line 27 of file ne64api.h.

---

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [ne64api.h](#)
- 

## TFileEntry Struct Reference

```
#include <FileSys.h>
```

### Data Fields

- unsigned char [hash](#)
  - const unsigned char \* [file\\_start\\_address](#)
  - unsigned short [file\\_length](#)
- 

### Field Documentation

#### unsigned short [TFileEntry::file\\_length](#)

Definition at line 20 of file FileSys.h.

#### const unsigned char\* [TFileEntry::file\\_start\\_address](#)

Definition at line 19 of file FileSys.h.

unsigned char [TFileEntry::hash](#)

Definition at line 18 of file FileSys.h.

---

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [FileSys.h](#)

---

## tFRHEAD Struct Reference

### Data Fields

- tU08 [da](#) [6]
- tU08 [sa](#) [6]
- tU16 [ft](#)

---

### Field Documentation

tU08 [tFRHEAD::da](#)[6]

destination address

Definition at line 39 of file ne64driver.c.

tU16 [tFRHEAD::ft](#)

frame type

Definition at line 41 of file ne64driver.c.

tU08 [tFRHEAD::sa](#)[6]

source address

Definition at line 40 of file ne64driver.c.

---

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [ne64driver.c](#)
-



## ucb Struct Reference

```
#include <tcp_ip.h>
```

---

### Detailed Description

UDP control block.

This structure holds various fields used to keep track of UDP socket states, settings and event listener function.

Definition at line 506 of file tcp\_ip.h.

### Data Fields

- [UINT8 state](#)  
*State of socket entry.*
  - [UINT8 tos](#)  
*Type of service allocated for a socket.*
  - [UINT16 locport](#)
  - [UINT8 opts](#)  
*Socket options.*
  - [INT8](#)  
*UDP socket application event listener.*
  - [UINT8](#)  
*UDP socket application event listener.*
  - [UINT32](#)  
*UDP socket application event listener.*
  - [UINT16](#)  
*UDP socket application event listener.*
-

## Field Documentation

### [ucb::INT8](#)

UDP socket application event listener.

Pointer to a event listener - a callback function used by TCP/IP stack to notify application about certain events.

Definition at line 547 of file tcp\_ip.h.

### [UINT16 ucb::locport](#)

Local UDP port of Socket

Definition at line 525 of file tcp\_ip.h.

### [UINT8 ucb::opts](#)

Socket options.

Currently, this holds information about checksum calculation options. Can be one of the following:

- UDP\_OPT\_NONE - checksum calculation not performed
- UDP\_OPT\_SEND\_CS - checksum is calculated for outgoing UDP packets
- UDP\_OPT\_CHECK\_CS - checksum is checked for incoming UDP packets
- UDP\_OPT\_SEND\_CS | UDP\_OPT\_CHECK\_CS - both checksum calculations are enabled

Definition at line 539 of file tcp\_ip.h.

### [UINT8 ucb::state](#)

State of socket entry.

This variable holds state of a particular UDP socket entry in the UDP socket table. Following values are possible:

- UDP\_STATE\_FREE
- UDP\_STATE\_CLOSED
- UDP\_STATE\_OPENED

Definition at line 516 of file tcp\_ip.h.

### [UINT8 ucb::tos](#)

Type of service allocated for a socket.

For now no services implemented so this value is not important.

Definition at line 523 of file tcp\_ip.h.

### [ucb::UINT16](#)

UDP socket application event listener.

Pointer to a event listener - a callback function used by TCP/IP stack to notify application about certain events.

Definition at line 547 of file tcp\_ip.h.

### [ucb::UINT32](#)

UDP socket application event listener.

Pointer to a event listener - a callback function used by TCP/IP stack to notify application about certain events.

Definition at line 547 of file tcp\_ip.h.

### [ucb::UINT8](#)

UDP socket application event listener.

Pointer to a event listener - a callback function used by TCP/IP stack to notify application about certain events.

Definition at line 547 of file tcp\_ip.h.

---

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [tcp\\_ip.h](#)

---

## udp\_frame Struct Reference

```
#include <tcp_ip.h>
```

---

### Detailed Description

UDP header information.

This structures' fields are used to hold information about the headers of the received UDP packet.

In addition to standard UDP header fields, buf\_index field has been added allowing applications to re-read the received data many times by reinitializing reading based on the address stored in this field.

Definition at line 488 of file tcp\_ip.h.

## Data Fields

- UINT16 [sport](#)
  - UINT16 [dport](#)
  - UINT16 [tlen](#)
  - UINT16 [checksum](#)
  - UINT16 [buf\\_index](#)
- 

## Field Documentation

### UINT16 [udp\\_frame::buf\\_index](#)

Data offset from the start of network buffer

Definition at line 494 of file tcp\_ip.h.

### UINT16 [udp\\_frame::checksum](#)

UDP checksum

Definition at line 493 of file tcp\_ip.h.

### UINT16 [udp\\_frame::dport](#)

Destination port

Definition at line 491 of file tcp\_ip.h.

### UINT16 [udp\\_frame::sport](#)

Source port

Definition at line 490 of file tcp\_ip.h.

### UINT16 [udp\\_frame::tlen](#)

total len (UDP part)

Definition at line 492 of file tcp\_ip.h.

---

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [tcp\\_ip.h](#)
- 

## uMACADUnion Union Reference

### Data Fields

- tU16 [Word](#) [3]
  - tU08 [Byte](#) [6]
- 

### Field Documentation

#### tU08 [uMACADUnion::Byte](#)[6]

Definition at line 34 of file ne64driver.c.

#### tU16 [uMACADUnion::Word](#)[3]

Definition at line 33 of file ne64driver.c.

---

The documentation for this union was generated from the following file:

- [ne64driver.c](#)
- 

## uMCHASHUnion Union Reference

### Data Fields

- tU16 [Word](#) [4]
  - tU08 [Byte](#) [8]
- 

### Field Documentation

#### tU08 [uMCHASHUnion::Byte](#)[8]

Definition at line 28 of file ne64driver.c.

#### tU16 [uMCHASHUnion::Word](#)[4]

Definition at line 27 of file ne64driver.c.

---

The documentation for this union was generated from the following file:

- [ne64driver.c](#)

---

## OpenTCP TCP/IP Stack for MC9S12NE64 File Documentation

### address.c File Reference

```
#include "MOTYPES.h"
```

#### Variables

- const tU08 [hard\\_addr](#) [6] = { 0x01, 0x23, 0x45, 0x56, 0x78, 0x9a }
  - const tU08 [prot\\_addr](#) [4] = { 192, 168, 2, 3 }
  - const tU08 [netw\\_mask](#) [4] = { 255, 255, 255, 0 }
  - const tU08 [dfgw\\_addr](#) [4] = { 192, 168, 2, 1 }
  - const tU08 [brcs\\_addr](#) [4] = { 192, 168, 2, 255 }
- 

#### Variable Documentation

**const tU08 [brcs\\_addr](#)[4] = { 192, 168, 2, 255 }**

IP subnet broadcast

Definition at line 22 of file address.c.

**const tU08 [dfgw\\_addr](#)[4] = { 192, 168, 2, 1 }**

subnet default gateway IP addr

Definition at line 21 of file address.c.

**const tU08 [hard\\_addr](#)[6] = { 0x01, 0x23, 0x45, 0x56, 0x78, 0x9a }**

HW addr of our device

Definition at line 17 of file address.c.

**const tU08 [netw\\_mask](#)[4] = { 255, 255, 255, 0 }**

network mask

Definition at line 20 of file address.c.

```
const tU08 prot\_addr[4] = { 192, 168, 2, 3 }
```

IP addr of our device

Definition at line 19 of file address.c.

---

## address.h File Reference

### Defines

- #define [ip\\_address](#) [prot\\_addr](#)
- #define [ip\\_netmask](#) [netw\\_mask](#)
- #define [ip\\_gateway](#) [dfgw\\_addr](#)

### Variables

- const tU08 [hard\\_addr](#) []
  - const tU08 [prot\\_addr](#) []
  - const tU08 [brcs\\_addr](#) []
  - const tU08 [netw\\_mask](#) []
  - const tU08 [dfgw\\_addr](#) []
- 

### Define Documentation

**#define ip\_address** [prot\\_addr](#)

Definition at line 25 of file address.h.

**#define ip\_gateway** [dfgw\\_addr](#)

Definition at line 27 of file address.h.

**#define ip\_netmask** [netw\\_mask](#)

Definition at line 26 of file address.h.

---

## Variable Documentation

### **const tU08 [brcs\\_addr](#)[]**

IP subnet broadcast

Definition at line 21 of file address.h.

### **const tU08 [dfgw\\_addr](#)[]**

subnet default gateway IP addr

Definition at line 23 of file address.h.

### **const tU08 [hard\\_addr](#)[]**

HW addr of our device

Definition at line 19 of file address.h.

### **const tU08 [netw\\_mask](#)[]**

network mask

Definition at line 22 of file address.h.

### **const tU08 [prot\\_addr](#)[]**

IP addr of our device

Definition at line 20 of file address.h.

---

## arp.c File Reference

```
#include "debug.h"
#include "ethernet.h"
#include "arp.h"
#include "timers.h"
```

## Functions

- `UINT8 process\_arp (struct ethernet\_frame *frame)`



*Process and analyze the received ARP packet.*

- void [arp\\_send\\_response](#) (void)  
*Send response to an ARP request.*
- void [arp\\_get\\_response](#) (void)  
*Extract data from the received ARP packet.*
- void [arp\\_send\\_req](#) (UINT8 entry)  
*Send ARP request based on information in an ARP cache table.*
- INT8 [arp\\_alloc](#) (UINT8 type)  
*Allocate ARP entry in ARP cache table.*
- INT8 [arp\\_add](#) (UINT32 pra, UINT8 \*hwadr, UINT8 type)  
*Add given IP address and MAC address to ARP cache.*
- [arp\\_entry](#) \* [arp\\_find](#) (LWORD pra, struct [netif](#) \*machine, UINT8 type)  
*Find an ARP entry given a protocol address.*
- void [arp\\_manage](#) (void)  
*Manage ARP cache periodically.*
- void [arp\\_init](#) (void)  
*Initialize data structures for ARP processing.*
- BYTE [is\\_subnet](#) (LWORD ipadr, struct [netif](#) \*machine)  
*Checks if a given IP address belongs to the subnet of a given machine.*

## Variables

- [arp\\_entry](#) [arp\\_table](#) [ARP\_TSIZE]  
*ARP cache table holding ARP\_TSIZE cache values.*
- UINT8 [arp\\_timer](#)  
*ARP timer handle used for measuring timeouts, doing retransmissions,..*

## Function Documentation

### INT8 arp\_add (UINT32 *pra*, UINT8 \* *hwadr*, UINT8 *type*)

Add given IP address and MAC address to ARP cache.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

10.07.2002

**Parameters:**

*pra* - protocol address (assumed IPv4)

*hwadr* - pointer to Ethernet MAC address (6 bytes)

*type* - type of address allocated if not found. Can be one of the following:

- [ARP\\_FIXED\\_IP](#)
- [ARP\\_TEMP\\_IP](#)

**Returns:**

- 0 - Address already in cache. Refreshed.
- 1 - New entry in ARP cache created

New IP address is added to ARP cache based on the information supplied to function as parameters.

Definition at line 501 of file arp.c.

### INT8 arp\_alloc (UINT8 *type*)

Allocate ARP entry in ARP cache table.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

1.11.2001

**Parameters:**

*type* Type of ARP cache entry beeing allocated. Can be one of the following:

- [ARP\\_FIXED\\_IP](#)
- [ARP\\_TEMP\\_IP](#)

**Returns:**

>=0 - pointer to allocated ARP entry (actaully index in the ARP cache table)  
 Allocate arp entry for given type. Chooses the unused entry if one exists. Otherwise deletes entries in round-robin fashion.  
 Definition at line 415 of file arp.c.

**struct [arp\\_entry](#)\* arp\_find (LWORD *pra*, struct [netif](#) \* *machine*, UINT8 *type*)**

Find an ARP entry given a protocol address.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

01.11.2001

**Parameters:**

*pra* - Protocol address (IPv4)  
*machine* - Pointer to configuration of network interface used  
*type* - Type of address allocated if not found. Can be one of the following:

- [ARP\\_FIXED\\_IP](#)
- [ARP\\_TEMP\\_IP](#)

**Returns:**

- 0 - ARP entry not found or not ready yet (waiting for ARP response)
  - struct [arp\\_entry](#)\* - pointer to solved entry of ARP cache table
- This function tries to resolve IPv4 address by checking the ARP cache table and sending ARP requested if needed.

Definition at line 588 of file arp.c.

**void arp\_get\_response (void)**

Extract data from the received ARP packet.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

10.07.2002

**Warning:**

- This function starts reading data from Ethernet controller without initializing it for reading it first, so NIC must already be initialized for reading from correct address (it expects ar\$sha field from ARP packet immediately)

This function is invoked from [process\\_arp\(\)](#) function when ARP reply packet is detected. Basic checking is performed to see if the packet is intended for us, and if it is, ARP cache table is checked and corresponding entry is refreshed (resolved).

Definition at line 245 of file arp.c.

**void arp\_init (void)**

Initialize data structures for ARP processing.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

01.11.2001

**Warning:**

- Invoke this function at start-up to properly initialize ARP cache subsystem.

Call this function to properly initialize ARP cache table and so that ARP allocates and initializes a timer for it's use.

Definition at line 859 of file arp.c.

**void arp\_manage (void)**

Manage ARP cache periodically.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

04.11.2001

**Warning:**

- Invoke this function periodically to ensure proper ARP cache behaviour  
Iterate through ARP cache aging entries. If timed-out entry is found, remove it (dynamic address) or update it (static address). This function must be called periodically by the system.

Definition at line 734 of file arp.c.

### **void arp\_send\_req (UINT8 entry)**

Send ARP request based on information in an ARP cache table.

#### **Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### **Date:**

1.11.2001

#### **Parameters:**

*entry* Index of ARP cache entry that is beeing resolved

Invoked from [arp\\_find\(\)](#) and [arp\\_manage\(\)](#) functions, arp\_send\_request creates ARP request packet based on data stored in the ARP cache entry who's index is given as a parameter.

Definition at line 332 of file arp.c.

### **void arp\_send\_response (void)**

Send response to an ARP request.

#### **Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### **Date:**

10.07.2002

#### **Warning:**

- This function starts reading data from Ethernet controller without initializing it for reading it first, so NIC must already be initialized for reading from correct address (it expects ar\$sha field from ARP packet immediately)

This function is invoked from [process\\_arp\(\)](#) function in order to send a reply to an ARP request. First, incoming packet is checked to see if it is intended for us or not. If not, function does not do anything. Otherwise, ARP reply packet is formed and sent.

Definition at line 120 of file arp.c.

**BYTE is\_subnet (LWORD *ipadr*, struct [netif](#) \* *machine*)**

Checks if a given IP address belongs to the subnet of a given machine.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

05.11.2001

**Parameters:**

*ipadr* - IP address under check

*machine* - pointer to configuration of network parameters used

**Returns:**

- [TRUE](#) - *ipadr* belongs to subnet of given machine
- [FALSE](#) - *ipadr* is NOT a part of subnet of given machine

Based on information supplied in *ipadr* and *machine* parameters this function performs basic check if IP address is on the same subnet as the one defined for the machine.

Definition at line 909 of file arp.c.

**UINT8 process\_arp (struct [ethernet\\_frame](#) \* *frame*)**

Process and analyze the received ARP packet.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

10.07.2002

**Parameters:**

*frame* Pointer to [ethernet\\_frame](#) structure containing information about the received frame

**Returns:**

Return [TRUE](#) if Ethernet frame processed held ARP packet, otherwise [FALSE](#).

Invoke `process_arp` function whenever ARP packet is received (see `main_demo.c` for an example loop). This function will process the received packet, analyze it's content briefly and perform on of the two possible actions:

- If the received packet is ARP request it will invoke `arp_send_reply` in order to send ARP reply back
- If the received packet is ARP response it will iterate through the cache table and try to find ARP entry that is being resolved or refreshed

Definition at line 45 of file `arp.c`.

---

## Variable Documentation

### struct [arp\\_entry](#) [arp\\_table](#)[ARP\_TSIZE]

ARP cache table holding ARP\_TSIZE cache values.

ARP cache table is an array of [arp\\_entry](#) structures holding all of the necessary information about the state, timeouts and hardware/IP addresses of individual entries. By modifying the [ARP\\_TSIZE](#), cache size can be changed and thus RAM memory occupied by the ARP cache significantly reduced or increased. See [arp\\_entry](#) definition for more information about struct fields.

Definition at line 15 of file `arp.c`.

### UINT8 [arp\\_timer](#)

ARP timer handle used for measuring timeouts, doing retransmissions,...

ARP module uses this timer handle to detect that a certain period of time has expired (defined by the value of [ARP\\_MANG\\_TOUT](#)) and that cache entries should be examined to see what to do with them.

Definition at line 23 of file `arp.c`.

---

## arp.h File Reference

```
#include "datatypes.h"
```

### Data Structures

- struct [arp\\_entry](#)  
*ARP packet header fields.*

## Defines

- #define [MAXHWALEN](#) 6
- #define [MAXPRALEN](#) 4
- #define [ARP\\_TSIZE](#) 10  
*ARP cache size (number of entries).*
- #define [ARP\\_TIMEOUT](#) 60  
*ARP cache entry refresh period (in seconds).*
- #define [ARP\\_RESEND](#) 2  
*ARP Request resend period (in seconds).*
- #define [ARP\\_MAXRETRY](#) 5  
*Number of IP address resolving retries.*
- #define [AR\\_HARDWARE](#) 0x0001
- #define [ARP\\_ETHCODE](#) 0x0806
- #define [ARP\\_REQUEST](#) 1
- #define [ARP\\_REPLY](#) 2
- #define [ARP\\_MANG\\_TOUT](#) 1
- #define [ARP\\_FREE](#) 0
- #define [ARP\\_RESERVED](#) 1
- #define [ARP\\_PENDING](#) 2
- #define [ARP\\_RESOLVED](#) 3
- #define [ARP\\_REFRESHING](#) 4
- #define [ARP\\_FIXED\\_IP](#) 0
- #define [ARP\\_TEMP\\_IP](#) 1

## Functions

- void [arp\\_init](#) (void)  
*Initialize data structures for ARP processing.*
- [arp\\_entry](#) \* [arpfind](#) (LWORD, struct [netif](#) \*, UINT8)
- INT8 [arp\\_alloc](#) (UINT8)  
*Allocate ARP entry in ARP cache table.*
- void [arp\\_send\\_req](#) (UINT8)  
*Send ARP request based on information in an ARP cache table.*
- [arp\\_entry](#) \* [arp\\_find](#) (LWORD, struct [netif](#) \*, UINT8)  
*Find an ARP entry given a protocol address.*
- void [arp\\_manage](#) (void)  
*Manage ARP cache periodically.*



- BYTE [is\\_subnet](#) (LWORD, struct [netif](#) \*)  
*Checks if a given IP address belongs to the subnet of a given machine.*
  - BYTE [process\\_arp](#) (struct [ethernet\\_frame](#) \*)  
*Process and analyze the received ARP packet.*
  - void [arp\\_send\\_response](#) (void)  
*Send response to an ARP request.*
  - void [arp\\_get\\_response](#) (void)  
*Extract data from the received ARP packet.*
  - void [arp\\_send\\_request](#) (void)
  - INT8 [arp\\_add](#) (UINT32, UINT8 \*, UINT8)  
*Add given IP address and MAC address to ARP cache.*
- 

## Define Documentation

### **#define AR\_HARDWARE 0x0001**

Definition at line 66 of file arp.h.

### **#define ARP\_ETHCODE 0x0806**

Definition at line 67 of file arp.h.

### **#define ARP\_FIXED\_IP 0**

For Fixed addresses like GW. Entry is refreshed after ttl

Definition at line 130 of file arp.h.

### **#define ARP\_FREE 0**

Entry is Unused (initial value)

Definition at line 120 of file arp.h.

### **#define ARP\_MANG\_TOUT 1**

Definition at line 72 of file arp.h.

**#define ARP\_MAXRETRY 5**

Number of IP address resolving retries.

Change this number to change number of times ARP module will resend ARP requests before giving up (if no ARP reply is received).

Definition at line 61 of file arp.h.

**#define ARP\_PENDING 2**

Entry is used but incomplete

Definition at line 122 of file arp.h.

**#define ARP\_REFRESHING 4**

Entry is being refreshed

Definition at line 124 of file arp.h.

**#define ARP\_REPLY 2**

Definition at line 70 of file arp.h.

**#define ARP\_REQUEST 1**

Definition at line 69 of file arp.h.

**#define ARP\_RESEND 2**

ARP Request resend period (in seconds).

Change this number to determine how quickly will ARP module issue ARP requests.

Changing this values changes the amount time that will elapse before ARP module resends it's ARP request in case no response has been received. Change this number according to expected network latency and desired resolving speed.

Definition at line 52 of file arp.h.

**#define ARP\_RESERVED 1**

Entry is reserved (allocated)

Definition at line 121 of file arp.h.

**#define ARP\_RESOLVED 3**

Entry has been resolved

Definition at line 123 of file arp.h.

**#define ARP\_TEMP\_IP 1**

For Temporary addresses. Entry is removed after ttl  
Definition at line 131 of file arp.h.

**#define ARP\_TIMEOUT 60**

ARP cache entry refresh period (in seconds).  
Change this number to change refresh period of ARP cache entries.  
Changing this values changes the amount of ARP refreshes performed and thus can change processing power used when refreshing the entries.  
Definition at line 37 of file arp.h.

**#define ARP\_TSIZE 10**

ARP cache size (number of entries).  
Change this number to change ARP cache size (number of cached ARP:IP address pairs).  
Changing this values affects memory consumption as well as processing power needed to manage the ARP cache. If a device communicates with a limited number of hosts, this cache size may be smaller, thus reducing memory requirements. Small cache size may, however, reduce performance when communicating with more hosts than there are cache entries available.  
Definition at line 26 of file arp.h.

**#define MAXHWLEN 6**

Maximum HW address Length (6=Eth)  
Definition at line 9 of file arp.h.

**#define MAXPRALEN 4**

Maximum Protocol adr.len (4=IPv4)  
Definition at line 10 of file arp.h.

## Function Documentation

**INT8 arp\_add (UINT32 *pra*, UINT8 \* *hwadr*, UINT8 *type*)**

Add given IP address and MAC address to ARP cache.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

10.07.2002

**Parameters:**

*pra* - protocol address (assumed IPv4)

*hwadr* - pointer to Ethernet MAC address (6 bytes)

*type* - type of address allocated if not found. Can be one of the following:

- [ARP\\_FIXED\\_IP](#)
- [ARP\\_TEMP\\_IP](#)

**Returns:**

- 0 - Address already in cache. Refreshed.
- 1 - New entry in ARP cache created

New IP address is added to ARP cache based on the information supplied to function as parameters.

Definition at line 501 of file arp.c.

**INT8 arp\_alloc (UINT8 type)**

Allocate ARP entry in ARP cache table.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

1.11.2001

**Parameters:**

*type* Type of ARP cache entry beeing allocated. Can be one of the following:

- [ARP\\_FIXED\\_IP](#)
- [ARP\\_TEMP\\_IP](#)

**Returns:**

$\geq 0$  - pointer to allocated ARP entry (actaully index in the ARP cache table)

Allocate arp entry for given type. Chooses the unused entry if one exists. Otherwise deletes entries in round-robin fashion.

Definition at line 415 of file arp.c.

**struct [arp\\_entry](#)\* arp\_find (LWORD *pra*, struct [netif](#) \* *machine*, UINT8 *type*)**

Find an ARP entry given a protocol address.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

01.11.2001

**Parameters:**

*pra* - Protocol address (IPv4)

*machine* - Pointer to configuration of network interface used

*type* - Type of address allocated if not found. Can be one of the following:

- [ARP\\_FIXED\\_IP](#)
- [ARP\\_TEMP\\_IP](#)

**Returns:**

- 0 - ARP entry not found or not ready yet (waiting for ARP response)
- struct [arp\\_entry](#)\* - pointer to solved entry of ARP cache table

This function tries to resolve IPv4 address by checking the ARP cache table and sending ARP requested if needed.

Definition at line 588 of file arp.c.

**void arp\_get\_response (void)**

Extract data from the received ARP packet.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

10.07.2002

**Warning:**

- This function starts reading data from Ethernet controller without initializing it for reading it first, so NIC must already be initialized for reading from correct address (it expects ar\$sha field from ARP packet immediately)

This function is invoked from [process\\_arp\(\)](#) function when ARP reply packet is detected. Basic checking is performed to see if the packet is intended for us, and if it is, ARP cache table is checked and corresponding entry is refreshed (resolved).

Definition at line 245 of file arp.c.

### **void arp\_init (void)**

Initialize data structures for ARP processing.

#### **Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### **Date:**

01.11.2001

#### **Warning:**

- Invoke this function at start-up to properly initialize ARP cache subsystem.  
Call this function to properly initialize ARP cache table and so that ARP allocates and initializes a timer for it's use.

Definition at line 859 of file arp.c.

### **void arp\_manage (void)**

Manage ARP cache periodically.

#### **Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### **Date:**

04.11.2001

#### **Warning:**

- Invoke this function periodically to ensure proper ARP cache behaviour  
Iterate through ARP cache aging entries. If timed-out entry is found, remove it (dynamic address) or update it (static address). This function must be called periodically by the system.

Definition at line 734 of file arp.c.

**void arp\_send\_req (UINT8 entry)**

Send ARP request based on information in an ARP cache table.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

1.11.2001

**Parameters:**

*entry* Index of ARP cache entry that is being resolved

Invoked from [arp\\_find\(\)](#) and [arp\\_manage\(\)](#) functions, `arp_send_request` creates ARP request packet based on data stored in the ARP cache entry whose index is given as a parameter.

Definition at line 332 of file `arp.c`.

**void arp\_send\_request (void)****void arp\_send\_response (void)**

Send response to an ARP request.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

10.07.2002

**Warning:**

- This function starts reading data from Ethernet controller without initializing it for reading it first, so NIC must already be initialized for reading from correct address (it expects `ar$sha` field from ARP packet immediately)

This function is invoked from [process\\_arp\(\)](#) function in order to send a reply to an ARP request. First, incoming packet is checked to see if it is intended for us or not. If not, function does not do anything. Otherwise, ARP reply packet is formed and sent.

Definition at line 120 of file `arp.c`.

**struct [arp\\_entry](#)\* arpfind (LWORD, struct [netif](#) \*, UINT8)**

**BYTE is\_subnet (LWORD *ipadr*, struct [netif](#) \* *machine*)**

Checks if a given IP address belongs to the subnet of a given machine.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

05.11.2001

**Parameters:**

*ipadr* - IP address under check

*machine* - pointer to configuration of network parameters used

**Returns:**

- [TRUE](#) - *ipadr* belongs to subnet of given machine
- [FALSE](#) - *ipadr* is NOT a part of subnet of given machine

Based on information supplied in *ipadr* and *machine* parameters this function performs basic check if IP address is on the same subnet as the one defined for the machine.

Definition at line 909 of file arp.c.

**BYTE process\_arp (struct [ethernet\\_frame](#) \* *frame*)**

Process and analyze the received ARP packet.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

10.07.2002

**Parameters:**

*frame* Pointer to [ethernet\\_frame](#) structure containing information about the received frame

**Returns:**

Return [TRUE](#) if Ethernet frame processed held ARP packet, otherwise [FALSE](#).

Invoke `process_arp` function whenever ARP packet is received (see `main_demo.c` for an example loop). This function will process the received packet, analyze it's content briefly and perform on of the two possible actions:

- If the received packet is ARP request it will invoke `arp_send_reply` in order to send ARP reply back



- If the received packet is ARP response it will iterate through the cache table and try to find ARP entry that is being resolved or refreshed

Definition at line 45 of file arp.c.

---

## bootp.c File Reference

---

### Detailed Description

OpenTCP BOOTP client implementation.

#### Author:

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### Version:

1.0

#### Date:

10.7.2002

#### Bug:

#### Warning:

#### Todo:

- Offer callback for once the BOOTP client is definitely finished ([BOOTPC\\_STATE\\_REPLY\\_GET](#) state)

OpenTCP BOOTP client protocol implementation. Function declarations can be found in [bootp.h](#)

Definition in file [bootp.c](#).

```
#include "datatypes.h"
#include "system.h"
#include "timers.h"
#include "tcp_ip.h"
#include "bootp.h"
```

## Functions

- INT8 [bootpc\\_init](#) (UINT8 [mode](#))  
*Initializes BOOTP client.*
- void [bootpc\\_stop](#) (void)  
*Stop BOOTP client operation.*
- INT8 [bootpc\\_enable](#) (void)  
*Enable BOOTP client operation.*
- void [bootpc\\_run](#) (void)  
*BOOTP client main loop.*
- INT32 [bootpc\\_eventlistener](#) (INT8 cbhandle, UINT8 event, UINT32 [remip](#), UINT16 [remport](#), UINT16 [bufindex](#), UINT16 dlen)  
*BOOTP event listener.*

## Variables

- UINT8 [bootp\\_app\\_init](#) = 0
  - struct {
  - UINT8 **state**
  - UINT8 **mode**
  - INT8 **sochandle**
  - UINT16 **tmrhandle**
  - UINT16 **bootsecs**
  - } [bootp](#)  
*BOOTP client information.*
- 

## Function Documentation

### INT8 bootpc\_enable (void)

Enable BOOTP client operation.

#### Author:

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

09.10.2002

Invoke this function to enable BOOTP client operation.

Definition at line 164 of file bootp.c.

**INT32 bootpc\_eventlistener (INT8 *cbhandle*, UINT8 *event*, UINT32 *remip*, UINT16 *remport*,  
UINT16 *buffindex*, UINT16 *dlen*)**

BOOTP event listener.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

07.10.2002

**Parameters:**

*cbhandle* handle of the socket this packet is intended for.  
*event* event that is notified. For UDP, only UDP\_EVENT\_DATA.  
*ipaddr* IP address of remote host who sent the UDP datagram  
*port* port number of remote host who sent the UDP datagram  
*buffindex* buffer index in RTL8019AS

**Returns:**

- - 1 - error in processing
- >0 - BOOTP reply successfully processed

**Note:**

- Event listeners are NOT to be invoked directly. They are callback functions invoked by the TCP/IP stack to notify events.

Analyze received UDP packet and see if it contains what we need. If yes, get new network settings.

Definition at line 334 of file bootp.c.

**INT8 bootpc\_init (UINT8 *mode*)**

Initializes BOOTP client.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

19.07.2002

**Returns:**

- -1 - Error during initialization
- $\geq 0$  - OK

Invoke this function to initialize BOOTP client. This will also trigger BOOTP address-fetching procedure.

Definition at line 107 of file bootp.c.

**void bootpc\_run (void)**

BOOTP client main loop.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

07.10.2002

Main thread of the BOOTP client that should be invoked periodically.

Definition at line 182 of file bootp.c.

**void bootpc\_stop (void)**

Stop BOOTP client operation.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

09.10.2002

Invoke this function to disable BOOTP client operation once it is not needed any more or just to temporarily suspend it's operation.

Definition at line 149 of file bootp.c.

## Variable Documentation

### **struct { ... } [bootp](#)**

BOOTP client information.

bootp variable holds various information about the BOOTP client and also information needed by the BOOTP client to function properly.

### **UINT8 [bootp\\_app\\_init](#) = 0**

Defines whether bootpc\_init has already been invoked or not

Definition at line 76 of file bootp.c.

### **UINT16 [bootsecs](#)**

Definition at line 90 of file bootp.c.

### **UINT8 [mode](#)**

Definition at line 87 of file bootp.c.

### **INT8 [sochandle](#)**

Definition at line 88 of file bootp.c.

### **UINT8 [state](#)**

Definition at line 86 of file bootp.c.

### **UINT16 [tmrhandle](#)**

Definition at line 89 of file bootp.c.

---

## bootp.h File Reference

---

### Detailed Description

OpenTCP BOOTP client interface file.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Version:**

1.0

**Date:**

10.7.2002

OpenTCP BOOTP client function declarations, constants, etc.

Definition in file [bootp.h](#).

```
#include "datatypes.h"
```

**Defines**

- #define [BOOTP\\_RETRY\\_TOUT](#) 5
- #define [BOOTP\\_CLIENTPORT](#) 68
- #define [BOOTP\\_SERVERPORT](#) 67
- #define [BOOTPC\\_STATE\\_DISABLED](#) 0
- #define [BOOTPC\\_STATE\\_ENABLED](#) 1
- #define [BOOTPC\\_STATE\\_REQUEST\\_NEEDED](#) 2
- #define [BOOTPC\\_STATE\\_WAITING\\_REPLY](#) 3
- #define [BOOTPC\\_STATE\\_REPLY\\_GET](#) 4
- #define [BOOTP\\_OPTION\\_SUBNETMASK](#) 1
- #define [BOOTP\\_OPTION\\_DEFGW](#) 3
- #define [BOOTP\\_REPLY](#) 2
- #define [BOOTP\\_HWLEN\\_ETHERNET](#) 6
- #define [BOOTP\\_HTYPE\\_ETHERNET](#) 1

**Functions**

- INT8 [init\\_bootpc](#) (UINT8)
- INT8 [bootpc\\_enable](#) (void)  
*Enable BOOTP client operation.*
- void [bootpc\\_stop](#) (void)  
*Stop BOOTP client operation.*
- void [bootpc\\_run](#) (void)  
*BOOTP client main loop.*
- INT32 [bootpc\\_eventlistener](#) (INT8, UINT8, UINT32, UINT16, UINT16, UINT16)  
*BOOTP event listener.*

## Define Documentation

### **#define BOOTP\_CLIENTPORT 68**

Local BOOTP client port that will be used for sending requests

Definition at line 71 of file bootp.h.

### **#define BOOTP\_HTYPE\_ETHERNET 1**

Definition at line 104 of file bootp.h.

### **#define BOOTP\_HWLEN\_ETHERNET 6**

Definition at line 103 of file bootp.h.

### **#define BOOTP\_OPTION\_DEFGW 3**

Default gateway option BOOTP client is waiting for in the reply from the BOOTP server

Definition at line 97 of file bootp.h.

### **#define BOOTP\_OPTION\_SUBNETMASK 1**

Subnet mask option BOOTP client is waiting for in the reply from the BOOTP server

Definition at line 93 of file bootp.h.

### **#define BOOTP\_REPLY 2**

Definition at line 102 of file bootp.h.

### **#define BOOTP\_RETRY\_TOUT 5**

How many seconds to pass before retrying

Definition at line 69 of file bootp.h.

### **#define BOOTP\_SERVERPORT 67**

BOOTP server's port

Definition at line 73 of file bootp.h.

### **#define BOOTPC\_STATE\_DISABLED 0**

BOOTP client intentionally disabled

Definition at line 75 of file bootp.h.

**#define BOOTPC\_STATE\_ENABLED 1**

BOOTP initialized and waiting to send initial BOOTP request

Definition at line 76 of file bootp.h.

**#define BOOTPC\_STATE\_REPLY\_GET 4**

Once we get into this state, proper reply has been received from the BOOTP server

Definition at line 87 of file bootp.h.

**#define BOOTPC\_STATE\_REQUEST\_NEEDED 2**

New (or first) BOOTP requests must be issued

Definition at line 79 of file bootp.h.

**#define BOOTPC\_STATE\_WAITING\_REPLY 3**

After issuing the request BOOTP is in this state waiting either for timeout or a response from the BOOTP server

Definition at line 82 of file bootp.h.

---

## Function Documentation

### INT8 bootpc\_enable (void)

Enable BOOTP client operation.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

09.10.2002

Invoke this function to enable BOOTP client operation.

Definition at line 164 of file bootp.c.



**INT32 bootpc\_eventlistener (INT8 *cbhandle*, UINT8 *event*, UINT32 *remip*, UINT16 *remport*,  
UINT16 *buffindex*, UINT16 *dlen*)**

BOOTP event listener.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

07.10.2002

**Parameters:**

*cbhandle* handle of the socket this packet is intended for.  
*event* event that is notified. For UDP, only UDP\_EVENT\_DATA.  
*ipaddr* IP address of remote host who sent the UDP datagram  
*port* port number of remote host who sent the UDP datagram  
*buffindex* buffer index in RTL8019AS

**Returns:**

- - 1 - error in processing
- >0 - BOOTP reply successfully processed

**Note:**

- Event listeners are NOT to be invoked directly. They are callback functions invoked by the TCP/IP stack to notify events.

Analyze received UDP packet and see if it contains what we need. If yes, get new network settings.

Definition at line 334 of file bootp.c.

**void bootpc\_run (void)**

BOOTP client main loop.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

07.10.2002

Main thread of the BOOTP client that should be invoked periodically.

Definition at line 182 of file bootp.c.

**void bootpc\_stop (void)**

Stop BOOTP client operation.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

09.10.2002

Invoke this function to disable BOOTP client operation once it is not needed any more or just to temporarily suspend it's operation.

Definition at line 149 of file bootp.c.

**INT8 init\_bootpc (UINT8)**

---

## datatypes.h File Reference

---

**Detailed Description**

OpenTCP definitions of datatypes of certain length.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Version:**

1.0

**Date:**

10.7.2002

This file holds #defines of data types used in the OpenTCP sources so that recompiling for another MCU is easier even when the other MCU is using different size default values.

Constants that need to be defined in this file for every microcontroller and/or compiler are:

- BYTE - unsigned 8 bit value

- WORD - unsigned 16 bit value
- LWORD - unsigned 32 bit value
- UINT8 - unsigned 8 bit value
- INT8 - signed 8 bit value
- UINT16 - unsigned 16 bit value
- INT16 - signed 16 bit value
- UINT32 - unsigned 32 bit value
- INT32 - signed 32 bit value

Definition in file [datatypes.h](#).

```
#include "MOTYPES.h"
```

## Defines

- #define [LWORD](#) unsigned long
- #define [BYTE](#) unsigned char
- #define [WORD](#) unsigned short
- #define [UINT8](#) unsigned char
- #define [INT8](#) signed char
- #define [UINT16](#) unsigned short
- #define [INT16](#) short

## Typedefs

- typedef unsigned long [uint32](#)
- typedef signed long [int32](#)
- typedef unsigned char [uint8](#)
- typedef unsigned short [uint16](#)
- typedef signed char [int8](#)
- typedef signed short [int16](#)

## Define Documentation

### **#define BYTE unsigned char**

Definition at line 90 of file datatypes.h.

### **#define INT16 short**

16 bit signed

Definition at line 106 of file datatypes.h.

### **#define INT8 signed char**

8 bit signed

Definition at line 98 of file datatypes.h.

**#define LWORD unsigned long**

32 bit unsigned

Definition at line 84 of file datatypes.h.

**#define UINT16 unsigned short**

16 bit unsigned

Definition at line 102 of file datatypes.h.

**#define UINT8 unsigned char**

8 bit unsigned

Definition at line 94 of file datatypes.h.

**#define WORD unsigned short**

16 bit unsigned

Definition at line 91 of file datatypes.h.

---

## Typedef Documentation

**typedef signed short [int16](#)**

Definition at line 113 of file datatypes.h.

**typedef signed long [int32](#)**

Definition at line 87 of file datatypes.h.

**typedef signed char [int8](#)**

Definition at line 112 of file datatypes.h.

**typedef unsigned short [uint16](#)**

Definition at line 110 of file datatypes.h.

**typedef unsigned long [uint32](#)**

Definition at line 86 of file datatypes.h.

**typedef unsigned char [uint8](#)**

Definition at line 109 of file datatypes.h.

---

## debug.h File Reference

---

**Detailed Description**

OpenTCP file for debug options.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))
- Vladan Jovanovic ([vladan.jovanovic@violasytems.com](mailto:vladan.jovanovic@violasytems.com))

**Version:**

1.0

**Date:**

10.9.2002

This file contains debug settings for OpenTCP and it's modules. Debugging in this case only assumes a function (named mputs) that sends a null-terminated string over a serial port.

In order for the debugging to work this function **must be** implemented separately (this greatly depends on your applications and hardware configuration so it was not implemented here). Empty mputs function is provided in [system.c](#) (not much help ;-)

Definition in file [debug.h](#).

```
#include "datatypes.h"
#include "system.h"
```

**Defines**

- #define [DEBUG](#) 0
- #define [ETHERNET\\_DEBUG](#) 1
- #define [IP\\_DEBUG](#) 1
- #define [ICMP\\_DEBUG](#) 1

- `#define ARP\_DEBUG 1`
  - `#define TCP\_DEBUG 1`
  - `#define UDP\_DEBUG 1`
  - `#define TIMERS\_DEBUG 1`
  - `#define DEBUGOUT(c) ;                {};`
  - `#define ETH\_DEBUGOUT(c) ;                {};`
  - `#define IP\_DEBUGOUT(c) ;                {};`
  - `#define ICMP\_DEBUGOUT(c) ;                {};`
  - `#define ARP\_DEBUGOUT(c) ;                {};`
  - `#define TCP\_DEBUGOUT(c) ;                {};`
  - `#define UDP\_DEBUGOUT(c) ;                {};`
  - `#define TMR\_DEBUGOUT(c) ;                {};`
- 

## Define Documentation

### **#define ARP\_DEBUG 1**

enable/disable ARP-level debug messages

Definition at line 96 of file debug.h.

### **#define ARP\_DEBUGOUT(c) ;                {};**

Definition at line 158 of file debug.h.

### **#define DEBUG 0**

Controls debugging on a global level and also enables DEBUGOUT. Possible values are:

- 0 - debugging messages disabled globally
- 1 - debugging messages enabled globally. DEBUGOUT will print messages. TCP/IP layers that will print message are chosen separately.

Definition at line 80 of file debug.h.

### **#define DEBUGOUT(c) ;                {};**

Definition at line 153 of file debug.h.

### **#define ETH\_DEBUGOUT(c) ;                {};**

Definition at line 155 of file debug.h.

### **#define ETHERNET\_DEBUG 1**

enable/disable Ethernet-level debug messages

Definition at line 93 of file debug.h.

**#define ICMP\_DEBUG 1**

enable/disable ICMP-level debug messages

Definition at line 95 of file debug.h.

**#define ICMP\_DEBUGOUT(c) ;                    {};**

Definition at line 157 of file debug.h.

**#define IP\_DEBUG 1**

enable/disable IP-level debug messages

Definition at line 94 of file debug.h.

**#define IP\_DEBUGOUT(c) ;                    {};**

Definition at line 156 of file debug.h.

**#define TCP\_DEBUG 1**

enable/disable TCP-level debug messages

Definition at line 97 of file debug.h.

**#define TCP\_DEBUGOUT(c) ;                    {};**

Definition at line 159 of file debug.h.

**#define TIMERS\_DEBUG 1**

enable/disable Timer-level debug messages

Definition at line 99 of file debug.h.

**#define TMR\_DEBUGOUT(c) ;                    {};**

Definition at line 161 of file debug.h.

**#define UDP\_DEBUG 1**

enable/disable UDP-level debug messages

Definition at line 98 of file debug.h.

```
#define UDP_DEBUGOUT(c) ;      {};
```

Definition at line 160 of file debug.h.

---

## dhcpc.c File Reference

---

### Detailed Description

OpenTCP DHCP client implementation.

#### Author:

- Vladan Jovanovic ([vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com](mailto:vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com))

#### Version:

1.03

#### Date:

23.5.2003

#### Bug:

#### Warning:

#### Todo:

- We SHOULD first test (with PING or ARP) assigned IP address to see if it's in use already.

OpenTCP DHCP client protocol implementation. Features a complete DHCP state machine. Function declarations can be found in [dhcpc.h](#)

Definition in file [dhcpc.c](#).

```
#include "datatypes.h"
#include "debug.h"
#include "system.h"
#include "tcp_ip.h"
#include "timers.h"
#include "dhcpc.h"
```



## Functions

- INT32 [dhcpc\\_eventlistener](#) (INT8 cbhandle, UINT8 event, UINT32 ipaddr, UINT16 port, UINT16 buffindex, UINT16 datalen)  
*DHCP event listener, parses all DHCP replies.*
- INT8 [dhcpc\\_send\\_message](#) (UINT8 msg\_type)  
*Sends DHCP messages.*
- INT8 [dhcpc\\_init](#) (void)  
*Initializes DHCP client.*
- void [dhcpc\\_run](#) (void)  
*DHCP client main state machine.*
- UINT32 [dhcpc\\_read\\_n\\_bytes](#) (UINT8 n)  
*Processes received parameter from DHCP server.*

## Variables

- UINT8 [dhcpc\\_state](#)  
*Holds DHCP clients' state information.*
- UINT8 [dhcpc\\_timer\\_handle](#)  
*DHCP client's timer handle.*
- INT8 [dhcpc\\_soc\\_handle](#)  
*DHCP client's UDP socket handle.*
- UINT8 [dhcpc\\_initialized](#) = 0  
*Holds information if DHCP client is initialized.*
- UINT32 [dhcpc\\_t1](#)  
*DHCP renew timer.*
- UINT32 [dhcpc\\_t2](#)  
*DHCP rebind timer.*
- UINT32 [dhcpc\\_server\\_identifier](#)  
*DHCP server identifier as received from DHCP server.*
- UINT32 [dhcpc\\_requested\\_ip](#)

*Holds offered IP address or IP address that we're requesting.*

---

## Function Documentation

### **INT32 dhcpc\_eventlistener (INT8 cbhandle, UINT8 event, UINT32 ipaddr, UINT16 port, UINT16 buffindex, UINT16 datalen)**

DHCP event listener, parses all DHCP replies.

**Author:**

- Vladan Jovanovic ([vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com](mailto:vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

23.05.2003

This is internal function invoked by OpenTCP UDP module when DHCP reply on a given UDP port is received. This function parses the response, checks for correctness and performs certain actions based on the current state of DHCP client.

Definition at line 565 of file dhcpc.c.

### **INT8 dhcpc\_init (void)**

Initializes DHCP client.

**Author:**

- Vladan Jovanovic ([vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com](mailto:vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

23.05.2003

This function should be called once when system starts to initialize and start DHCP client. Before this function is invoked, localmachine.localip MUST be set to either zero (in which case DHCP client will request any IP address) or a previously assigned IP address (which doesn't mean DHCP server will allow us to continue using this address) in which case DHCP client will first try to obtain that existing IP address.

Definition at line 155 of file dhcpc.c.

### **UINT32 dhcpc\_read\_n\_bytes (UINT8 n)**

Processes received parameter from DHCP server.

**Author:**

- Vladan Jovanovic ([vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com](mailto:vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

23.05.2003

**Parameters:**

*n* Number of bytes to read&process.

**Returns:**

Returns last for 4 bytes that were read as a 32-bit variable

This is internal function that get's invoked to read a received parameter in DHCP message. Introduced to optimize code a little as 4 byte parameters are often returned by DHCP server (netmask, gateway, server identifier, T1, T2, lease expiration time, DNS IP,...)

Definition at line 546 of file dhcp.c.

**void dhcpc\_run (void)**

DHCP client main state machine.

**Author:**

- Vladan Jovanovic ([vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com](mailto:vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

23.05.2003

Call this function periodically from main loop to ensure proper operation. This function holds the main state machine of DHCP client that ensures proper operation.

Definition at line 198 of file dhcp.c.

**INT8 dhcpc\_send\_message (UINT8 *msg\_type*)**

Sends DHCP messages.

**Author:**

- Vladan Jovanovic ([vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com](mailto:vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

23.05.2003

**Parameters:**

*msg\_type* Type of DHCP message to be sent. This implementation can send only [DHCP\\_DISCOVER](#), [DHCP\\_REQUEST](#) and [#DCHP\\_DECLINE](#) messages.

**Returns:**

Returns result of [udp\\_send\(\)](#) function.

This is internal function invoked to send appropriate DHCP message.

Definition at line 386 of file `dhcpc.c`.

## Variable Documentation

### UINT8 [dhcpc\\_initialized](#) = 0

Holds information if DHCP client is initialized.

Holds information if DHCP client is initialized

Definition at line 103 of file `dhcpc.c`.

### UINT32 [dhcpc\\_requested\\_ip](#)

Holds offered IP address or IP address that we're requesting.

This variable holds the IP address that DHCP server offered to us during address request procedure and this is the address that we will be requesting in all future requests untill DHCP server disallows us to use it any more.

Definition at line 137 of file `dhcpc.c`.

### UINT32 [dhcpc\\_server\\_identifier](#)

DHCP server identifier as received from DHCP server.

This variable will hold DHCP server identifier (which will actually be server's IP address).

Definition at line 128 of file `dhcpc.c`.

### INT8 [dhcpc\\_soc\\_handle](#)

DHCP client's UDP socket handle.

DHCP client's UDP socket handle

Definition at line 97 of file `dhcpc.c`.

### UINT8 [dhcpc\\_state](#)

Holds DHCP clients' state information.

This variable holds DHCP clients' current state information. Possible states are `DHCP_STATE_INIT_REBOOT`, `DHCP_STATE_REBOOTING`, `DHCP_STATE_INIT`,

DHCP\_STATE\_SELECTING, DHCP\_STATE\_REQUESTING, DHCP\_STATE\_BOUND,  
DHCP\_STATE\_RENEWING, DHCP\_STATE\_REBINDING.

Definition at line 84 of file dhcpc.c.

#### UINT32 [dhcpc\\_t1](#)

DHCP renew timer.

This variable holds renew time (in seconds) after which we'll start the renewing process. While obtaining the parameters from DHCP server (thus before we know of the renew time) this is used also to time retransmissions.

Definition at line 112 of file dhcpc.c.

#### UINT32 [dhcpc\\_t2](#)

DHCP rebind timer.

This variable holds rebind time (in seconds) after which we'll start the rebinding process. While obtaining the parameters from DHCP server (thus before we know of the renew time) this is also used to time retransmissions as well as timeout detection

Definition at line 121 of file dhcpc.c.

#### UINT8 [dhcpc\\_timer\\_handle](#)

DHCP client's timer handle.

Hold DHCP clients' timer handle. We'll use only one timer from timer pool and take care of the rest by ourselves manually

Definition at line 91 of file dhcpc.c.

---

## dhcpc.h File Reference

---

### Detailed Description

OpenTCP DHCP client interface file.

#### Author:

- Vladan Jovanovic ([vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com](mailto:vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com))

#### Version:

1.0

**Date:**

23.5.2003

OpenTCP DHCP protocol function declarations, constants, etc.

Definition in file [dhcpc.h](#).

#include "datatypes.h"

**Defines**

- #define [DHCP\\_SERVER\\_PORT](#) 67
- #define [DHCP\\_CLIENT\\_PORT](#) 68
- #define [BOOT\\_REQUEST](#) 1
- #define [BOOT\\_REPLY](#) 2
- #define [DHCP\\_STATE\\_INIT\\_REBOOT](#) 0
- #define [DHCP\\_STATE\\_REBOOTING](#) 1
- #define [DHCP\\_STATE\\_INIT](#) 2
- #define [DHCP\\_STATE\\_SELECTING](#) 3
- #define [DHCP\\_STATE\\_REQUESTING](#) 4
- #define [DHCP\\_STATE\\_BOUND](#) 5
- #define [DHCP\\_STATE\\_RENEWING](#) 6
- #define [DHCP\\_STATE\\_REBINDING](#) 7
- #define [DHCP\\_DISCOVER](#) 1
- #define [DHCP\\_OFFER](#) 2
- #define [DHCP\\_REQUEST](#) 3
- #define [DHCP\\_DECLINE](#) 4
- #define [DHCP\\_ACK](#) 5
- #define [DHCP\\_NAK](#) 6
- #define [DHCP\\_RELEASE](#) 7
- #define [DHCP\\_INFORM](#) 8
- #define [DHCP\\_OPT\\_PAD](#) 0
- #define [DHCP\\_OPT\\_END](#) 255
- #define [DHCP\\_OPT\\_SUBNET\\_MASK](#) 1
- #define [DHCP\\_OPT\\_TIME\\_OFFSET](#) 2
- #define [DHCP\\_OPT\\_ROUTER](#) 3
- #define [DHCP\\_OPT\\_TIME\\_SERVER](#) 4
- #define [DHCP\\_OPT\\_NAME\\_SERVER](#) 5
- #define [DHCP\\_OPT\\_DNS\\_SERVER](#) 6
- #define [DHCP\\_OPT\\_HOST\\_NAME](#) 12
- #define [DHCP\\_OPT\\_POP3\\_SERVER](#) 70
- #define [DHCP\\_OPT\\_REQUESTED\\_IP](#) 50
- #define [DHCP\\_OPT\\_LEASE\\_TIME](#) 51
- #define [DHCP\\_OPT\\_OVERLOAD](#) 52
- #define [DHCP\\_OPT\\_MSG\\_TYPE](#) 53
- #define [DHCP\\_OPT\\_SERV\\_IDENT](#) 54
- #define [DHCP\\_OPT\\_PARAM\\_REQUEST](#) 55
- #define [DHCP\\_OPT\\_T1\\_VALUE](#) 58
- #define [DHCP\\_OPT\\_T2\\_VALUE](#) 59

## Functions

- INT8 [dhcpc\\_init](#) (void)  
*Initializes DHCP client.*
  - void [dhcpc\\_run](#) (void)  
*DHCP client main state machine.*
- 

## Define Documentation

### **#define BOOT\_REPLY 2**

Definition at line 73 of file dhcpc.h.

### **#define BOOT\_REQUEST 1**

Definition at line 72 of file dhcpc.h.

### **#define DHCP\_ACK 5**

Definition at line 90 of file dhcpc.h.

### **#define DHCP\_CLIENT\_PORT 68**

Definition at line 70 of file dhcpc.h.

### **#define DHCP\_DECLINE 4**

Definition at line 89 of file dhcpc.h.

### **#define DHCP\_DISCOVER 1**

Definition at line 86 of file dhcpc.h.

### **#define DHCP\_INFORM 8**

Definition at line 93 of file dhcpc.h.

### **#define DHCP\_NAK 6**

Definition at line 91 of file dhcpc.h.

**#define DHCP\_OFFER 2**

Definition at line 87 of file dhcpc.h.

**#define DHCP\_OPT\_DNS\_SERVER 6**

Definition at line 103 of file dhcpc.h.

**#define DHCP\_OPT\_END 255**

Definition at line 97 of file dhcpc.h.

**#define DHCP\_OPT\_HOST\_NAME 12**

Definition at line 104 of file dhcpc.h.

**#define DHCP\_OPT\_LEASE\_TIME 51**

Definition at line 107 of file dhcpc.h.

**#define DHCP\_OPT\_MSG\_TYPE 53**

Definition at line 109 of file dhcpc.h.

**#define DHCP\_OPT\_NAME\_SERVER 5**

Definition at line 102 of file dhcpc.h.

**#define DHCP\_OPT\_OVERLOAD 52**

Definition at line 108 of file dhcpc.h.

**#define DHCP\_OPT\_PAD 0**

Definition at line 96 of file dhcpc.h.

**#define DHCP\_OPT\_PARAM\_REQUEST 55**

Definition at line 111 of file dhcpc.h.

**#define DHCP\_OPT\_POP3\_SERVER 70**

Definition at line 105 of file dhcpc.h.



**#define DHCP\_OPT\_REQUESTED\_IP 50**

Definition at line 106 of file dhcpc.h.

**#define DHCP\_OPT\_ROUTER 3**

Definition at line 100 of file dhcpc.h.

**#define DHCP\_OPT\_SERV\_IDENT 54**

Definition at line 110 of file dhcpc.h.

**#define DHCP\_OPT\_SUBNET\_MASK 1**

Definition at line 98 of file dhcpc.h.

**#define DHCP\_OPT\_T1\_VALUE 58**

Definition at line 112 of file dhcpc.h.

**#define DHCP\_OPT\_T2\_VALUE 59**

Definition at line 113 of file dhcpc.h.

**#define DHCP\_OPT\_TIME\_OFFSET 2**

Definition at line 99 of file dhcpc.h.

**#define DHCP\_OPT\_TIME\_SERVER 4**

Definition at line 101 of file dhcpc.h.

**#define DHCP\_RELEASE 7**

Definition at line 92 of file dhcpc.h.

**#define DHCP\_REQUEST 3**

Definition at line 88 of file dhcpc.h.

**#define DHCP\_SERVER\_PORT 67**

Definition at line 69 of file dhcpc.h.

**#define DHCP\_STATE\_BOUND 5**

Definition at line 81 of file dhcpc.h.

**#define DHCP\_STATE\_INIT 2**

Definition at line 78 of file dhcpc.h.

**#define DHCP\_STATE\_INIT\_REBOOT 0**

Definition at line 76 of file dhcpc.h.

**#define DHCP\_STATE\_REBINDING 7**

Definition at line 83 of file dhcpc.h.

**#define DHCP\_STATE\_REBOOTING 1**

Definition at line 77 of file dhcpc.h.

**#define DHCP\_STATE\_RENEWING 6**

Definition at line 82 of file dhcpc.h.

**#define DHCP\_STATE\_REQUESTING 4**

Definition at line 80 of file dhcpc.h.

**#define DHCP\_STATE\_SELECTING 3**

Definition at line 79 of file dhcpc.h.

---

## Function Documentation

### INT8 dhcpc\_init (void)

Initializes DHCP client.

**Author:**

- Vladan Jovanovic ([vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com](mailto:vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

23.05.2003

This function should be called once when system starts to initialize and start DHCP client. Before this function is invoked, localmachine.localip MUST be set to either zero (in which case DHCP client will request any IP address) or a previously assigned IP address (which doesn't mean DHCP server will allow us to continue using this address) in which case DHCP client will first try to obtain that existing IP address.

Definition at line 155 of file dhcpc.c.

**void dhcpc\_run (void)**

DHCP client main state machine.

**Author:**

- Vladan Jovanovic ([vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com](mailto:vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

23.05.2003

Call this function periodically from main loop to ensure proper operation. This function holds the main state machine of DHCP client that ensures proper operation.

Definition at line 198 of file dhcpc.c.

---

## dns.c File Reference

---

**Detailed Description**

OpenTCP DNS client implementation.

**Author:**

- Vladan Jovanovic ([vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com](mailto:vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com))

**Version:**

1.0

**Date:**

10.10.2002

**Bug:****Warning:****Todo:**

- Probably should implement sending different ID with requests.
- Maybe create similar cache as for ARP ?
- **Definitely** implement DNS's IP address use as a parameter to `get_host_by_name` function. This would allow more flexible manipulation

OpenTCP DNS client implementation. API functions, data structures and constants may be found in [dns.h](#)

Definition in file [dns.c](#).

```
#include "debug.h"
#include "datatypes.h"
#include "globalvariables.h"
#include "system.h"
#include "timers.h"
#include "tcp_ip.h"
#include "dns.h"
```

**Defines**

- #define [DNS\\_STATE\\_READY](#) 0
- #define [DNS\\_STATE\\_BUSY](#) 1
- #define [DNS\\_STATE\\_RESEND](#) 2

**Functions**

- void [dns\\_init](#) (void)  
*Initialize resources needed for the DNS client.*
- void [dns\\_retransmit](#) (void)  
*Retransmits requests towards the DNS server.*
- void [dns\\_run](#) (void)  
*DNS client main loop.*
- INT32 [dns\\_eventlistener](#) (INT8 cbhandle, UINT8 event, UINT32 ipaddr, UINT16 port, UINT16 buffindex, UINT16 datalen)  
*DNS client event listener.*

- INT16 [get\\_host\\_by\\_name](#) (UINT8 \*host\_name\_ptr, void(\*listener)(UINT8, UINT32))  
*Invokes DNS resolver.*

## Variables

- UINT8 [dns\\_state](#)
  - INT8 [dns\\_socket](#)
  - UINT8 [dns\\_timer](#)
  - UINT8 [dns\\_retries](#)
  - UINT32 [dns\\_tmp\\_ip](#)
  - UINT8 \* [dns\\_hostptr](#)
  - void(\* [dns\\_event\\_listener](#) )(UINT8 event, UINT32 data)
- 

## Define Documentation

### **#define DNS\_STATE\_BUSY 1**

Definition at line 85 of file dns.c.

### **#define DNS\_STATE\_READY 0**

Definition at line 84 of file dns.c.

### **#define DNS\_STATE\_RESEND 2**

Definition at line 86 of file dns.c.

---

## Function Documentation

### **INT32 dns\_eventlistener (INT8 cbhandle, UINT8 event, UINT32 ipaddr, UINT16 port, UINT16 buffindex, UINT16 datalen)**

DNS client event listener.

#### **Author:**

- Vladan Jovanovic ([vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com](mailto:vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com))

#### **Date:**

10.10.2002

**Parameters:**

*cbhandle* handle of the socket this packet is intended for.  
*event* event that is notified. For UDP, only UDP\_EVENT\_DATA.  
*ipaddr* IP address of remote host who sent the UDP datagram  
*port* port number of remote host who sent the UDP datagram  
*buffindex* buffer index in RTL8019AS

**Returns:**

- - 1 - error in processing
- 0 - DNS reply successfully processed

**Note:**

- Event listeners are NOT to be invoked directly. They are callback functions invoked by the TCP/IP stack to notify events.

This, of course, is where responses from DNS server are processed and checked whether they contain the IP address we requested or if they contain authoritative name server to which we should proceed.

If we received the IP address we requested, [DNS\\_EVENT\\_SUCCESS](#) is reported to application DNS event listener. Otherwise [DNS\\_EVENT\\_ERROR](#) is reported.

Definition at line 205 of file dns.c.

**void dns\_init (void)**

Initialize resources needed for the DNS client.

**Author:**

- Vladan Jovanovic ([vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com](mailto:vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

10.10.2002

Invoke this function at startup to properly initialize DNS resources.

Definition at line 108 of file dns.c.

**void dns\_retransmit (void)**

Retransmits requests towards the DNS server.

**Author:**

- Vladan Jovanovic ([vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com](mailto:vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

10.10.2002

This is internal function and IS NOT INTENDED to be invoked by the user application. It simply checks if retransmissions should be done (when retransmissions not used yet) and if yes, sends one. Otherwise timeout error is sent to the event listener.

Definition at line 142 of file dns.c.

**void dns\_run (void)**

DNS client main loop.

**Author:**

- Vladan Jovanovic ([vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com](mailto:vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

10.10.2002

Simple main loop that checks whether DNS requests should be sent or not (based on timer timeout). If yes, and DNS is in appropriate state, [dns\\_retransmit\(\)](#) function is invoked.

Definition at line 168 of file dns.c.

**INT16 get\_host\_by\_name (UINT8 \* host\_name\_ptr, void(\* listener)(UINT8, UINT32))**

Invokes DNS resolver.

**Author:**

- Vladan Jovanovic ([vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com](mailto:vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

10.10.2002

**Parameters:**

*host\_name\_ptr* Pointer to null-terminated host name to be resolved

*listener* Pointer to DNS listener function that listens to events from DNS client. This function takes two parameters: first one can take a value of [DNS\\_EVENT\\_SUCCESS](#) or [DNS\\_EVENT\\_ERROR](#) and thus determine the meaning of the second parameter. If first parameter is [DNS\\_EVENT\\_SUCCESS](#), second parameter represents requested IP address. In case of [DNS\\_EVENT\\_ERROR](#), second parameter can be one of the: [DNS\\_ERROR\\_FORMAT](#), [DNS\\_ERROR\\_SERVER\\_FAILURE](#), [DNS\\_ERROR\\_NAME\\_ERROR](#), [DNS\\_ERROR\\_NOT\\_IMPLEMENTED](#), [DNS\\_ERROR\\_REFUSED](#), [DNS\\_ERROR\\_TIMEOUT](#), [DNS\\_ERROR\\_GENERAL](#)

**Returns:**

- [DNS\\_ERROR\\_BUSY](#) - Signals that DNS is currently processing another request so it is not possible to process a new one
- [DNS\\_ERROR\\_OVERFLOW](#) - Network transmit buffer too small to hold DNS request
- [DNS\\_ERROR\\_LABEL](#) - Label in host name longer than 63 bytes. Error
- [DNS\\_ERROR\\_NAME](#) - Host name longer than 264 bytes. Error

Invoke this function to start name-resolving process. Note that currently DNS client can process only one request at a time and will not allow multiple requests.

Definition at line 448 of file dns.c.

---

## Variable Documentation

**void(\* [dns\\_event\\_listener](#))(UINT8 event, UINT32 data)**

Definition at line 98 of file dns.c.

**UINT8\* [dns\\_hostptr](#)**

Pointer to hostname that is being resolved. Needed for retransmissions.

Definition at line 95 of file dns.c.

**UINT8 [dns\\_retries](#)**

DNS retry counter used for detecting timeouts

Definition at line 91 of file dns.c.

**INT8 [dns\\_socket](#)**

UDP socket used by the DNS resolver

Definition at line 89 of file dns.c.

**UINT8 [dns\\_state](#)**

Current DNS state. Used to prevent multiple requests, issue retransmissions,... See `DNS_STATE_*` for possible values.

Definition at line 88 of file dns.c.

**UINT8 [dns\\_timer](#)**

DNS timer handle used for retransmissions

Definition at line 90 of file dns.c.



**UINT32 [dns\\_tmp\\_ip](#)**

Used in many ways: as an IP address holder, for issuing requests to authoritative name servers,...

Definition at line 93 of file dns.c.

---

## dns.h File Reference

---

**Detailed Description**

OpenTCP DNS interface file.

**Author:**

- Vladan Jovanovic ([vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com](mailto:vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com))

**Version:**

1.0

**Date:**

10.9.2002

OpenTCP DNS protocol function declarations, constants, etc.

Definition in file [dns.h](#).

```
#include "datatypes.h"
```

**Defines**

- #define [DNS\\_UDP\\_PORT](#) 53
- #define [DNS\\_SERVER\\_IP](#) 0xac100201
- #define [DNS\\_RESEND\\_PERIOD](#) 2
- #define [DNS\\_NUM\\_RETRIES](#) 5
- #define [DNS\\_EVENT\\_ERROR](#) 0
- #define [DNS\\_EVENT\\_SUCCESS](#) 1
- #define [DNS\\_ERROR\\_FORMAT](#) 1
- #define [DNS\\_ERROR\\_SERVER\\_FAILURE](#) 2
- #define [DNS\\_ERROR\\_NAME\\_ERROR](#) 3
- #define [DNS\\_ERROR\\_NOT\\_IMPLEMENTED](#) 4
- #define [DNS\\_ERROR\\_REFUSED](#) 5
- #define [DNS\\_ERROR\\_TIMEOUT](#) 16
- #define [DNS\\_ERROR\\_GENERAL](#) 17

- #define [DNS\\_ERROR\\_BUSY](#) -4
- #define [DNS\\_ERROR\\_LABEL](#) -5
- #define [DNS\\_ERROR\\_NAME](#) -6
- #define [DNS\\_ERROR\\_OVERFLOW](#) -7

## Functions

- INT16 [get\\_host\\_by\\_name](#) (UINT8 \*host\_name\_ptr, void(\*listener)(UINT8, UINT32))  
*Invokes DNS resolver.*
  - void [dns\\_init](#) (void)  
*Initialize resources needed for the DNS client.*
  - void [dns\\_run](#) (void)  
*DNS client main loop.*
  - INT32 [dns\\_eventlistener](#) (INT8, UINT8, UINT32, UINT16, UINT16, UINT16)  
*DNS client event listener.*
- 

## Define Documentation

### **#define DNS\_ERROR\_BUSY -4**

Returned from [get\\_host\\_by\\_name\(\)](#): DNS client is currently busy with another request and is unable to process a new one

Definition at line 135 of file dns.h.

### **#define DNS\_ERROR\_FORMAT 1**

The name server was unable to interpret the query (RFC1035)

Definition at line 95 of file dns.h.

### **#define DNS\_ERROR\_GENERAL 17**

General (not specific) error occurred while resolving host name.

Definition at line 124 of file dns.h.

### **#define DNS\_ERROR\_LABEL -5**

Returned from [get\\_host\\_by\\_name\(\)](#): Part of the host name (label) consists of more than 63 characters.

Definition at line 140 of file dns.h.

**#define DNS\_ERROR\_NAME -6**

Returned from [get\\_host\\_by\\_name\(\)](#): Host name too long (more than 263 bytes)

Definition at line 144 of file dns.h.

**#define DNS\_ERROR\_NAME\_ERROR 3**

Meaningful only for responses from an authoritative name server, this code signifies that the domain name referenced in the query does not exist (RFC1035)

Definition at line 103 of file dns.h.

**#define DNS\_ERROR\_NOT\_IMPLEMENTED 4**

The name server does not support the requested kind of query (RFC1035)

Definition at line 110 of file dns.h.

**#define DNS\_ERROR\_OVERFLOW -7**

net\_buf too small for the entire DNS request to be stored in it.

Definition at line 147 of file dns.h.

**#define DNS\_ERROR\_REFUSED 5**

The name server refuses to perform the specified operation for policy reasons. (RFC 1035)

Definition at line 114 of file dns.h.

**#define DNS\_ERROR\_SERVER\_FAILURE 2**

The name server was unable to process this query due to a problem with the name server (RFC1035)

Definition at line 98 of file dns.h.

**#define DNS\_ERROR\_TIMEOUT 16**

Timeout occurred while DNS was trying to resolve the host name. New request should be issued if the address is needed

Definition at line 119 of file dns.h.

**#define DNS\_EVENT\_ERROR 0**

Error event reported by DNS client to event\_listener

Definition at line 84 of file dns.h.

**#define DNS\_EVENT\_SUCCESS 1**

Resolving successful event reported by DNS client to event\_listener

Definition at line 87 of file dns.h.

#### **#define DNS\_NUM\_RETRIES 5**

Number of retries that DNS client will perform before aborting name resolving

Definition at line 78 of file dns.h.

#### **#define DNS\_RESEND\_PERIOD 2**

Period in seconds for resending DNS requests

Definition at line 75 of file dns.h.

#### **#define DNS\_SERVER\_IP 0xac100201**

DNS server's IP address

Definition at line 73 of file dns.h.

#### **#define DNS\_UDP\_PORT 53**

DNS client will use this port for sending and receiving of DNS packets

Definition at line 69 of file dns.h.

## Function Documentation

**INT32 dns\_eventlistener (INT8 *cbhandle*, UINT8 *event*, UINT32 *ipaddr*, UINT16 *port*, UINT16 *buffindex*, UINT16 *datalen*)**

DNS client event listener.

#### **Author:**

- Vladan Jovanovic ([vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com](mailto:vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com))

#### **Date:**

10.10.2002

#### **Parameters:**

*cbhandle* handle of the socket this packet is intended for.  
*event* event that is notified. For UDP, only UDP\_EVENT\_DATA.  
*ipaddr* IP address of remote host who sent the UDP datagram  
*port* port number of remote host who sent the UDP datagram

*buffindex* buffer index in RTL8019AS

**Returns:**

- - 1 - error in processing
- 0 - DNS reply successfully processed

**Note:**

- Event listeners are NOT to be invoked directly. They are callback functions invoked by the TCP/IP stack to notify events.

This, of course, is where responses from DNS server are processed and checked whether they contain the IP address we requested or if they contain authoritative name server to which we should proceed.

If we received the IP address we requested, [DNS\\_EVENT\\_SUCCESS](#) is reported to application DNS event listener. Otherwise [DNS\\_EVENT\\_ERROR](#) is reported.

Definition at line 205 of file dns.c.

**void dns\_init (void)**

Initialize resources needed for the DNS client.

**Author:**

- Vladan Jovanovic ([vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com](mailto:vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

10.10.2002

Invoke this function at startup to properly initialize DNS resources.

Definition at line 108 of file dns.c.

**void dns\_run (void)**

DNS client main loop.

**Author:**

- Vladan Jovanovic ([vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com](mailto:vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

10.10.2002

Simple main loop that checks whether DNS requests should be sent or not (based on timer timeout). If yes, and DNS is in appropriate state, [dns\\_retransmit\(\)](#) function is invoked.

Definition at line 168 of file dns.c.

**INT16 get\_host\_by\_name (UINT8 \* *host\_name\_ptr*, void(\* *listener*)(UINT8, UINT32))**

Invokes DNS resolver.

**Author:**

- Vladan Jovanovic ([vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com](mailto:vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

10.10.2002

**Parameters:**

*host\_name\_ptr* Pointer to null-terminated host name to be resolved

*listener* Pointer to DNS listener function that listens to events from DNS client. This function takes two parameters: first one can take a value of [DNS\\_EVENT\\_SUCCESS](#) or [DNS\\_EVENT\\_ERROR](#) and thus determine the meaning of the second parameter. If first parameter is [DNS\\_EVENT\\_SUCCESS](#), second parameter represents requested IP address. In case of [DNS\\_EVENT\\_ERROR](#), second parameter can be one of the: [DNS\\_ERROR\\_FORMAT](#), [DNS\\_ERROR\\_SERVER\\_FAILURE](#), [DNS\\_ERROR\\_NAME\\_ERROR](#), [DNS\\_ERROR\\_NOT\\_IMPLEMENTED](#), [DNS\\_ERROR\\_REFUSED](#), [DNS\\_ERROR\\_TIMEOUT](#), [DNS\\_ERROR\\_GENERAL](#)

**Returns:**

- [DNS\\_ERROR\\_BUSY](#) - Signals that DNS is currently processing another request so it is not possible to process a new one
- [DNS\\_ERROR\\_OVERFLOW](#) - Network transmit buffer too small to hold DNS request
- [DNS\\_ERROR\\_LABEL](#) - Label in host name longer than 63 bytes. Error
- [DNS\\_ERROR\\_NAME](#) - Host name longer than 255 bytes. Error

Invoke this function to start name-resolving process. Note that currently DNS client can process only one request at a time and will not allow multiple requests.

Definition at line 448 of file dns.c.

---

## ethernet.h File Reference

## Data Structures

- struct [ethernet\\_frame](#)  
*Ethernet packet header fields.*

## Defines

- #define [ETH\\_ADDRESS\\_LEN](#) 6
  - #define [ETH\\_HEADER\\_LEN](#) 14
  - #define [ETH\\_CHIP\\_HEADER\\_LEN](#) 4
  - #define [ETH\\_MTU](#) 1500
  - #define [PROTOCOL\\_IP](#) 0x0800
  - #define [PROTOCOL\\_IPv6](#) 0x86DD
  - #define [PROTOCOL\\_ARP](#) 0x0806
  - #define [ARP\\_BUFFER](#) 0x5F
  - #define [ICMP\\_BUF](#) 0x4D
  - #define [TCP\\_BUF](#) 0x53
  - #define [UDP\\_BUF](#) 0x59
- 

## Define Documentation

### **#define ARP\_BUFFER 0x5F**

256 byte Tx for ARP

Definition at line 20 of file ethernet.h.

### **#define ETH\_ADDRESS\_LEN 6**

Definition at line 7 of file ethernet.h.

### **#define ETH\_CHIP\_HEADER\_LEN 4**

Definition at line 12 of file ethernet.h.

### **#define ETH\_HEADER\_LEN 14**

Definition at line 11 of file ethernet.h.

### **#define ETH\_MTU 1500**

Definition at line 13 of file ethernet.h.

### **#define ICMP\_BUF 0x4D**

1536 byte Tx for ICMP

Definition at line 21 of file ethernet.h.

**#define PROTOCOL\_ARP 0x0806**

ARP over Ethernet

Definition at line 17 of file ethernet.h.

**#define PROTOCOL\_IP 0x0800**

IP over Ethernet

Definition at line 15 of file ethernet.h.

**#define PROTOCOL\_IPv6 0x86DD**

IPv6 over Ethernet

Definition at line 16 of file ethernet.h.

**#define TCP\_BUF 0x53**

1536 byte Tx for TCP

Definition at line 22 of file ethernet.h.

**#define UDP\_BUF 0x59**

1536 byte Tx for UDP

Definition at line 23 of file ethernet.h.

---

## FileSys.c File Reference

```
#include "FileSys.h"  
#include "index.h"  
#include "fs_anilogo.h"
```

### Variables

- const [TFileEntry FAT](#) []



## Variable Documentation

const [TFileEntry FAT](#) []

Initial value:

```
{
  { 115,    index_file,    INDEX_FILE_LEN    },
  {      4,    fs_anilogo_file,    FS_ANILOGO_FILE_LEN  },
  { 0,      (unsigned char *)0,  0  }
}
```

Definition at line 20 of file FileSys.c.

---

## FileSys.h File Reference

### Data Structures

- struct [TFileEntry](#)

### Typedefs

- typedef [TFileEntry](#) [TFileEntry](#)

### Variables

- const [TFileEntry FAT](#) []
- 

## Typedef Documentation

typedef struct [TFileEntry](#) [TFileEntry](#)

---

## Variable Documentation

const [TFileEntry FAT](#) []

Definition at line 23 of file FileSys.h.

---

## globalvariables.h File Reference

---

### Detailed Description

OpenTCP global variables declarations.

#### Author:

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### Version:

1.0

#### Date:

10.7.2002

Here are declarations of global variables that are commonly used in other OpenTCP modules as well as OpenTCP applications in general. Basically just a bunch of externs.

Definition in file [globalvariables.h](#).

```
#include "ip.h"
```

### Variables

- UINT32 [base\\_timer](#)
- UINT8 [net\\_buf](#) []

*Transmit buffer used by all OpenTCP applications.*

- [ethernet\\_frame received\\_frame](#)
- [ethernet\\_frame send\\_frame](#)
- [netif localmachine](#)
- [ip\\_frame received\\_ip\\_packet](#)

*Used for storing various information about the incoming IP packet.*

- [ip\\_frame send\\_ip\\_packet](#)  
*Used for storing various information about the outgoing IP packet.*
  - [udp\\_frame received\\_udp\\_packet](#)  
*Used for storing field information about the received UDP packet.*
  - [tcp\\_frame received\\_tcp\\_packet](#)  
*Used for storing field information about the received TCP packet.*
- 

## Variable Documentation

### UINT32 [base\\_timer](#)

System 1.024 msec timer

Definition at line 71 of file globalvariables.h.

### struct [netif\\_localmachine](#)

**MUST BE PUT SOMEWHERE**

Definition at line 80 of file globalvariables.h.

### UINT8 [net\\_buf\[\]](#)

Transmit buffer used by all OpenTCP applications.

This buffer is the transmit buffer used by all OpenTCP applications for sending of data. Please note the warnings below for correct usage of this buffer that ensures proper operation of the applications.

#### **Warning:**

- **Transmit buffer start** - to avoid data copying, the TCP/IP stack will use first part of the net\_buf buffer to add it's data. This means that applications using TCP and/or UDP **must not** write application-level data from the beginning of the buffer but from certain offset. This offset depends on the transport-layer protocol (it's header size that is). For TCP this value is defined by the TCP\_APP\_OFFSET and for the UDP it is UDP\_APP\_OFFSET.
- **Buffer sharing** - since all applications share this buffer among each other, and with the TCP/IP stack as well, care must be taken not to overwrite other applications' data before it is sent. This is best achieved if all applications work in the main loop and when they wish to send data they fill in the buffer and send it immediately.

Definition at line 74 of file globalvariables.h.

**struct [ethernet\\_frame\\_received\\_frame](#)**

See [ethernet.h](#)

Definition at line 78 of file globalvariables.h.

**struct [ip\\_frame\\_received\\_ip\\_packet](#)**

Used for storing various information about the incoming IP packet.

Various fields from the IP packet are stored in this structure. These values are later used from other upper layer protocols (ICMP, UDP, TCP and possibly others) to extract needed information about the received packet. See [ip\\_frame](#) definition for struct information.

Definition at line 81 of file globalvariables.h.

**struct [tcp\\_frame\\_received\\_tcp\\_packet](#)**

Used for storing field information about the received TCP packet.

Various fields from the TCP packet are stored in this variable. These values are then used to perform the necessary actions as defined by the TCP specification: correctness of the received TCP packet is checked by analyzing these fields, appropriate socket data is adjusted and/or control packet is sent based on it. See [tcp\\_frame](#) definition for struct information.

Definition at line 84 of file globalvariables.h.

**struct [udp\\_frame\\_received\\_udp\\_packet](#)**

Used for storing field information about the received UDP packet.

Various fields from the received UDP packet are stored in this variable. See [udp\\_frame](#) definition for struct information.

Definition at line 83 of file globalvariables.h.

**struct [ethernet\\_frame\\_send\\_frame](#)**

See [ethernet.h](#)

Definition at line 79 of file globalvariables.h.

**struct [ip\\_frame\\_send\\_ip\\_packet](#)**

Used for storing various information about the outgoing IP packet.

Various fields from the IP packet are stored in this structure. These values are filled based on the information supplied by the upper layer protocols (ICMP, UDP, TCP and possibly others) and used to form a correct IP packet (correct filled values, checksum,..). See [ip\\_frame](#) definition for struct information.

Definition at line 82 of file globalvariables.h.

## http\_server.c File Reference

```
#include "datatypes.h"
#include "globalvariables.h"
#include "debug.h"
#include "system.h"
#include "tcp_ip.h"
#include "http_server.h"
```

### Functions

- INT8 [https\\_init](#) (void)  
*Initialize HTTP server variables.*
- void [https\\_run](#) (void)
- INT32 [https\\_eventlistener](#) (INT8 cbhandle, UINT8 event, UINT32 par1, UINT32 par2)
- void [https\\_deletesession](#) (UINT8 ses)
- INT16 [https\\_searchsession](#) (UINT8 soch)
- INT16 [https\\_bindsession](#) (UINT8 soch)
- void [https\\_activatesession](#) (UINT8 ses)
- UINT8 [https\\_read\\_encoded](#) (void)
- INT16 [https\\_calculatehash](#) (UINT32 len)

### Variables

- UINT8 [https\\_enabled](#) = 0
  - [http\\_server\\_state https](#) [NO\_OF\_HTTP\_SESSIONS]  
*Used for storing state information about different HTTP sessions.*
- 

### Function Documentation

#### **void https\_activatesession (UINT8 ses)**

Definition at line 408 of file http\_server.c.

#### **INT16 https\_bindsession (UINT8 soch)**

Definition at line 386 of file http\_server.c.

#### **INT16 https\_calculatehash (UINT32 len)**

Definition at line 457 of file http\_server.c.

**void https\_deletesession (UINT8 ses)**

Definition at line 361 of file http\_server.c.

**INT32 https\_eventlistener (INT8 cbhandle, UINT8 event, UINT32 par1, UINT32 par2)**

Definition at line 202 of file http\_server.c.

**INT8 https\_init (void)**

Initialize HTTP server variables.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasysems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasysems.com))

**Date:**

13.10.2002

This function should be called before the HTTP Server application is used to set the operating parameters of it

Definition at line 27 of file http\_server.c.

**UINT8 https\_read\_encoded (void)**

Definition at line 417 of file http\_server.c.

**void https\_run (void)**

Definition at line 87 of file http\_server.c.

**INT16 https\_searchsession (UINT8 soch)**

Definition at line 371 of file http\_server.c.

**Variable Documentation****struct [http\\_server\\_state https](#)[NO\_OF\_HTTP\_SESSIONS]**

Used for storing state information about different HTTP sessions.

This is an array of [http\\_server\\_state](#) structures holding various state information about the HTTP sessions. HTTP server uses this information to determine actions that need to be taken on sockets.

Definition at line 17 of file http\_server.c.

#### UINT8 [https\\_enabled](#) = 0

Defines whether https\_init has already been invoked or not

Definition at line 9 of file http\_server.c.

---

## http\_server.h File Reference

```
#include "datatypes.h"
```

### Data Structures

- struct [http\\_server\\_state](#)  
*Structure that holds all the necessary state information for session management.*

### Defines

- #define [NO\\_OF\\_HTTP\\_SESSIONS](#) 3  
*Defines number of simultaneous HTTP sessions.*
- #define [HTTPS\\_SERVERPORT](#) 80  
*HTTP server port on which we'll listen.*
- #define [HTTPS\\_STATE\\_FREE](#) 1
- #define [HTTPS\\_STATE\\_RESERVED](#) 2
- #define [HTTPS\\_STATE\\_ACTIVE](#) 3

### Functions

- INT32 [https\\_eventlistener](#) (INT8, UINT8, UINT32, UINT32)
- INT8 [https\\_init](#) (void)  
*Initialize HTTP server variables.*
- void [https\\_run](#) (void)
- void [https\\_deletesession](#) (UINT8)

- INT16 [https\\_searchsession](#) (UINT8)
- INT16 [https\\_bindsession](#) (UINT8)
- void [https\\_activatesession](#) (UINT8)
- INT16 [https\\_calculatehash](#) (UINT32)
- INT16 [https\\_findfile](#) (UINT8, UINT8)  
*Brief function description here.*
- INT16 [https\\_loadbuffer](#) (UINT8, UINT8 \*, UINT16)  
*Fill network transmit buffer with HTTP headers&data.*

## Variables

- [http\\_server\\_state\\_https](#) []  
*Used for storing state information about different HTTP sessions.*

## Define Documentation

### **#define HTTPS\_SERVERPORT 80**

HTTP server port on which we'll listen.

This defines on what TCP port the HTTP server will listen for incoming connections/requests. For HTTP standard port is 80.

Definition at line 21 of file http\_server.h.

### **#define HTTPS\_STATE\_ACTIVE 3**

HTTP Server state: session entry (and the session itself) are active.

Definition at line 30 of file http\_server.h.

### **#define HTTPS\_STATE\_FREE 1**

HTTP Server state: session entry free and available

Definition at line 24 of file http\_server.h.

### **#define HTTPS\_STATE\_RESERVED 2**

HTTP Server state: session entry is reserved and therefore not available

Definition at line 27 of file http\_server.h.

### **#define NO\_OF\_HTTP\_SESSIONS 3**

Defines number of simultaneous HTTP sessions.



Change this define to change how many simultaneous HTTP sessions will be possible at any given time. Note that this will require at least as much TCP sockets, so change [NO\\_OF\\_TCPSOCKETS](#) also!  
Definition at line 13 of file http\_server.h.

---

## Function Documentation

### **void https\_activatesession (UINT8)**

Definition at line 408 of file http\_server.c.

### **INT16 https\_bindsession (UINT8)**

Definition at line 386 of file http\_server.c.

### **INT16 https\_calculatehash (UINT32)**

Definition at line 457 of file http\_server.c.

### **void https\_deletesession (UINT8)**

Definition at line 361 of file http\_server.c.

### **INT32 https\_eventlistener (INT8, UINT8, UINT32, UINT32)**

Definition at line 202 of file http\_server.c.

### **INT16 https\_findfile (UINT8 *hash*, UINT8 *ses*)**

Brief function description here.

#### **Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### **Date:**

09.10.2002

#### **Parameters:**

*hash* Calculated file-name hash value. Used so that the whole file name doesn't need to be stored in RAM  
*ses* HTTP session identifier

**Returns:**

- -1 - This function should return -1 if no file has been found
- 1 - This function should return 1 if a file with appropriate hash value has been found.

**Warning:**

- This function **MUST** be implemented by user application to work with local configuration

This function is invoked by the HTTP server once a hash value of a requested file name has been calculated. User application uses this hash value to check if appropriate file is available to web server. Appropriate https session entry is then filled accordingly.

Definition at line 37 of file https\_callbacks.c.

**INT8 https\_init (void)**

Initialize HTTP server variables.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasysems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasysems.com))

**Date:**

13.10.2002

This function should be called before the HTTP Server application is used to set the operating parameters of it

Definition at line 27 of file http\_server.c.

**INT16 https\_loadbuffer (UINT8 ses, UINT8 \* buf, UINT16 buflen)**

Fill network transmit buffer with HTTP headers&data.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

09.10.2002

**Parameters:**

*ses* HTTP session identifier

*buf* Pointer to buffer where data is to be stored  
*buflen* Length of the buffer in bytes

**Returns:**

- $\geq 0$  - Number of bytes written to buffer

**Warning:**

- This function **MUST** be implemented by user application to work with local configuration

This handlers' job is to fill the buffer with the data that web server should return back through the TCP connection. This is accomplished based session identifier and values of variables in appropriate https entry.

Definition at line 105 of file https\_callbacks.c.

**void https\_run (void)**

Definition at line 87 of file http\_server.c.

**INT16 https\_searchsession (UINT8)**

Definition at line 371 of file http\_server.c.

---

**Variable Documentation**
**struct [http\\_server\\_state](#) [https](#)[]**

Used for storing state information about different HTTP sessions.

This is an array of [http\\_server\\_state](#) structures holding various state information about the HTTP sessions. HTTP server uses this information to determine actions that need to be taken on sockets.

Definition at line 101 of file http\_server.h.

---

**https\_callbacks.c File Reference**

```
#include "datatypes.h"
#include "debug.h"
```

```
#include "globalvariables.h"
#include "system.h"
#include "http_server.h"
#include "FileSys.h"
```

## Functions

- INT16 [https\\_findfile](#) (UINT8 hash, UINT8 ses)  
*Brief function description here.*
- INT16 [https\\_loadbuffer](#) (UINT8 ses, UINT8 \*buf, UINT16 buflen)  
*Fill network transmit buffer with HTTP headers&data.*

## Variables

- const char [https\\_not\\_found\\_page](#) [] = "HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\nLast-modified: Mon, 17 May 2004 15:02:45 GMT\r\nServer: ESERV-10/1.0\r\nContent-type: text/html\r\nContent-length: 400\r\n\r\n<HEAD><TITLE>Viola Systems Embedded WEB Server</TITLE></HEAD><BODY><H2>HTTP 1.0 404 Error. File Not Found</H2>The requested URL was not found on this server.<HR><BR><I>Viola Systems Embedded WEB Server 2.01, 2004<BR><A HREF=http://192.168.2.3/index.htm>Did you wish 192.168.2.3/index.htm?</I></A><BR><A HREF=http://www.violasystems.com>www.violasystems.com - Embedding The Internet</A></BODY>"  
*File not found message.*

## Function Documentation

### INT16 [https\\_findfile](#) (UINT8 *hash*, UINT8 *ses*)

Brief function description here.

#### Author:

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### Date:

09.10.2002

#### Parameters:

*hash* Calculated file-name hash value. Used so that the whole file name doesn't need to be stored in RAM  
*ses* HTTP session identifier

**Returns:**

- -1 - This function should return -1 if no file has been found
- 1 - This function should return 1 if a file with appropriate hash value has been found.

**Warning:**

- This function **MUST** be implemented by user application to work with local configuration

This function is invoked by the HTTP server once a hash value of a requested file name has been calculated. User application uses this hash value to check if appropriate file is available to web server. Appropriate https session entry is then filled accordingly.

Definition at line 37 of file https\_callbacks.c.

**INT16 https\_loadbuffer (UINT8 ses, UINT8 \* buf, UINT16 buflen)**

Fill network transmit buffer with HTTP headers&data.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

09.10.2002

**Parameters:**

*ses* HTTP session identifier  
*buf* Pointer to buffer where data is to be stored  
*buflen* Length of the buffer in bytes

**Returns:**

- $\geq 0$  - Number of bytes written to buffer

**Warning:**

- This function **MUST** be implemented by user application to work with local configuration

This handlers' job is to fill the buffer with the data that web server should return back through the TCP connection. This is accomplished based session identifier and values of variables in appropriate https entry.

Definition at line 105 of file https\_callbacks.c.

---

### Variable Documentation

```
const char https\_not\_found\_page[] = "HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\nLast-modified: Mon, 17 May 2004 15:02:45 GMT\r\nServer: ESERV-10/1.0\r\nContent-type: text/html\r\nContent-length: 400\r\n\r\n<HEAD><TITLE>Viola Systems Embedded WEB Server</TITLE></HEAD><BODY><H2>HTTP 1.0 404 Error. File Not Found</H2>The requested URL was not found on this server.<HR><BR><I>Viola Systems Embedded WEB Server 2.01, 2004<BR><A HREF=http://192.168.2.3/index.htm>Did you wish 192.168.2.3/index.htm?</I></A><BR><A HREF=http://www.violasystems.com>www.violasystems.com - Embedding The Internet</A></BODY>"
```

File not found message.

Message that will be displayed if a file with appropriate name (hash value) was not found.

Definition at line 14 of file https\_callbacks.c.

---

## icmp.c File Reference

---

### Detailed Description

OpenTCP ICMP implementation.

#### Author:

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### Version:

1.0

#### Date:

8.7.2002

**Bug:****Warning:****Todo:**

- Add more functionality, not just ICMP Echo request/reply (possibly Destination unreachable processing)
- IP address setting option should be runtime or #define configurable

OpenTCP ICMP implementation. Functions and other ICMP-related stuff is declared in [tcp\\_ip.h](#).

Definition in file [icmp.c](#).

```
#include "debug.h"
#include "datatypes.h"
#include "ethernet.h"
#include "ip.h"
#include "tcp_ip.h"
#include "system.h"
```

**Functions**

- INT16 [process\\_icmp\\_in](#) (struct [ip\\_frame](#) \*frame, UINT16 len)  
*Process recieved ICMP datagram.*

---

**Function Documentation**

**INT16 [process\\_icmp\\_in](#) (struct [ip\\_frame](#) \* frame, UINT16 len)**

Process recieved ICMP datagram.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

08.07.2002

**Parameters:**

*frame* - pointer to received IP frame structure  
*len* - length of the received IP datagram (in bytes)

**Returns:**

- -1 - packet not OK (not proper ICMP or not ICMP at all)
- $\geq 0$  - packet OK

Invoke `process_icmp_in` whenever IP datagram containing ICMP message is detected (see `main_demo.c` for example main loop implementing this).

This function simply checks correctness of received ICMP message and send ICMP replies when requested.

Definition at line 97 of file `icmp.c`.

---

## Init.c File Reference

```
#include "datatypes.h"
#include "ne64debug.h"
```

### Functions

- void [init](#) (void)

---

### Function Documentation

#### **void init (void)**

Definition at line 9 of file `Init.c`.

---

## ip.c File Reference

---

### Detailed Description

OpenTCP IP protocol implementation.



**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))
- Vladan Jovanovic ([vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com](mailto:vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com))

**Version:**

1.0

**Date:**

11.6.2002

**Bug:**

**Warning:**

**Todo:**

- Implement stub handler for supporting fragmented datagrams ( may be usefull on MCUs with lots of available RAM)

OpenTCP IP protocol implementation functions. For declaration, constants and data structures refer to [ip.h](#).

Definition in file [ip.c](#).

```
#include "debug.h"
#include "datatypes.h"
#include "ethernet.h"
#include "arp.h"
#include "ip.h"
#include "system.h"
```

**Functions**

- INT16 [process\\_ip\\_in](#) (struct [ethernet\\_frame](#) \*frame)  
*Process received IP frame.*
- INT16 [process\\_ip\\_out](#) (UINT32 ipadr, UINT8 pcol, UINT8 tos, UINT8 ttl, UINT8 \*dat, UINT16 len)  
*Try to send out IP frame.*
- UINT32 [ip\\_construct\\_cs](#) (struct [ip\\_frame](#) \*frame)  
*Construct checksum of the IP header.*

- UINT8 [ip\\_check\\_cs](#) (struct [ip\\_frame](#) \*frame)  
*Check IP frame's checksum.*
- UINT16 [ip\\_checksum](#) (UINT16 cs, UINT8 dat, UINT8 count)  
*Used for constructing IP checksum.*
- UINT32 [ip\\_checksum\\_buf](#) (UINT16 cs, UINT8 \*buf, UINT16 len)  
*Used for constructing IP checksum of a data buffer.*

## Variables

- [ip\\_frame\\_received\\_ip\\_packet](#)  
*Used for storing various information about the incoming IP packet.*
  - [ip\\_frame\\_send\\_ip\\_packet](#)  
*Used for storing various information about the outgoing IP packet.*
  - UINT16 [ip\\_id](#)
- 

## Function Documentation

### UINT8 [ip\\_check\\_cs](#) (struct [ip\\_frame](#) \* frame)

Check IP frame's checksum.

#### Author:

- Jari Lahti

#### Date:

11.06.2002

#### Parameters:

*frame* pointer to IP frame to be checked

#### Returns:

- 0 - checksum corrupted
- 1 - checksum OK

Checksum of an IP packet is calculated and compared with the received checksum. Error is signaled if there is discrepancy between them.

Definition at line 453 of file ip.c.

**UINT16 ip\_checksum (UINT16 *cs*, UINT8 *dat*, UINT8 *count*)**

Used for constructing IP checksum.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti

**Date:**

24.02.2002

**Parameters:**

*cs* last checksum value

*dat* byte to be added to checksum

*count* byte indicating whether *dat* is MSB or LSB byte

**Returns:**

new checksum value

Based on *count* value, *dat* byte is added to checksum either as a MSB or a LSB byte and the new checksum value is then returned.

Definition at line 518 of file ip.c.

**UINT32 ip\_checksum\_buf (UINT16 *cs*, UINT8 \* *buf*, UINT16 *len*)**

Used for constructing IP checksum of a data buffer.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti

**Date:**

03.08.2003

**Parameters:**

*cs* last checksum value

*buf* buffer who's checksum we're calculating

*len* length of data in buffer

**Returns:**

new checksum value

Calculates checksum of the data in buffer and returns new checksum value.

Definition at line 563 of file ip.c.

**UINT32 ip\_construct\_cs (struct [ip\\_frame](#) \* frame)**

Construct checksum of the IP header.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti

**Date:**

08.07.2002

**Parameters:**

*frame* pointer to [ip\\_frame](#) structure holding header information based on which checksum is calculated

**Returns:**

Calculated checksum  
Checksum of the supplied IP datagram is calculated.  
Definition at line 396 of file ip.c.

**INT16 process\_ip\_in (struct [ethernet\\_frame](#) \* frame)**

Process received IP frame.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti

**Date:**

11.06.2002

**Parameters:**

*frame* pointer to [ethernet\\_frame](#) structure holding information about the received frame that carries IP datagram.

**Returns:**

- -1 - IP packet not OK
- >0 - Length of next layer data (IP packet OK)

Process received IP packet by checking necessary header information and storing it accordingly to `received_ip_packet` variable. If everything checks out, return length of the data carried in the IP datagram (for higher-level protocols), otherwise return -1.

Definition at line 115 of file ip.c.

**INT16 process\_ip\_out (UINT32 *ipadr*, UINT8 *pcol*, UINT8 *tos*, UINT8 *tll*, UINT8 \* *dat*, UINT16 *len*)**

Try to send out IP frame.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti

**Date:**

11.06.2002

**Parameters:**

*ipadr* remote IP address

*pcol* protocol over IP used. Can be one of the following:

- [IP\\_ICMP](#)
- [IP\\_UDP](#)
- [IP\\_TCP](#)

*tos* type of service required

*tll* time to live header field of IP packet

*dat* pointer to data buffer

*len* length of data to be sent in IP datagram

**Returns:**

- -1 - general error
- -2 - ARP cache not ready
- >0 - number of data bytes sent (packet OK)

Invoke this function to perform all of the necessary preparation in order to send out an IP packet.

These include:

- Consulting ARP cache for HW address to send the packet to
- Filling send\_ip\_packet variable with correct values
- Calculating checksum for the IP packet
- Adding datalink header information
- Sending IP header and data
- Instructing NIC to send the data

Definition at line 286 of file ip.c.

## Variable Documentation

### UINT16 [ip\\_id](#)

ID field in the next IP packet that will be sent

Definition at line 97 of file ip.c.

### struct [ip\\_frame received\\_ip\\_packet](#)

Used for storing various information about the incoming IP packet.

Various fields from the IP packet are stored in this structure. These values are later used from other upper layer protocols (ICMP, UDP, TCP and possibly others) to extract needed information about the received packet. See [ip\\_frame](#) definition for struct information.

Definition at line 85 of file ip.c.

### struct [ip\\_frame send\\_ip\\_packet](#)

Used for storing various information about the outgoing IP packet.

Various fields from the IP packet are stored in this structure. These values are filled based on the information supplied by the upper layer protocols (ICMP, UDP, TCP and possibly others) and used to form a correct IP packet (correct field values, checksum,..). See [ip\\_frame](#) definition for struct information.

Definition at line 95 of file ip.c.

---

## ip.h File Reference

---

### Detailed Description

OpenTCP IP interface file.

#### Author:

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### Version:

1.0

#### Date:

11.6.2002

OpenTCP IP function declarations, constants, etc.  
Definition in file [ip.h](#).

## Data Structures

- struct [ip\\_frame](#)  
*IP datagram header fields.*

## Defines

- #define [PHY\\_ADR\\_LEN](#) ETH\_ADDRESS\_LEN
- #define [IP\\_ICMP](#) 0x01
- #define [IP\\_UDP](#) 17
- #define [IP\\_TCP](#) 6
- #define [IP\\_HLEN](#) 20
- #define [IP\\_MIN\\_HLEN](#) 20
- #define [IP\\_DEF\\_VIHL](#) 0x45
- #define [IP\\_DEF\\_TTL](#) 100
- #define [MAX\\_IP\\_OPTLEN](#) 40
- #define [IP\\_MAX\\_HLEN](#) IP\_MIN\_HLEN + MAX\_IP\_OPTLEN
- #define [IP\\_DONT\\_FRAGMENT](#) 0x4000
- #define [IP\\_FRAGOFF](#) 0x1FFF
- #define [IP\\_MOREFRAGS](#) 0x2000
- #define [IP\\_GOOD\\_CS](#) 0
- #define [IPO\\_COPY](#) 0x80
- #define [IPO\\_NOP](#) 0x01
- #define [IPO\\_EOOP](#) 0x00
- #define [IP\\_BROADCAST\\_ADDRESS](#) 0xFFFFFFFF

## Functions

- INT16 [process\\_ip\\_in](#) (struct [ethernet\\_frame](#) \*)  
*Process received IP frame.*
- INT16 [process\\_ip\\_out](#) (UINT32, UINT8, UINT8, UINT8, UINT8 \*, UINT16)  
*Try to send out IP frame.*
- UINT8 [ip\\_check\\_cs](#) (struct [ip\\_frame](#) \*)  
*Check IP frame's checksum.*
- UINT16 [ip\\_checksum](#) (UINT16, UINT8, UINT8)  
*Used for constructing IP checksum.*
- UINT32 [ip\\_checksum\\_buf](#) (UINT16 cs, UINT8 \*buf, UINT16 len)

*Used for constructing IP checksum of a data buffer.*

- UINT32 [ip\\_construct\\_cs](#) (struct [ip\\_frame](#) \*)  
*Construct checksum of the IP header.*
- 

## Define Documentation

**#define IP\_BROADCAST\_ADDRESS 0xFFFFFFFF**

Definition at line 94 of file ip.h.

**#define IP\_DEF\_TTL 100**

Definition at line 76 of file ip.h.

**#define IP\_DEF\_VIHL 0x45**

Definition at line 75 of file ip.h.

**#define IP\_DONT\_FRAGMENT 0x4000**

Definition at line 80 of file ip.h.

**#define IP\_FRAGOFF 0x1FFF**

Definition at line 81 of file ip.h.

**#define IP\_GOOD\_CS 0**

Definition at line 84 of file ip.h.

**#define IP\_HLEN 20**

Definition at line 73 of file ip.h.

**#define IP\_ICMP 0x01**

ICMP over IP

Definition at line 69 of file ip.h.



**#define IP\_MAX\_HLEN IP\_MIN\_HLEN + MAX\_IP\_OPTLEN**

Definition at line 78 of file ip.h.

**#define IP\_MIN\_HLEN 20**

Definition at line 74 of file ip.h.

**#define IP\_MOREFRAGS 0x2000**

Definition at line 82 of file ip.h.

**#define IP\_TCP 6**

TCP over IP

Definition at line 71 of file ip.h.

**#define IP\_UDP 17**

UDP over IP

Definition at line 70 of file ip.h.

**#define IPO\_COPY 0x80**

Definition at line 88 of file ip.h.

**#define IPO\_EOOP 0x00**

Definition at line 90 of file ip.h.

**#define IPO\_NOP 0x01**

Definition at line 89 of file ip.h.

**#define MAX\_IP\_OPTLEN 40**

Definition at line 77 of file ip.h.

**#define PHY\_ADR\_LEN ETH\_ADDRESS\_LEN**

Lower-layer physical address length

Definition at line 67 of file ip.h.

## Function Documentation

### UINT8 ip\_check\_cs (struct [ip\\_frame](#) \* frame)

Check IP frame's checksum.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti

**Date:**

11.06.2002

**Parameters:**

*frame* pointer to IP frame to be checked

**Returns:**

- 0 - checksum corrupted
- 1 - checksum OK

Checksum of an IP packet is calculated and compared with the received checksum. Error is signaled if there is discrepancy between them.

Definition at line 453 of file ip.c.

### UINT16 ip\_checksum (UINT16 cs, UINT8 dat, UINT8 count)

Used for constructing IP checksum.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti

**Date:**

24.02.2002

**Parameters:**

*cs* last checksum value

*dat* byte to be added to checksum

*count* byte indicating whether dat is MSB or LSB byte

**Returns:**

new checksum value

Based on count value, dat byte is added to checksum either as a MSB or a LSB byte and the new checksum value is then returned.

Definition at line 518 of file ip.c.

### **UINT32 ip\_checksum\_buf (UINT16 *cs*, UINT8 \* *buf*, UINT16 *len*)**

Used for constructing IP checksum of a data buffer.

#### **Author:**

- Jari Lahti

#### **Date:**

03.08.2003

#### **Parameters:**

*cs* last checksum value

*buf* buffer who's checksum we're calculating

*len* length of data in buffer

#### **Returns:**

new checksum value

Calculates checksum of the data in buffer and returns new checksum value.

Definition at line 563 of file ip.c.

### **UINT32 ip\_construct\_cs (struct [ip\\_frame](#) \* *frame*)**

Construct checksum of the IP header.

#### **Author:**

- Jari Lahti

#### **Date:**

08.07.2002

#### **Parameters:**

*frame* pointer to [ip\\_frame](#) structure holding header information based on which checksum is calculated

#### **Returns:**

Calculated checksum

Checksum of the supplied IP datagram is calculated.

Definition at line 396 of file ip.c.

#### INT16 process\_ip\_in (struct [ethernet\\_frame](#) \* frame)

Process received IP frame.

##### Author:

- Jari Lahti

##### Date:

11.06.2002

##### Parameters:

*frame* pointer to [ethernet\\_frame](#) structure holding information about the received frame that carries IP datagram.

##### Returns:

- -1 - IP packet not OK
- >0 - Length of next layer data (IP packet OK)

Process received IP packet by checking necessary header information and storing it accordingly to `received_ip_packet` variable. If everything checks out, return length of the data carried in the IP datagram (for higher-level protocols), otherwise return -1.

Definition at line 115 of file ip.c.

#### INT16 process\_ip\_out (UINT32 *ipadr*, UINT8 *pcol*, UINT8 *tos*, UINT8 *ttl*, UINT8 \* *dat*, UINT16 *len*)

Try to send out IP frame.

##### Author:

- Jari Lahti

##### Date:

11.06.2002

##### Parameters:

*ipadr* remote IP address

*pcol* protocol over IP used. Can be one of the following:

- [IP\\_ICMP](#)
- [IP\\_UDP](#)
- [IP\\_TCP](#)

*tos* type of service required  
*tll* time to live header field of IP packet  
*dat* pointer to data buffer  
*len* length of data to be sent in IP datagram

**Returns:**

- -1 - general error
- -2 - ARP cache not ready
- >0 - number of data bytes sent (packet OK)

Invoke this function to perform all of the necessary preparation in order to send out an IP packet. These include:

- Consulting ARP cache for HW address to send the packet to
- Filling `send_ip_packet` variable with correct values
- Calculating checksum for the IP packet
- Adding datalink header information
- Sending IP header and data
- Instructing NIC to send the data

Definition at line 286 of file `ip.c`.

---

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---

## main.c File Reference

```
#include "debug.h"
#include "datatypes.h"
#include "timers.h"
#include "system.h"
#include "ethernet.h"
#include "arp.h"
#include "ip.h"
#include "tcp_ip.h"
#include "http_server.h"
#include "smtp_client.h"
#include "ne64driver.h"
#include "ne64api.h"
#include "mBuf.h"
#include "ne64config.h"
#include "udp_demo.h"
#include "address.h"
#include "MC9S12NE64.h"
```

## Functions

- void [RTI\\_Enable](#) (void)
- void [main](#) (void)
- interrupt void [PortHInterrupt](#) (void)



## Variables

- [netif localmachine](#)
  - tU16 [gotxflowc](#)
  - tU08 [gotlink](#)
  - tU08 [ourbuffer](#) [1518]
- 

## Function Documentation

### **void main (void)**

Definition at line 55 of file main.c.

### **interrupt void PortHInterrupt (void)**

Definition at line 192 of file main.c.

### **void RTI\_Enable (void)**

Definition at line 32 of file RTI.c.

---

## Variable Documentation

### **tU08 [gotlink](#)**

Definition at line 42 of file main.c.

### **tU16 [gotxflowc](#)**

Global Variable For Determination of Flow Control Packets are sent in Full Duplex defined in "main.c"

Definition at line 41 of file main.c.

### **struct [netif localmachine](#)**

**MUST BE PUT SOMEWHERE**

Definition at line 37 of file main.c.



**tU08 [ourbuffer](#)[1518]**

Space for packet temporary storage if zero copy not used

Definition at line 46 of file main.c.

---

## mBuf.c File Reference

```
#include "mBuf.h"
```

### Defines

- `#define MBUFS\_NUM 2`

### Functions

- void [mBufInit](#) (void)
- INT16 [mENQUEUE](#) ([MBUF](#) \*m)
- [MBUF](#) \* [mDEQUEUE](#) (void)

### Variables

- [MBUF](#) [mBufs](#) [MBUFS\_NUM]
  - [MBUF](#) [mBufTx](#)
- 

## Define Documentation

### **#define MBUFS\_NUM 2**

Definition at line 14 of file mBuf.c.

---

## Function Documentation

### **void mBufInit (void)**

Definition at line 24 of file mBuf.c.

**[MBUF](#)\* mDEQUEUE (void)**

Definition at line 75 of file mBuf.c.

**INT16 mENQUEUE ([MBUF](#) \* *m*)**

Definition at line 47 of file mBuf.c.

**Variable Documentation****[MBUF](#) mBufs[MBUFS\_NUM]**

Definition at line 16 of file mBuf.c.

**[MBUF](#) mBufTx**

Definition at line 17 of file mBuf.c.

**mBuf.h File Reference**

```
#include "MotTypes.h"
```

**Data Structures**

- struct [MBUF](#)

**Defines**

- #define [MBUF\\_NOTEMPTY](#) 0x0001
- #define [mBUFTOPTR](#)(n, t) ((t)((n)))

**Typedefs**

- typedef [MBUF](#) [MBUF](#)

## Functions

- void [mBufInit](#) (void)
  - INT16 [mENQUEUE](#) ([MBUF](#) \*m)
  - [MBUF](#) \* [mDEQUEUE](#) (void)
- 

## Define Documentation

**#define MBUF\_NOTEMPTY 0x0001**

Definition at line 17 of file mBuf.h.

**#define mBUFTOPTR(n, t) ((t)((n)))**

Definition at line 32 of file mBuf.h.

---

## Typedef Documentation

typedef struct [MBUF](#) [MBUF](#)

---

## Function Documentation

**void mBufInit (void)**

Definition at line 24 of file mBuf.c.

**[MBUF](#)\* mDEQUEUE (void)**

Definition at line 75 of file mBuf.c.

**INT16 mENQUEUE ([MBUF](#) \* m)**

Definition at line 47 of file mBuf.c.

---

## ne64api.c File Reference

```
#include "MotTypes.h"
#include <string.h>
#include "MC9S12NE64.h"
#include "ne64api.h"
#include "mBuf.h"
```

### Functions

- void [NE64InitializeOffsetToReadRxBuffer](#) (UINT16 offset)
- UINT8 [NE64ReadByte](#) (void)  
*NE64ReadByte: Read a byte from the RX buffer.*
- UINT16 [NE64ReadWord](#) (void)
- void [NE64ReadBytes](#) (UINT8 \*buf, UINT16 len)
- void [NE64InitializeTransmissionBuffer](#) (UINT8 page)
- void [NE64WriteEthernetHeaderToTxBuffer](#) (struct [TEthernetFrame](#) \*frame)
- void [NE64StartFrameTransmission](#) (UINT16 len)
- void [NE64WriteByte](#) (UINT8 dat)
- void [NE64WriteWord](#) (UINT16 dat)
- void [NE64WriteBytes](#) (UINT8 \*buf, UINT16 len)
- UINT16 [NE64Receive](#) (void \*PktBuffer, UINT16 len, UINT16 flags)
- UINT16 [NE64ValidFrameReception](#) (void)  
*NE64ValidFrameReception: Checks for valid reception of data in the RX buffers.*
- void [NE64FreeReceiveBuffer](#) (void)  
*NE64FreeReceiveBuffer: Clear RX receive flag.*
- void \* [NE64GetCurrentReceivedFrame](#) (void)  
*NE64FreeReceiveBuffer: Clear RX receive flag.*

### Variables

- void \* [emacFIFOa](#) []
  - void \* [emacFIFOb](#) []
  - void \* [emacFIFOtx](#) []
  - [MBUF](#) [mBufTx](#)
  - [MBUF](#) \* [pCurrentMBuf](#) = (void \*)0
  - [MBUF](#) \* [pCurrentSendMBuf](#) = (void \*)0
  - [TEthernetFrame](#) [received\\_frame](#)
  - [TEthernetFrame](#) [send\\_frame](#)
-

## Function Documentation

### **void NE64FreeReceiveBuffer (void)**

NE64FreeReceiveBuffer: Clear RX receive flag.

This function clears the RX receive flag and makes the buffer available for the next packet to be recieved. This function also initializes the RX buffer pointers

**Parameters:**

*None*

**Returns:**

None

**Todo:**

**Bug:**

**Warning:**

Do not clear the data in the recieve buffer until the data is not needed. This function needs a global variable to point to the RX buffer

Definition at line 199 of file ne64api.c.

### **void\* NE64GetCurrentReceivedFrame (void)**

NE64FreeReceiveBuffer: Clear RX receive flag.

**Parameters:**

*None*

**Returns:**

None

**Todo:**

This function needs more testing

**Bug:**

**Warning:**

None

Definition at line 218 of file ne64api.c.

#### **void NE64InitializeOffsetToReadRxBuffer (UINT16 *offset*)**

Definition at line 34 of file ne64api.c.

#### **void NE64InitializeTransmissionBuffer (UINT8 *page*)**

Definition at line 72 of file ne64api.c.

#### **UINT8 NE64ReadByte (void)**

NE64ReadByte: Read a byte from the RX buffer.

This function reads a byte from the RX buffer and increments the RX buffer pointer. The buffer read is buffer that triggered reception of valid data.

##### **Parameters:**

*none*

##### **Returns:**

Data read from buffer

##### **Todo:**

This function need more testing

##### **Bug:**

##### **Warning:**

Do not clear the data in the recieve buffer until the data is not needed. This function needs a global variable to point to the RX buffer

Definition at line 41 of file ne64api.c.

#### **void NE64ReadBytes (UINT8 \* *buf*, UINT16 *len*)**

Definition at line 64 of file ne64api.c.

#### **UINT16 NE64ReadWord (void)**

Definition at line 51 of file ne64api.c.

**UINT16 NE64Receive (void \* *PktBuffer*, UINT16 *len*, UINT16 *flags*)**

Definition at line 154 of file ne64api.c.

**void NE64StartFrameTransmission (UINT16 *len*)**

Definition at line 109 of file ne64api.c.

**UINT16 NE64ValidFrameReception (void)**

NE64ValidFrameReception: Checks for valid reception of data in the RX buffers.

This function checks for valid reception of data in the RX buffers. This function also records which buffer has the valid data in a global variable.

Moreover, this function stores the packet data including: the destination MAC HW address, the source MAC HW address, the packet length/type field, and the size in bytes of the Ethernet MAC header. This information is stored in a global variable/received\_frame structure .

**Parameters:**

*None*

**Returns:**

Returns TRUE if the RX buffers have valid data in the buffers

**Todo:**

This function needs more testing

**Bug:****Warning:**

Do not clear the data in the receive buffer until the data is not needed. This function needs a global variable to point to the receive buffer

Definition at line 189 of file ne64api.c.

**void NE64WriteByte (UINT8 *dat*)**

Definition at line 118 of file ne64api.c.

**void NE64WriteBytes (UINT8 \* *buf*, UINT16 *len*)**

Definition at line 138 of file ne64api.c.

**void NE64WriteEthernetHeaderToTxBuffer (struct [TEthernetFrame](#) \* frame)**

Definition at line 87 of file ne64api.c.

**void NE64WriteWord (UINT16 dat)**

Definition at line 126 of file ne64api.c.

---

## Variable Documentation

**void\* [emacFIFOa](#)[]**

Definition at line 18 of file ne64api.c.

**void\* [emacFIOb](#)[]**

Definition at line 19 of file ne64api.c.

**void\* [emacFIOtx](#)[]**

Definition at line 20 of file ne64api.c.

**[MBUF](#) [mBufTx](#)**

Definition at line 21 of file ne64api.c.

**[MBUF](#)\* [pCurrentMBuf](#) = (void \*)0**

Definition at line 24 of file ne64api.c.

**[MBUF](#)\* [pCurrentSendMBuf](#) = (void \*)0**

Definition at line 25 of file ne64api.c.

**struct [TEthernetFrame](#) [received\\_frame](#)**

See [ethernet.h](#)

Definition at line 29 of file ne64api.c.

**struct [TEthernetFrame](#) [send\\_frame](#)**

See [ethernet.h](#)



Definition at line 30 of file ne64api.c.

---

## ne64api.h File Reference

```
#include "MotTypes.h"
```

### Data Structures

- struct [TEthernetFrame](#)

### Defines

- #define [ETH\\_ADDRS\\_LEN](#) 6
- #define [ETH\\_HDR\\_LEN](#) 14

### Typedefs

- typedef [TEthernetFrame](#) [TEthernetFrame](#)

### Functions

- void [NE64WriteByte](#) (tU08 dat)  
*NE64WriteByte: Writes a byte to the TX buffer.*
- void [NE64WriteWord](#) (tU16 dat)
- void [NE64WriteBytes](#) (tU08 \*buf, tU16 len)  
*NE64WriteBytes: Writes a given number of data, len, to the TX buffer.*
- UINT8 [NE64ReadByte](#) (void)  
*NE64ReadByte: Read a byte from the RX buffer.*
- UINT16 [NE64ReadWord](#) (void)
- void [NE64ReadBytes](#) (tU08 \*buf, tU16 len)  
*NE64ReadBytes: Reads a specified number of bytes from the RX buffer.*
- void [NE64InitializeTransmissionBuffer](#) (tU08 page)  
*NE64InitializeTransmissionBuffer: Initializes the TX buffer pointer so that it points to the first byte location in the buffer.*

- void [NE64InitializeOffsetToReadRxBuffer](#) (tU16 pos)  
*NE64InitializeOffsetToReadRxBuffer: Initializes the offset in the receive buffer to start reading data from.*
  - void [NE64StartFrameTransmission](#) (tU16 len)  
*NE64StartFrameTransmission: Start Transmission of data in TX buffer.*
  - void [NE64WriteEthernetHeaderToTxBuffer](#) (struct [ethernet\\_frame](#) \*frame)  
*NE64WriteEthernetHeaderToTxBuffer: Writes the Ethernet Header into the TX buffer.*
  - UINT16 [NE64ValidFrameReception](#) (void)  
*NE64ValidFrameReception: Checks for valid reception of data in the RX buffers.*
  - void [NE64FreeReceiveBuffer](#) (void)  
*NE64FreeReceiveBuffer: Clear RX receive flag.*
  - void \* [NE64GetCurrentReceivedFrame](#) (void)  
*NE64FreeReceiveBuffer: Clear RX receive flag.*
- 

## Define Documentation

### **#define ETH\_ADDRS\_LEN 6**

Definition at line 17 of file ne64api.h.

### **#define ETH\_HDR\_LEN 14**

Definition at line 18 of file ne64api.h.

---

## Typedef Documentation

typedef struct [TEthernetFrame](#) [TEthernetFrame](#)

---

## Function Documentation

### **void NE64FreeReceiveBuffer (void)**

NE64FreeReceiveBuffer: Clear RX receive flag.

This function clears the RX receive flag and makes the buffer available for the next packet to be recieved. This function also initializes the RX buffer pointers

**Parameters:**

*None*

**Returns:**

None

**Todo:**

**Bug:**

**Warning:**

Do not clear the data in the recieve buffer until the data is not needed. This function needs a global variable to point to the RX buffer

Definition at line 199 of file ne64api.c.

### **void\* NE64GetCurrentReceivedFrame (void)**

NE64FreeReceiveBuffer: Clear RX receive flag.

**Parameters:**

*None*

**Returns:**

None

**Todo:**

This function needs more testing

**Bug:**

**Warning:**

None

Definition at line 218 of file ne64api.c.

**void NE64InitializeOffsetToReadRxBuffer (tU16 pos)**

NE64InitializeOffsetToReadRxBuffer: Initializes the offset in the receive buffer to start reading data from.

This function initializes the offset in the receive buffer to start reading data from by incrementing the RX buffer pointer to the desired location. The buffer initialized is set to the last buffer that triggered reception of valid data

**Parameters:**

*pos* - offset for receive buffer pointer

**Returns:**

No return value

**Todo:**

This function need more testing

**Bug:****Warning:**

Do not clear the data in the RX buffer until the data is not needed. This function needs a global variable to point to the RX buffer

**void NE64InitializeTransmissionBuffer (tU08 page)**

NE64InitializeTransmissionBuffer: Initializes the TX buffer pointer so that it points to the first byte location in the buffer.

This function initializes the TX buffer pointer to point so that it points to the first byte location in the buffer. This function needs a global variable to point to the Tx buffer.

**Parameters:**

*page*

**Returns:**

No return value

**Todo:**

This function need more testing

**Bug:****Warning:**

This function needs a global variable to point to the Tx buffer

**UINT8 NE64ReadByte (void)**

NE64ReadByte: Read a byte from the RX buffer.

This function reads a byte from the RX buffer and increments the RX buffer pointer. The buffer read is buffer that triggered reception of valid data.

**Parameters:**

*none*

**Returns:**

Data read from buffer

**Todo:**

This function need more testing

**Bug:****Warning:**

Do not clear the data in the receive buffer until the data is not needed. This function needs a global variable to point to the RX buffer

Definition at line 41 of file ne64api.c.

**void NE64ReadBytes (tU08 \* *buf*, tU16 *len*)**

NE64ReadBytes: Reads a specified number of bytes from the RX buffer.

This function reads a specified number of bytes, length, from the RX buffer and increments the RX buffer pointer. The buffer read is buffer that triggered reception of valid data.

**Parameters:**

*buf* - pointer to a buffer where the read data is placed

*len* - number of bytes to read

**Returns:**

None

**Todo:**

This function needs more testing Use word access instead of byte access to speed performance

**Bug:**

**Warning:**

Do not clear the data in the receive buffer until the data is not needed. This function needs a global variable to point to the RX buffer

**UINT16 NE64ReadWord (void)**

Definition at line 51 of file ne64api.c.

**void NE64StartFrameTransmission (tU16 *len*)**

NE64StartFrameTransmission: Start Transmission of data in TX buffer.

This function start Transmission of data in TX buffer

**Parameters:**

*len* - Length of data to transmit (NOTE: this value does NOT include the number of bytes in the MAC Ethernet Header.

**Returns:**

No return value

**Todo:**

This function needs more testing

**Bug:**

**Warning:**

This function needs a global variable to point to the TX buffer

**UINT16 NE64ValidFrameReception (void)**

NE64ValidFrameReception: Checks for valid reception of data in the RX buffers.

This function checks for valid reception of data in the RX buffers. This function also records which buffer has the valid data in a global variable.

Moreover, this function stores the packet data including: the destination MAC HW address, the source MAC HW address, the packet length/type field, and the size in bytes of the Ethernet MAC header. This information is stored in a global variable/received\_frame structure .

**Parameters:**

*None*

**Returns:**

Returns TRUE if the RX buffers have valid data in the buffers

**Todo:**

This function needs more testing

**Bug:****Warning:**

Do not clear the data in the receive buffer until the data is not needed. This function needs a global variable to point to the receive buffer

Definition at line 189 of file ne64api.c.

**void NE64WriteByte (tU08 dat)**

NE64WriteByte: Writes a byte to the TX buffer.

This function writes a byte to the TX buffer. This function also increments the pointer of to the next byte in the TX buffer.

**Parameters:**

*dat* - data byte to write to the TX buffer

**Returns:**

No return value

**Todo:**

This function needs more testing. Use word access instead of byte access to speed performance

**Bug:****Warning:**

This functions need a global variable to point to the TX buffer

**void NE64WriteBytes (tU08 \* *buf*, tU16 *len*)**

NE64WriteBytes: Writes a given number of data, *len*, to the TX buffer.

This function writes a given number of data, *len*, to the TX buffer. This function also increments the pointer of to the next byte in the TX buffer.

**Parameters:**

*buf* - pointer to data to write to the TX buffer

*len* - number of bytes to write to the TX buffer

**Returns:**

No return value

**Todo:**

This function need more testing Use word access instead of byte access to speed performance

**Bug:****Warning:**

This function need a global variable to point to the TX buffer

**void NE64WriteEthernetHeaderToTxBuffer (struct [ethernet\\_frame](#) \* *frame*)**

NE64WriteEthernetHeaderToTxBuffer: Writes the Ethernet Header into the TX buffer.

This function Writes the MAC Ethernet Header into the TX buffer. The Ethernet Header includes the MAC destination address, MAC source address, and the length/type fields. This function also increments the pointer of to the next byte in the TX buffer after the MAC Ethernet Header.

**Parameters:**

*frame* - Pointer to [ethernet\\_frame](#)

**Returns:**



No return value

**Todo:**

This function need more testing

**Bug:**

**Warning:**

NE64InitializeTransmissionBuffer needs to be called before  
NE64WriteEthernetHeaderToTxBuffer

**void NE64WriteWord (tU16 *dat*)**

---

## ne64config.h File Reference

### Defines

- #define [WORD\\_ACCESS](#) 1
- #define [ZERO\\_COPY](#) 1
- #define [RX\\_POLL\\_MODE](#) 0
- #define [AUTO\\_NEG](#) 1
- #define [HALF100](#) 1
- #define [FULL100](#) 1
- #define [HALF10](#) 1
- #define [FULL10](#) 1
- #define [AUTO\\_NEG\\_TIMEOUT](#) 0
- #define [BUFMAP](#) 4
- #define [EMAC\\_RX\\_SZ](#) 1536
- #define [EMAC\\_TX\\_SZ](#) 1536
- #define [BRODC\\_REJ](#) 0
- #define [CON\\_MULTIC](#) 0
- #define [PROM\\_MODE](#) 0
- #define [ETYPE\\_PET](#) 0
- #define [ETYPE\\_EMW](#) 0
- #define [ETYPE\\_IPV6](#) 0
- #define [ETYPE\\_ARP](#) 0

- `#define ETYPE\_IPV4 0`
  - `#define ETYPE\_IEEE 0`
  - `#define ETYPE\_ALL 1`
  - `#define ETYPE\_PRG 0`
  - `#define RX\_MAX\_FL 1536`
  - `#define DELETE\_BFRAMES 0`
  - `#define XFLOWC 0`
  - `#define PAUSE\_TIME 5`
  - `#define SEND\_PAUSE 1`
  - `#define READ\_PTIME 0`
  - `#define PHY\_ADDRESS 0`
  - `#define BUS\_CLOCK 25000000`
  - `#define USE\_SWLED 1`
  - `#define ACTLED 1`
  - `#define LNKLED 1`
  - `#define SPDLED 1`
  - `#define DUPLD 1`
  - `#define COLLED 1`
  - `#define USE\_EXTBUS 0`
  - `#define IEEE\_PKT 0`
  - `#define ON\_OFF\_AUTONEG 0`
  - `#define READ\_PHY\_ID 0`
  - `#define READ\_ALL\_REGS 0`
- 

## Define Documentation

### **#define ACTLED 1**

If USE\_SWLED=1, use software to drive an EPHY activity LED

Definition at line 128 of file ne64config.h.

### **#define AUTO\_NEG 1**

1 - enable AUTO\_NEG / 0 - disable AUTO\_NEG

Definition at line 34 of file ne64config.h.

### **#define AUTO\_NEG\_TIMEOUT 0**

1 - NOT IMPLEMENTED

Definition at line 45 of file ne64config.h.

### **#define BRODC\_REJ 0**

1 = All broadcast address frames are rejected.

Definition at line 86 of file ne64config.h.

**#define BUFMAP 4**

User select BUFMAP based on application buffer requirements

Definition at line 60 of file ne64config.h.

**#define BUS\_CLOCK 25000000**

Busclock setting set be the CRG/PLL

Definition at line 119 of file ne64config.h.

**#define COLLED 1**

If USE\_SWLED=1, use software to drive an EPHY collision LED

Definition at line 132 of file ne64config.h.

**#define CON\_MULTIC 0**

1 = Multicast hash table is used for checking multicast addresses.

Definition at line 87 of file ne64config.h.

**#define DELETE\_BFRAMES 0**

set to 1 to delete packets larger the maxiium frame length (babbling error)

Definition at line 104 of file ne64config.h.

**#define DUPLED 1**

If USE\_SWLED=1, use software to drive an EPHY duplex LED

Definition at line 131 of file ne64config.h.

**#define EMAC\_RX\_SZ 1536**

BUFMAP == 4

Definition at line 77 of file ne64config.h.

**#define EMAC\_TX\_SZ 1536**

BUFMAP == 4

Definition at line 78 of file ne64config.h.

**#define ETYPE\_ALL 1**

1 = accept Accept all ethertypes. THIS OVERRIDES OTHER SETTINGS

Definition at line 97 of file ne64config.h.

**#define ETYPE\_ARP 0**

1 = accept Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) Ethertype

Definition at line 94 of file ne64config.h.

**#define ETYPE\_EMW 0**

1 = accept Emware Ethertype

Definition at line 92 of file ne64config.h.

**#define ETYPE\_IEEE 0**

1 = accept IEEE802.3 Length Field Ethertype

Definition at line 96 of file ne64config.h.

**#define ETYPE\_IPV4 0**

1 = accept Internet IP version 4 (IPv4) Ethertype

Definition at line 95 of file ne64config.h.

**#define ETYPE\_IPV6 0**

1 = accept Internet IP version (IPv6) Ethertype

Definition at line 93 of file ne64config.h.

**#define ETYPE\_PET 0**

1 = accept Programmable Ethertype, 'etype' parameter is used

Definition at line 91 of file ne64config.h.

**#define ETYPE\_PRG 0**

Enter Value if ETYPE\_PET is set for filter target

Definition at line 100 of file ne64config.h.

**#define FULL10 1**

Configure mode that the device should advertise in auto negotiation (advertise=1)

Definition at line 42 of file ne64config.h.

**#define FULL100 1**

Configure mode that the device should advertise in auto negotiation (advertise=1)

Definition at line 40 of file ne64config.h.

**#define HALF10 1**

Configure mode that the device should advertise in auto negotiation (advertise=1)

Definition at line 41 of file ne64config.h.

**#define HALF100 1**

Configure mode that the device should advertise in auto negotiation (advertise=1)

Definition at line 39 of file ne64config.h.

**#define IEEE\_PKT 0**

Mode for UNH IOL testing (Do not use for general use)

Definition at line 151 of file ne64config.h.

**#define LNKLED 1**

If USE\_SWLED=1, use software to drive an EPHY link LED

Definition at line 129 of file ne64config.h.

**#define ON\_OFF\_AUTONEG 0**

Mode for UNH IOL testing (Do not use for general use)

Definition at line 152 of file ne64config.h.

**#define PAUSE\_TIME 5**

Enter value for PAUSE duration parameter in units of slot times (512 bit times)

Definition at line 111 of file ne64config.h.

**#define PHY\_ADDRESS 0**

PHY address used by the MII serial management interface

Definition at line 118 of file ne64config.h.

**#define PROM\_MODE 0**

1 = All frames are received regardless of address.

Definition at line 88 of file ne64config.h.

**#define READ\_ALL\_REGS 0**

Mode for UNH IOL testing (Do not use for general use)

Definition at line 154 of file ne64config.h.

**#define READ\_PHY\_ID 0**

Mode for UNH IOL testing (Do not use for general use)

Definition at line 153 of file ne64config.h.

**#define READ\_PTIME 0**

define for EtherPause function ptrc variable

Definition at line 113 of file ne64config.h.

**#define RX\_MAX\_FL 1536**

Receive maximum frame length

Definition at line 103 of file ne64config.h.

**#define RX\_POLL\_MODE 0**

1 = polling; Set to 0 to make RX interrupt driven >> Not implemented into Viola Stack

Definition at line 27 of file ne64config.h.

**#define SEND\_PAUSE 1**

define for EtherPause function ptrc variable

Definition at line 112 of file ne64config.h.

**#define SPDLED 1**

If USE\_SWLED=1, use software to drive an EPHY speed LED

Definition at line 130 of file ne64config.h.

**#define USE\_EXTBUS 0**

1 = External Bus will be used. Change PLL setting to Force bus clock configuration to maximum 16 MHz bus clock Forces Configuration EPHY speed to 10 Mbps maximum

Definition at line 144 of file ne64config.h.

### **#define USE\_SWLED 1**

1 = use user software to drive EPHY status indicators on port L 0 = use EPHY hardware LED drive function to drive 5 EPHY status indicators

Definition at line 124 of file ne64config.h.

### **#define WORD\_ACCESS 1**

Word Access Mode. This mode allows word access to buffers instead of byte access to increase overall system performance.

Definition at line 22 of file ne64config.h.

### **#define XFLOWC 0**

1 - enable flow control in full duplex / 0 - disable

Definition at line 110 of file ne64config.h.

### **#define ZERO\_COPY 1**

Zero Copy Mode. Setting this mode not only can conserve RAM but can also increase performance. In this mode, no copy of the receive buffer is created, so the data is processed in the buffer

Definition at line 24 of file ne64config.h.

---

## **ne64debug.c File Reference**

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "ne64debug.h"
#include "MC9S12NE64.h"
```

---

## **ne64debug.h File Reference**

```
#include "MOTYPES.h"
```

## Defines

- `#define INIT\_DEBUG\(\)`
  - `#define DEBUGT\(a\)`
  - `#define DEBUGI\(a\)`
  - `#define DEBUGC\(a\)`
  - `#define DEBUGNL`
- 

## Define Documentation

### **`#define _DEBUGC(a)`**

Definition at line 43 of file ne64debug.h.

### **`#define _DEBUGI(a)`**

Definition at line 42 of file ne64debug.h.

### **`#define _DEBUGNL`**

Definition at line 44 of file ne64debug.h.

### **`#define _DEBUGT(a)`**

Definition at line 41 of file ne64debug.h.

### **`#define _INIT_DEBUG()`**

Definition at line 40 of file ne64debug.h.

---

## ne64driver.c File Reference

```
#include "MOTYPES.h"
#include "address.h"
#include "ne64config.h"
#include "ne64driver.h"
#include "ne64debug.h"
#include "MC9S12NE64.h"
```



## Data Structures

- struct [tFRHEAD](#)
- union [uMACADUnion](#)
- union [uMCHASHUnion](#)

## Defines

- #define [RAM\\_START](#) 0x2000
- #define [CRC32\\_POLY](#) 0x04c11db7UL
- #define [SET\\_MCAST\\_LIST](#) 0x01
- #define [SET\\_ALL\\_MCAST](#) 0x02

## Typedefs

- typedef [uMCHASHUnion](#) [tMCHASHStr](#)
- typedef [uMACADUnion](#) [tMACADStr](#)
- typedef [tFRHEAD](#) \* [pFRHEAD](#)

## Functions

- UINT16 [NE64Receive](#) (void \*PktBuffer, UINT16 len, UINT16 flags)
- tREG16 [emacFIFOb](#) ([RAM\\_START](#)+EMAC\_RX\_SZ)
- tREG16 [emacFIFOtx](#) ([RAM\\_START](#)+2 \*EMAC\_RX\_SZ)
- void [EtherInit](#) (void)  
*EtherInit: Start up EPHY and EMAC base on etherinit.h user configuration.*
- tU08 [MIWrite](#) (tU08 \_mpadr, tU08 \_mradr, tU16 \_mwdata)  
*MIWrite: write data to PHY function.*
- tU08 [MIRead](#) (tU08 \_mpadr, tU08 \_mradr, tU16 \*\_mrdata)  
*MIRead: read data from PHY function.*
- void [EtherSend](#) (void \*databuf, tU16 datalen)  
*EtherSend: send one frame.*
- void [EtherOpen](#) (tU08 miisetaup, tU08 bufmap, tU16 maxfl, void \*pmacad, tU08 control, tU16 etype, tU08 rxmode, tU08 netctl)  
*EtherOpen: prepare the EMAC for normal operation.*
- void [EtherClose](#) (void)  
*EtherClose: switch off the EMAC and clear interrupt flags.*
- void [EmacDisable](#) (void)  
*EmacDisable: switch off the EMAC.*
- void [EmacEnable](#) (void)

*EmacEnable: switch on the EMAC.*

- void [EmacControl](#) (tU08 netctl)  
*EmacControl: Set control bits in EMAC netctl register.*
- void [EtherIoctl](#) (tU08 flag, void \*optionPtr, tU08 optionLen)  
*EtherIoctl: Setting of the multicast hash table.*
- void [EtherGetPhysAddr](#) (void \*ethaddr)  
*EtherGetPhysAddr: return EMAC current physical address.*
- void [EtherType](#) (tU08 control, tU16 etype)  
*EtherType: set the Ethertype acceptance registers.*
- void [EtherAbortTx](#) (void)  
*EtherAbortTx: abort TX in progress.*
- tU16 [EtherPause](#) (tU08 ptrc, tU16 ptime)  
*EtherOtherTx: EtherPause: send PAUSE frame.*
- void [EtherOtherTx](#) (tU08 txpar)  
*EtherOtherTx: setup of other TX parameters.*
- void [EtherStartFrameTransmission](#) (tU16 datalen)  
*ExternalBusCfg: external bus mode configuration.*
- void [UseSWLedRun](#) ()  
*ExternalBusCfg: external bus mode configuration UseSWLedRun: Turn off EPHY indicator LED.*
- interrupt void [ephy\\_isr](#) (void)  
*EPHY ISR - Type of EPHY interrupt determined by MII read of PHY\_REG\_IR register.*
- interrupt void [emac\\_rx\\_fc\\_isr](#) (void)  
*RX flow control ISR.*
- interrupt void [emac\\_b\\_rx\\_error\\_isr](#) (void)  
*Babbling Receive Error ISR.*
- interrupt void [emac\\_rx\\_error\\_isr](#) (void)  
*Receive Error ISR.*
- interrupt void [emac\\_rx\\_b\\_a\\_o\\_isr](#) (void)  
*RXAOIF — Receive Buffer A Overrun ISR.*

- interrupt void [emac\\_rx\\_b\\_b\\_o\\_isr](#) (void)  
*RXAOIF — Receive Buffer B Overrun ISR.*
- interrupt void [emac\\_rx\\_b\\_a\\_c\\_isr](#) (void)  
*Valid Frame Reception to Receive Buffer A Complete ISR.*
- interrupt void [emac\\_rx\\_b\\_b\\_c\\_isr](#) (void)  
*Valid Frame Reception to Receive Buffer B Complete ISR.*
- interrupt void [emac\\_mii\\_mtc\\_isr](#) (void)  
*Management Transfer Complete ISR - MMCIF — MII Interrupt Flag.*
- interrupt void [emac\\_lc\\_isr](#) (void)  
*late collisions ISR - LCIF — Late Collision Interrupt Flag*
- interrupt void [emac\\_ec\\_isr](#) (void)  
*excess collisions ISR - ECIF — Excessive Collision Interrupt Flag*
- interrupt void [emac\\_f\\_tx\\_c\\_isr](#) (void)  
*transmit complete ISR - TXCIF — Frame Transmission Complete Interrupt Flag*

## Variables

- tREG16 [emacFIFOa](#)[EMAC\_RX\_SZ/2] [RAM\\_START](#)
- tU08 [gotlink](#)
- tREG16 \* [rx\\_a\\_pointer](#)
- tREG16 \* [rx\\_b\\_pointer](#)
- tREG16 \* [tx\\_pointer](#)
- tU16 [LEDcounter](#)
- tU16 [gotxflowc](#)

## Define Documentation

**#define CRC32\_POLY 0x04c11db7UL**

Definition at line 655 of file ne64driver.c.

**#define [RAM\\_START](#) 0x2000**

RAM block starting address

Definition at line 48 of file ne64driver.c.

**#define SET\_ALL\_MCAST 0x02**

Definition at line 657 of file ne64driver.c.

**#define SET\_MCAST\_LIST 0x01**

Definition at line 656 of file ne64driver.c.

---

## Typedef Documentation

**typedef [tFRHEAD\\*](#) [pFRHEAD](#)**

Definition at line 44 of file ne64driver.c.

**typedef union [uMACADUnion](#) [tMACADStr](#)**

**typedef union [uMCHASHUnion](#) [tMCHASHStr](#)**

---

## Function Documentation

**interrupt void [emac\\_b\\_rx\\_error\\_isr](#) (void)**

Babbling Receive Error ISR.

Definition at line 1171 of file ne64driver.c.

**interrupt void [emac\\_ec\\_isr](#) (void)**

excess collisions ISR - ECIF — Excessive Collision Interrupt Flag

Definition at line 1292 of file ne64driver.c.

**interrupt void [emac\\_f\\_tx\\_c\\_isr](#) (void)**

transmit complete ISR - TXCIF — Frame Transmission Complete Interrupt Flag

Definition at line 1306 of file ne64driver.c.

**interrupt void emac\_lc\_isr (void)**

late collisions ISR - LCIF — Late Collision Interrupt Flag

Definition at line 1278 of file ne64driver.c.

**interrupt void emac\_mii\_mtc\_isr (void)**

Management Transfer Complete ISR - MMCIF — MII Interrupt Flag.

Definition at line 1268 of file ne64driver.c.

**interrupt void emac\_rx\_b\_a\_c\_isr (void)**

Valid Frame Reception to Receive Buffer A Complete ISR.

Definition at line 1226 of file ne64driver.c.

**interrupt void emac\_rx\_b\_a\_o\_isr (void)**

RXAOIF — Receive Buffer A Overrun ISR.

Definition at line 1204 of file ne64driver.c.

**interrupt void emac\_rx\_b\_b\_c\_isr (void)**

Valid Frame Reception to Receive Buffer B Complete ISR.

Definition at line 1246 of file ne64driver.c.

**interrupt void emac\_rx\_b\_b\_o\_isr (void)**

RXAOIF — Receive Buffer B Overrun ISR.

Definition at line 1215 of file ne64driver.c.

**interrupt void emac\_rx\_error\_isr (void)**

Receive Error ISR.

Definition at line 1193 of file ne64driver.c.

**interrupt void emac\_rx\_fc\_isr (void)**

RX flow control ISR.

Definition at line 1160 of file ne64driver.c.

**void EmacControl (tU08 netctl)**

EmacControl: Set control bits in EMAC netctl register.

Set control bits in EMAC netctl register

**Parameters:**

*NONE*

**Returns:**

*NONE*

Definition at line 641 of file ne64driver.c.

**void EmacDisable (void)**

EmacDisable: switch off the EMAC.

switch off the EMAC

**Parameters:**

*NONE*

**Returns:**

*NONE*

Definition at line 627 of file ne64driver.c.

**void EmacEnable (void)**

EmacEnable: switch on the EMAC.

switch on the EMAC

**Parameters:**

*NONE*

**Returns:**

*NONE*

Definition at line 634 of file ne64driver.c.

**tREG16 emacFIFO<sub>b</sub> ([RAM\\_START](#)+ *EMAC\_RX\_SZ*)**

Emac RX buffer B definition

**tREG16 emacFIFO<sub>tx</sub> ([RAM\\_START](#)+2 \* *EMAC\_RX\_SZ*)**

Emac TX buffer definition

**interrupt void ephy\_isr (void)**

EPHY ISR - Type of EPHY interrupt determined by MII read of PHY\_REG\_IR register.

Definition at line 909 of file ne64driver.c.

**void EtherAbortTx (void)**

EtherAbortTx: abort TX in progress.

This function aborts TX in progress

**Parameters:**

*NONE*

**Returns:**

*NONE*

**Todo:**

This function need more testing

**Bug:**

Definition at line 779 of file ne64driver.c.

**void EtherClose (void)**

EtherClose: switch off the EMAC and clear interrupt flags.

This function switches off the EMAC and clear interrupt flags

**Parameters:**

*NONE*

**Returns:**

NONE

Definition at line 617 of file ne64driver.c.

**void EtherGetPhysAddr (void \* *ethaddr*)**

EtherGetPhysAddr: return EMAC current physical address.

return EMAC current physical address

**Parameters:**

*ethaddr* - pointer to place (6 bytes) where the physical address will be stored to No return value

**See also:**

[ne64api.h](#)

**Todo:**

**Bug:**

Definition at line 737 of file ne64driver.c.

**void EtherInit (void)**

EtherInit: Start up EPHY and EMAC base on etherinit.h user configuration.

This function initializes the NE64 EMAC and EPHY and sets speed and duplex based on the users configuration in the "etherinit.h" file

**Parameters:**

*NONE*

**Returns:**

NONE

**See also:**

ne64config.c

**Todo:**

- Validate Pause Resolution after lost link and re-autonegation



- Validate Duplex Resolution after lost link and re-autonegation
- Provide workaround for auto-negotiation link issue

## **Bug:**

- Dummy MII read required after restart auto-negotiation
- Dummy MII read required after MII write to PHY interrupt registers

Definition at line 87 of file ne64driver.c.

## **void EtherIoctl (tU08 *flag*, void \* *optionPtr*, tU08 *optionLen*)**

EtherIoctl: Setting of the multicast hash table.

Setting of the multicast hash table

### **Parameters:**

*flag* - either MC\_ALL or MC\_LIST

*listPtr* - pointer to address list (valid only if flag == MC\_LIST)

*listLen* - number of addresses in list (valid only if flag == MC\_LIST)

### **Returns:**

No return value

### **See also:**

[ne64api.h](#)

## **Todo:**

This function need more testing

## **Bug:**

Definition at line 659 of file ne64driver.c.

## **void EtherOpen (tU08 *miisetaup*, tU08 *bufmap*, tU16 *maxfl*, void \* *pmacad*, tU08 *control*, tU16 *etype*, tU08 *rxmode*, tU08 *netctl*)**

EtherOpen: prepare the EMAC for normal operation.

This function initializes the NE64 EMAC

### **Parameters:**

*miisetaup* - mii preamble & clock setup  
*bufmap* - buffer configuration (see tables 3-5&3-6 in EMAC doc.)  
*maxfl* - initial max.frame length for receive  
*pmacad* - pointer to MAC address definition  
*control* - the acceptance mask (same as in EtherType function)  
*etype* - programmable ethertype (16bit value)  
*rxmode* - reception mode settings (see RXCT\_X possible values)  
*netctl* - network control setup (see NETCT\_X possible values)

**Returns:**

NONE

**See also:**

[ne64api.h](#)

**Todo:**

**Bug:**

Definition at line 549 of file ne64driver.c.

**void EtherOtherTx (tU08 txpar)**

EtherOtherTx: setup of other TX parameters.

This function sets up of other TX parameters

**Parameters:**

*txpar* - acceptable values (see TXCT\_X possible values)

**Returns:**

No return value

**Todo:**

This function need more testing

**Bug:**

Definition at line 809 of file ne64driver.c.

**tU16 EtherPause (tU08 ptrc, tU16 ptime)**

EtherOtherTx: EtherPause: send PAUSE frame.

This function sends PAUSE frame

**Parameters:**

*ptrc* - if 1 ptime used for PAUSE time setting, if 0 ptime not used

*ptime* - value of PAUSE timer

**Returns:**

returns current value of PAUSE timer when ptrc=0

**Todo:**

This function need more testing

**Bug:**

Definition at line 787 of file ne64driver.c.

**void EtherSend (void \* databuf, tU16 datalen)**

EtherSend: send one frame.

This function sends one frame

**Parameters:**

*databuf* - pointer to data which should be sent

*datalen* - length of the data to be sent

**Returns:**

No return value

**See also:**

[ne64api.h](#)

**Todo:****Bug:**

Definition at line 472 of file ne64driver.c.

**void EtherStartFrameTransmission (tU16 *datalen*)**

ExternalBusCfg: external bus mode configuration.

This function sets up external bus mode and forces the bus clock to 16 Mhz which is the external bus mode maximum. The function needs to be located in [main\(\)](#).

**Parameters:**

*None*

**Returns:**

None

**Todo:****Bug:**

Definition at line 831 of file ne64driver.c.

**void EtherType (tU08 *control*, tU16 *etype*)**

EtherType: set the Ethertype acceptance registers.

This function set the Ethertype acceptance registers based on the users configuration in the "ne64config.h" file

**Parameters:**

*control* - the acceptance mask (see definitions)

*etype* - programmable ethertype (16bit value)

**Returns:**

No return value

**Warning:**

It is recommend not to change the Ethertype when the EMAC is enabled

**See also:**

[ne64api.h](#)

**Todo:****Bug:**

Definition at line 756 of file ne64driver.c.

### **tU08 MIIread (tU08 *\_mpadr*, tU08 *\_mradr*, tU16 \* *\_mrdata*)**

IIread: read data from PHY function.

Read internal EPHY registers through EMAC MII serial management interface.

#### **Parameters:**

*\_mpadr* - address of the device

*\_mradr* - address of the register within the device

*\_mrdata* - pointer to where to store the received contents of PHY register

#### **Returns:**

0xff = operation completed OK

- 0x00 = MII busy

#### **Warning:**

MII clock must be configured correctly and PHY PLLs must not be disabled for MII serial management communication

#### **See also:**

[ne64api.h](#)

#### **Todo:**

Make this function repeat until it is successful

#### **Bug:**

Definition at line 375 of file ne64driver.c.

### **tU08 MIWrite (tU08 *\_mpadr*, tU08 *\_mradr*, tU16 *\_mrdata*)**

MIWrite: write data to PHY function.

Write internal EPHY registers through EMAC MII serial management interface.

#### **Parameters:**

*\_mpadr* - address of the device

*\_mradr* - address of the register within the device

*\_mrdata* - data to write to the PHY register

**Returns:**

0xff = operation completed OK

- 0x00 = MII busy

**Todo:**

Make this function repeat until it is successful

**Bug:**

Before the MII write take affect a dummy read via the MII is required. This function could be made to do the dummy read

**Warning:**

MII clock must be configured correctly and PHY PLLs must not be disabled for MII serial management communication

Definition at line 350 of file ne64driver.c.

**UINT16 NE64Receive (void \* *PktBuffer*, UINT16 *len*, UINT16 *flags*)**

Definition at line 154 of file ne64api.c.

**void UseSWLedRun (void)**

ExternalBusCfg: external bus mode configuration UseSWLedRun: Turn off EPHY indicator LED.

This function turns off EPHY indicator LED when driven by software. The function need to be located in [main\(\)](#) and required a global counter called, LEDcounter. Alternatively, this code can be placed in a timer function

**Parameters:**

*None*

**Returns:**

None

Definition at line 891 of file ne64driver.c.

## Variable Documentation

### tU08 [gotlink](#)

Global Variable For Determination if link is active (1=active) defined in "main.c"

Definition at line 80 of file ne64driver.c.

### tU16 [gotxflowc](#)

Global Variable For Determination of Flow Control Packets are sent in Full Duplex defined in "main.c"

Definition at line 76 of file ne64driver.c.

### tU16 [LEDcounter](#)

Definition at line 72 of file ne64driver.c.

### tREG16 [emacFIFOa](#) [EMAC\_RX\_SZ/2] [RAM\\_START](#)

Emac RX buffer A definition

Definition at line 51 of file ne64driver.c.

### tREG16\* [rx\\_a\\_pointer](#)

Definition at line 63 of file ne64driver.c.

### tREG16\* [rx\\_b\\_pointer](#)

Definition at line 64 of file ne64driver.c.

### tREG16\* [tx\\_pointer](#)

Definition at line 65 of file ne64driver.c.

---

## ne64driver.h File Reference

```
#include "MOTYPES.h"
#include "ne64config.h"
```

## Defines

- #define [T\\_PET](#) 0x80
- #define [T\\_EMW](#) 0x10
- #define [T\\_IPV6](#) 0x08
- #define [T\\_ARP](#) 0x04
- #define [T\\_IPV4](#) 0x02
- #define [T\\_IEEE](#) 0x01
- #define [T\\_ALL](#) 0x00
- #define [MC\\_ALL](#) 0
- #define [MC\\_LIST](#) 1
- #define [MII\\_NO\\_PREAM](#) 0x10
- #define [MII\\_C20](#) 0x04
- #define [MII\\_C25](#) 0x05
- #define [MII\\_C33](#) 0x07
- #define [MII\\_C40](#) 0x08
- #define [MII\\_C50](#) 0x0a
- #define [NETCT\\_ESWAI](#) 0x10
- #define [NETCT\\_EXTPHY](#) 0x08
- #define [NETCT\\_MLB](#) 0x04
- #define [NETCT\\_FDX](#) 0x02
- #define [RXCT\\_RFCE](#) 0x10
- #define [RXCT\\_PROM](#) 0x04
- #define [RXCT\\_CONMC](#) 0x02
- #define [RXCT\\_BCREJ](#) 0x01
- #define [TXCT\\_PTRC](#) 0x10
- #define [TXCT\\_SSB](#) 0x08
- #define [MII\\_MDCSEL](#)(x) x/5000000
- #define [MII\\_WRITE](#) 0x01
- #define [MII\\_READ](#) 0x02
- #define [TCMD\\_START](#) 0x01
- #define [TCMD\\_PAUSE](#) 0x02
- #define [TCMD\\_ABORT](#) 0x03
- #define [PHY\\_REG\\_CR](#) 0x00
- #define [PHY\\_REG\\_SR](#) 0x01
- #define [PHY\\_REG\\_ID1](#) 0x02
- #define [PHY\\_REG\\_ID2](#) 0x03
- #define [PHY\\_REG\\_ANAR](#) 0x04
- #define [PHY\\_REG\\_ANLPAR](#) 0x05
- #define [PHY\\_REG\\_ER](#) 0x06
- #define [PHY\\_REG\\_NPTR](#) 0x07
- #define [PHY\\_REG\\_IR](#) 0x10
- #define [PHY\\_REG\\_PSR](#) 0x11
- #define [PHY\\_REG\\_PCR](#) 0x12
- #define [PHY\\_REG\\_10BTBC](#) 0x13
- #define [PHY\\_REG\\_100BxBC](#) 0x14
- #define [PHY\\_REG\\_ADDR](#) 0x15
- #define [PHY\\_REG\\_DSPRC](#) 0x17
- #define [PHY\\_REG\\_DSPRR1](#) 0x18
- #define [PHY\\_REG\\_DSPRR2](#) 0x19



- #define [PHY\\_REG\\_DSPRR3](#) 0x1A
- #define [PHY\\_REG\\_DSPWR1](#) 0x1B
- #define [PHY\\_REG\\_DSPWR2](#) 0x1C
- #define [PHY\\_REG\\_DSPWR3](#) 0x1D
- #define [PHY\\_R0\\_RESET](#) 0x8000
- #define [PHY\\_R0\\_LB](#) 0x4000
- #define [PHY\\_R0\\_DR](#) 0x2000
- #define [PHY\\_R0\\_ANE](#) 0x1000
- #define [PHY\\_R0\\_PD](#) 0x0800
- #define [PHY\\_R0\\_ISOLATE](#) 0x0400
- #define [PHY\\_R0\\_RAN](#) 0x0200
- #define [PHY\\_R0\\_DPLX](#) 0x0100
- #define [PHY\\_R0\\_CT](#) 0x0080
- #define [PHY\\_R1\\_100T4](#) 0x8000
- #define [PHY\\_R1\\_100F](#) 0x4000
- #define [PHY\\_R1\\_100H](#) 0x2000
- #define [PHY\\_R1\\_10F](#) 0x1000
- #define [PHY\\_R1\\_10H](#) 0x0800
- #define [PHY\\_R1\\_SUP](#) 0x0040
- #define [PHY\\_R1\\_ANC](#) 0x0020
- #define [PHY\\_R1\\_RF](#) 0x0010
- #define [PHY\\_R1\\_ANA](#) 0x0008
- #define [PHY\\_R1\\_LS](#) 0x0004
- #define [PHY\\_R1\\_JD](#) 0x0002
- #define [PHY\\_R1\\_EC](#) 0x0001
- #define [PHY\\_R4\\_NP](#) 0x8000
- #define [PHY\\_R4\\_RF](#) 0x2000
- #define [PHY\\_R4\\_FC](#) 0x0400
- #define [PHY\\_R4\\_100F](#) 0x0100
- #define [PHY\\_R4\\_100H](#) 0x0080
- #define [PHY\\_R4\\_10F](#) 0x0040
- #define [PHY\\_R4\\_10H](#) 0x0020
- #define [PHY\\_R5\\_FCTL](#) 0x0400
- #define [PHY\\_R16\\_ACKIE](#) 0x4000
- #define [PHY\\_R16\\_PRIE](#) 0x2000
- #define [PHY\\_R16\\_LCIE](#) 0x1000
- #define [PHY\\_R16\\_ANIE](#) 0x0800
- #define [PHY\\_R16\\_PDFIE](#) 0x0400
- #define [PHY\\_R16\\_RFIE](#) 0x0200
- #define [PHY\\_R16\\_JABIE](#) 0x0100
- #define [PHY\\_R16\\_ACKR](#) 0x0040
- #define [PHY\\_R16\\_PGR](#) 0x0020
- #define [PHY\\_R16\\_LKC](#) 0x0010
- #define [PHY\\_R16\\_ANC](#) 0x0008
- #define [PHY\\_R16\\_PDF](#) 0x0004
- #define [PHY\\_R16\\_RMTF](#) 0x0002
- #define [PHY\\_R16\\_JABI](#) 0x0001
- #define [PHY\\_R17\\_LNK](#) 0x4000
- #define [PHY\\_R17\\_DPM](#) 0x2000
- #define [PHY\\_R17\\_SPD](#) 0x1000
- #define [PHY\\_R17\\_ANNC](#) 0x0400
- #define [PHY\\_R17\\_PRCVD](#) 0x0200
- #define [PHY\\_R17\\_ANCM](#) 0x0100

- #define [PHY\\_R17\\_PLR](#) 0x0020
- #define [BUFA\\_FULLL](#) 99
- #define [BUFB\\_FULLL](#) 66

## Functions

- void [EtherInit](#) (void)  
*EtherInit: Start up EPHY and EMAC base on etherinit.h user configuration.*
- tU08 [MIWrite](#) (tU08 \_mpadr, tU08 \_mradr, tU16 \_mwdata)  
*MIWrite: write data to PHY function.*
- tU08 [MIRead](#) (tU08 \_mpadr, tU08 \_mradr, tU16 \*\_mrdata)  
*MIRead: read data from PHY function.*
- void [EtherType](#) (tU08 control, tU16 etype)  
*EtherType: set the Ethertype acceptance registers.*
- void [EtherIoctl](#) (tU08 flag, void \*optionPtr, tU08 optionLen)  
*EtherIoctl: Setting of the multicast hash table.*
- void [EtherGetPhysAddr](#) (void \*ethaddr)  
*EtherGetPhysAddr: return EMAC current physical address.*
- void [EtherSend](#) (void \*databuf, tU16 datalen)  
*EtherSend: send one frame.*
- void [ProcessPacket](#) ()  
*EtherReceive: read received frame.*
- void [EtherOpen](#) (tU08 miisetup, tU08 bufmap, tU16 maxfl, void \*pmacad, tU08 control, tU16 etype, tU08 rxmode, tU08 netctl)  
*EtherOpen: prepare the EMAC for normal operation.*
- void [EtherClose](#) (void)  
*EtherClose: switch off the EMAC and clear interrupt flags.*
- void [EmacDisable](#) (void)  
*EmacDisable: switch off the EMAC.*
- void [EmacEnable](#) (void)  
*EmacEnable: switch on the EMAC.*
- void [EmacControl](#) (tU08 netctl)  
*EmacControl: Set control bits in EMAC netctl register.*

- void [EtherAbortTx](#) (void)  
*EtherAbortTx: abort TX in progress.*
  - tU16 [EtherPause](#) (tU08 ptrc, tU16 ptime)  
*EtherOtherTx: EtherPause: send PAUSE frame.*
  - void [EtherOtherTx](#) (tU08 txpar)  
*EtherOtherTx: setup of other TX parameters.*
  - void [EtherStartFrameTransmission](#) (tU16 datalen)  
*ExternalBusCfg: external bus mode configuration.*
  - void [UseSWLedRun](#) (void)  
*ExternalBusCfg: external bus mode configuration UseSWLedRun: Turn off EPHY indicator LED.*
- 

## Define Documentation

### **#define BUFA\_FULL 99**

BUFA\_FULL constant

Definition at line 467 of file ne64driver.h.

### **#define BUFB\_FULL 66**

BUFB\_FULL constant

Definition at line 468 of file ne64driver.h.

### **#define MC\_ALL 0**

set hash to accept all multicast frames

Definition at line 124 of file ne64driver.h.

### **#define MC\_LIST 1**

set hash to accept list of addresses

Definition at line 125 of file ne64driver.h.

### **#define MII\_C20 0x04**

20Mhz IP Bus 2.5MHz MDC clock

Definition at line 203 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define MII\_C25 0x05**

25Mhz IP Bus

Definition at line 204 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define MII\_C33 0x07**

33Mhz IP Bus

Definition at line 205 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define MII\_C40 0x08**

40Mhz IP Bus

Definition at line 206 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define MII\_C50 0x0a**

50Mhz IP Bus

Definition at line 207 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define MII\_MDCSEL(x) x/5000000**

Definition at line 362 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define MII\_NO\_PREAM 0x10**

No preamble

Definition at line 202 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define MII\_READ 0x02**

Definition at line 365 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define MII\_WRITE 0x01**

Definition at line 364 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define NETCT\_ESWAI 0x10**

EMAC disabled during WAIT

Definition at line 210 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define NETCT\_EXTPHY 0x08**

external PHY mode

Definition at line 211 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define NETCT\_FDX 0x02**

full duplex mode

Definition at line 213 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define NETCT\_MLB 0x04**

MAC loopback mode

Definition at line 212 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R0\_ANE 0x1000**

Definition at line 400 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R0\_CT 0x0080**

Definition at line 405 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R0\_DPLX 0x0100**

Definition at line 404 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R0\_DR 0x2000**

Definition at line 399 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R0\_ISOLATE 0x0400**

Definition at line 402 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R0\_LB 0x4000**

Definition at line 398 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R0\_PD 0x0800**

Definition at line 401 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R0\_RAN 0x0200**

Definition at line 403 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R0\_RESET 0x8000**

Definition at line 397 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R16\_ACKIE 0x4000**

Definition at line 441 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R16\_ACKR 0x0040**

Definition at line 449 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R16\_ANC 0x0008**

Definition at line 452 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R16\_ANIE 0x0800**

Definition at line 444 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R16\_JABI 0x0001**

Definition at line 455 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R16\_JABIE 0x0100**

Definition at line 447 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R16\_LCIE 0x1000**

Definition at line 443 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R16\_LKC 0x0010**

Definition at line 451 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R16\_PDF 0x0004**

Definition at line 453 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R16\_PDFIE 0x0400**

Definition at line 445 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R16\_PGR 0x0020**

Definition at line 450 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R16\_PRIE 0x2000**

Definition at line 442 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R16\_RFIE 0x0200**

Definition at line 446 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R16\_RMTF 0x0002**

Definition at line 454 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R17\_ANCM 0x0100**

Definition at line 463 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R17\_ANNC 0x0400**

Definition at line 461 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R17\_DPM 0x2000**

Definition at line 459 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R17\_LNK 0x4000**

Definition at line 458 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R17\_PLR 0x0020**

Definition at line 464 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R17\_PRCVD 0x0200**

Definition at line 462 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R17\_SPD 0x1000**

Definition at line 460 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R1\_100F 0x4000**

Definition at line 409 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R1\_100H 0x2000**

Definition at line 410 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R1\_100T4 0x8000**

Definition at line 408 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R1\_10F 0x1000**

Definition at line 411 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R1\_10H 0x0800**

Definition at line 412 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R1\_ANA 0x0008**

Definition at line 416 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R1\_ANC 0x0020**

Definition at line 414 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R1\_EC 0x0001**

Definition at line 419 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R1\_JD 0x0002**

Definition at line 418 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R1\_LS 0x0004**

Definition at line 417 of file ne64driver.h.



**#define PHY\_R1\_RF 0x0010**

Definition at line 415 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R1\_SUP 0x0040**

Definition at line 413 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R4\_100F 0x0100**

Definition at line 430 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R4\_100H 0x0080**

Definition at line 431 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R4\_10F 0x0040**

Definition at line 432 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R4\_10H 0x0020**

Definition at line 433 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R4\_FC 0x0400**

Definition at line 429 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R4\_NP 0x8000**

Definition at line 427 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R4\_RF 0x2000**

Definition at line 428 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_R5\_FCTL 0x0400**

Definition at line 438 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_REG\_100BXC 0x14**

Definition at line 385 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_REG\_10BTBC 0x13**

Definition at line 384 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_REG\_ADDR 0x15**

Definition at line 386 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_REG\_ANAR 0x04**

Definition at line 377 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_REG\_ANLPR 0x05**

Definition at line 378 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_REG\_CR 0x00**

Definition at line 373 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_REG\_DSPRC 0x17**

Definition at line 387 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_REG\_DSPRR1 0x18**

Definition at line 388 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_REG\_DSPRR2 0x19**

Definition at line 389 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_REG\_DSPRR3 0x1A**

Definition at line 390 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_REG\_DSPWR1 0x1B**

Definition at line 391 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_REG\_DSPWR2 0x1C**

Definition at line 392 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_REG\_DSPWR3 0x1D**

Definition at line 393 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_REG\_ER 0x06**

Definition at line 379 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_REG\_ID1 0x02**

Definition at line 375 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_REG\_ID2 0x03**

Definition at line 376 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_REG\_IR 0x10**

Definition at line 381 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_REG\_NPTR 0x07**

Definition at line 380 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_REG\_PCR 0x12**

Definition at line 383 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_REG\_PSR 0x11**

Definition at line 382 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define PHY\_REG\_SR 0x01**

Definition at line 374 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define RXCT\_BCREJ 0x01**

all broadcast frames will be rejected

Definition at line 219 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define RXCT\_CONMC 0x02**

multicast hash table used for incoming frames chk

Definition at line 218 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define RXCT\_PROM 0x04**

promiscuous mode

Definition at line 217 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define RXCT\_RFCE 0x10**

PAUSE frame supported

Definition at line 216 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define T\_ALL 0x00**

Accept all ethertypes

Definition at line 107 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define T\_ARP 0x04**

Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) Ethertype

Definition at line 104 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define T\_EMW 0x10**

Emware Ethertype

Definition at line 102 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define T\_IEEE 0x01**

IEEE802.3 Length Field Ethertype

Definition at line 106 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define T\_IPV4 0x02**

Internet IP version 4 (IPv6) Ethertype

Definition at line 105 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define T\_IPV6 0x08**

Internet IP version (IPv6) Ethertype

Definition at line 103 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define T\_PET 0x80**

Programmable Ethertype, 'etype' parameter is used  
Definition at line 101 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define TCMD\_ABORT 0x03**

Definition at line 369 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define TCMD\_PAUSE 0x02**

Definition at line 368 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define TCMD\_START 0x01**

Definition at line 367 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define TXCT\_PTRC 0x10**

Definition at line 306 of file ne64driver.h.

**#define TXCT\_SSB 0x08**

Definition at line 307 of file ne64driver.h.

---

## Function Documentation

**void EmacControl (tU08 *netctl*)**

EmacControl: Set control bits in EMAC netctl register.  
Set control bits in EMAC netctl register

**Parameters:**

*NONE*

**Returns:**

NONE

Definition at line 641 of file ne64driver.c.

**void EmacDisable (void)**

EmacDisable: switch off the EMAC.  
switch off the EMAC

**Parameters:**

*NONE*

**Returns:**

NONE

Definition at line 627 of file ne64driver.c.

**void EmacEnable (void)**

EmacEnable: switch on the EMAC.  
switch on the EMAC

**Parameters:**

*NONE*

**Returns:**

NONE

Definition at line 634 of file ne64driver.c.

**void EtherAbortTx (void)**

EtherAbortTx: abort TX in progress.  
This function aborts TX in progress

**Parameters:**

*NONE*

**Returns:**

NONE

**Todo:**

This function need more testing

**Bug:**

Definition at line 779 of file ne64driver.c.

**void EtherClose (void)**

EtherClose: switch off the EMAC and clear interrupt flags.

This function switches off the EMAC and clear interrupt flags

**Parameters:**

*NONE*

**Returns:**

*NONE*

Definition at line 617 of file ne64driver.c.

**void EtherGetPhysAddr (void \* *ethaddr*)**

EtherGetPhysAddr: return EMAC current physical address.

return EMAC current physical address

**Parameters:**

*ethaddr* - pointer to place (6 bytes) where the physical address will be stored to No return value

**See also:**

[ne64api.h](#)

**Todo:**

**Bug:**

Definition at line 737 of file ne64driver.c.

**void EtherInit (void)**

EtherInit: Start up EPHY and EMAC base on etherinit.h user configuration.

This function initializes the NE64 EMAC and EPHY and sets speed and duplex based on the users configuration in the "etherinit.h" file

**Parameters:**

*NONE*

**Returns:**

NONE

**See also:**

ne64config.c

**Todo:**

- Validate Pause Resolution after lost link and re-autonegation
- Validate Duplex Resolution after lost link and re-autonegation
- Provide workaround for auto-negotiation link issue

**Bug:**

- Dummy MII read required after restart auto-negotiation
- Dummy MII read required after MII write to PHY interrupt registers

Definition at line 87 of file ne64driver.c.

**void Etherloctl (tU08 *flag*, void \* *optionPtr*, tU08 *optionLen*)**

Etherloctl: Setting of the multicast hash table.

Setting of the multicast hash table

**Parameters:**

*flag* - either MC\_ALL or MC\_LIST

*listPtr* - pointer to address list (valid only if flag == MC\_LIST)

*listLen* - number of addresses in list (valid only if flag == MC\_LIST)

**Returns:**

No return value

**See also:**

[ne64api.h](#)

**Todo:**

This function need more testing

**Bug:**



Definition at line 659 of file ne64driver.c.

**void EtherOpen (tU08 *miiseta*, tU08 *bufmap*, tU16 *maxfl*, void \* *pmacad*, tU08 *control*, tU16 *etype*, tU08 *rxmode*, tU08 *netctl*)**

EtherOpen: prepare the EMAC for normal operation.

This function initializes the NE64 EMAC

**Parameters:**

*miiseta* - mii preamble & clock setup

*bufmap* - buffer configuration (see tables 3-5&3-6 in EMAC doc.)

*maxfl* - initial max.frame length for receive

*pmacad* - pointer to MAC address definition

*control* - the acceptance mask (same as in EtherType function)

*etype* - programmable ethertype (16bit value)

*rxmode* - reception mode settings (see RXCT\_X possible values)

*netctl* - network control setup (see NETCT\_X possible values)

**Returns:**

NONE

**See also:**

[ne64api.h](#)

**Todo:**

**Bug:**

Definition at line 549 of file ne64driver.c.

**void EtherOtherTx (tU08 *txpar*)**

EtherOtherTx: setup of other TX parameters.

This function sets up of other TX parameters

**Parameters:**

*txpar* - acceptable values (see TXCT\_X possible values)

**Returns:**

No return value

**Todo:**

This function need more testing

**Bug:**

Definition at line 809 of file ne64driver.c.

**tU16 EtherPause (tU08 *ptrc*, tU16 *ptime*)**

EtherOtherTx: EtherPause: send PAUSE frame.

This function sends PAUSE frame

**Parameters:**

*ptrc* - if 1 *ptime* used for PAUSE time setting, if 0 *ptime* not used

*ptime* - value of PAUSE timer

**Returns:**

returns current value of PAUSE timer when *ptrc*=0

**Todo:**

This function need more testing

**Bug:**

Definition at line 787 of file ne64driver.c.

**void EtherSend (void \* *databuf*, tU16 *datalen*)**

EtherSend: send one frame.

This function sends one frame

**Parameters:**

*databuf* - pointer to data which should be sent

*datalen* - length of the data to be sent

**Returns:**

No return value

**See also:**

[ne64api.h](#)

**Todo:****Bug:**

Definition at line 472 of file ne64driver.c.

**void EtherStartFrameTransmission (tU16 *datalen*)**

ExternalBusCfg: external bus mode configuration.

This function sets up external bus mode and forces the bus clock to 16 Mhz which is the external bus mode maximum. The function needs to be located in [main\(\)](#).

**Parameters:**

*None*

**Returns:**

None

**Todo:****Bug:**

Definition at line 831 of file ne64driver.c.

**void EtherType (tU08 *control*, tU16 *etype*)**

EtherType: set the Ethertype acceptance registers.

This function set the Ethertype acceptance registers based on the users configuration in the "ne64config.h" file

**Parameters:**

*control* - the acceptance mask (see definitions)  
*etype* - programmable ethertype (16bit value)

**Returns:**

No return value

**Warning:**

It is recommend not to change the Ethertype when the EMAC is enabled

**See also:**

[ne64api.h](#)

**Todo:****Bug:**

Definition at line 756 of file ne64driver.c.

**tU08 MIIread (tU08 *\_mpadr*, tU08 *\_mradr*, tU16 \* *\_mrdata*)**

MIRead: read data from PHY function.

Read internal EPHY registers through EMAC MII seiral management interface.

**Parameters:**

*\_mpadr* - address of the device

*\_mradr* - address of the register within the device

*\_mrdata* - pointer to where to store the received contents of PHY register

**Returns:**

0xff = operation completed OK

- 0x00 = MII busy

**Warning:**

MII clock must be configured correctly and PHY PLLs must not be disabled for MII seiral management communication

**See also:**

[ne64api.h](#)

**Todo:**

Make this function repeat until it is sucessful

**Bug:**

Definition at line 375 of file ne64driver.c.

**tU08 MIIwrite (tU08 \_mpadr, tU08 \_mradr, tU16 \_mwdata)**

MIWrite: write data to PHY function.

Write internal EPHY registers through EMAC MII serial management interface.

**Parameters:**

- \_mpadr* - address of the device
- \_mradr* - address of the register within the device
- \_mwdata* - data to write to the PHY register

**Returns:**

- 0xff = operation completed OK
  - 0x00 = MII busy

**Todo:**

Make this function repeat until it is successful

**Bug:**

Before the MII write take affect a dummy read via the MII is required. This function could be made to do the dummy read

**Warning:**

MII clock must be configured correctly and PHY PLLs must not be disabled for MII serial management communication

Definition at line 350 of file ne64driver.c.

**void ProcessPacket ()**

EtherReceive: read received frame.

This function reads the received frame

**Parameters:**

- buffer* - pointer to place where the physical address will be stored to

**Returns:**

- length of the received data (if 0 - then no data received)

**void UseSWLedRun (void)**

ExternalBusCfg: external bus mode configuration UseSWLedRun: Turn off EPHY indicator LED.

This function turns off EPHY indicator LED when driven by software. The function need to be located in [main\(\)](#) and required a global counter called, LEDcounter. Alternatively, this code can be can be placed in a timer function

**Parameters:**

*None*

**Returns:**

None

Definition at line 891 of file ne64driver.c.

---

## os.c File Reference

```
#include "os.h"
```

### Functions

- void [os\\_enter\\_critical\\_section](#) (void)
- void [os\\_exit\\_critical\\_section](#) (void)

---

## Function Documentation

**void os\_enter\_critical\_section (void)**

Definition at line 21 of file os.c.

**void os\_exit\_critical\_section (void)**

Definition at line 30 of file os.c.

---

## os.h File Reference

## Defines

- #define [OS\\_ENTER\\_CRITICAL\(\)](#) os\_enter\_critical\_section()
- #define [OS\\_EXIT\\_CRITICAL\(\)](#) os\_exit\_critical\_section()

## Functions

- void [os\\_enter\\_critical\\_section](#) (void)
  - void [os\\_exit\\_critical\\_section](#) (void)
- 

## Define Documentation

**#define OS\_ENTER\_CRITICAL() os\_enter\_critical\_section()**

Definition at line 20 of file os.h.

**#define OS\_EXIT\_CRITICAL() os\_exit\_critical\_section()**

Definition at line 21 of file os.h.

---

## Function Documentation

**void os\_enter\_critical\_section (void)**

Definition at line 21 of file os.c.

**void os\_exit\_critical\_section (void)**

Definition at line 30 of file os.c.

---

## pop3\_client.c File Reference

---

**Detailed Description**

OpenTCP POP3 client implementation.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Version:**

1.0

**Date:**

20.08.2002

**Bug:****Warning:****Todo:**

OpenTCP implementation of POP3 client that uses TCP api. For interface functions declarations see /pop3/pop3\_client.h.

Definition in file [pop3\\_client.c](#).

```
#include "debug.h"
#include "datatypes.h"
#include "globalvariables.h"
#include "system.h"
#include "timers.h"
#include "tcp_ip.h"
#include "pop3_client.h"
```

**Functions**

- INT8 [pop3c\\_connect](#) (UINT32 ip, UINT16 port)  
*Start E-mail reading procedure.*
- void [pop3c\\_init](#) (void)  
*Initialize POP3 client.*
- UINT8 [pop3c\\_getstate](#) (void)  
*Get current POP3 client state.*
- INT32 [pop3c\\_eventlistener](#) (INT8 cbhandle, UINT8 event, UINT32 par1, UINT32 par2)
- void [pop3c\\_run](#) (void)



- void [pop3c\\_senduser](#) (void)
- void [pop3c\\_sendpassword](#) (void)
- void [pop3c\\_sendstat](#) (void)
- void [pop3c\\_sendlist](#) (UINT16 msgnbr)
- void [pop3c\\_sendtop](#) (UINT16 msgnbr)
- void [pop3c\\_sendretr](#) (UINT16 msgnbr)
- void [pop3c\\_senddele](#) (UINT16 msgnbr)
- void [pop3c\\_sendquit](#) (void)
- INT16 [pop3c\\_parsestat](#) (void)
- INT16 [pop3c\\_parselist](#) (void)
- void [pop3c\\_changestate](#) (UINT8 nstate)

## Variables

- UINT8 [pop3c\\_init\\_done](#) = 0
- [pop3c\\_struct pop3\\_client](#)  
*Holds information needed by the POP3 client for successful operation.*

## Function Documentation

### void pop3c\_changestate (UINT8 *nstate*)

Definition at line 1377 of file pop3\_client.c.

### INT8 pop3c\_connect (UINT32 *ip*, UINT16 *port*)

Start E-mail reading procedure.

#### Author:

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### Date:

11.09.2002

#### Parameters:

*ip* IP address of POP3 server from which to read the e-mails  
*port* Port on the server

#### Returns:

- -1 - Error
- >0 - Connection procedure started (OK)

This function is called by user when she wants to start E-mail reading procedure. The function is responsible of establishing connection to POP3 server. After connection is established the POP3 client engine starts to make callbacks to user functions in order to get username information, data etc.

Definition at line 114 of file pop3\_client.c.

### **INT32 pop3c\_eventlistener (INT8 *cbhandle*, UINT8 *event*, UINT32 *par1*, UINT32 *par2*)**

Definition at line 220 of file pop3\_client.c.

### **UINT8 pop3c\_getstate (void)**

Get current POP3 client state.

#### **Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### **Date:**

10.10.2002

#### **Returns:**

Current POP3 client state

Invoke this function to get current state of the POP3 client

Definition at line 194 of file pop3\_client.c.

### **void pop3c\_init (void)**

Initialize POP3 client.

#### **Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### **Date:**

12.08.2002

This function should be called once when system starts. Make sure that system services e.g. timers, TCP are initialized before initializing applications!

Definition at line 148 of file pop3\_client.c.

**INT16 pop3c\_parselist (void)**

Definition at line 1317 of file pop3\_client.c.

**INT16 pop3c\_parsestat (void)**

Definition at line 1276 of file pop3\_client.c.

**void pop3c\_run (void)**

Definition at line 831 of file pop3\_client.c.

**void pop3c\_senddele (UINT16 *msgnbr*)**

Definition at line 1222 of file pop3\_client.c.

**void pop3c\_sendlist (UINT16 *msgnbr*)**

Definition at line 1122 of file pop3\_client.c.

**void pop3c\_sendpassword (void)**

Definition at line 1066 of file pop3\_client.c.

**void pop3c\_sendquit (void)**

Definition at line 1256 of file pop3\_client.c.

**void pop3c\_sendretr (UINT16 *msgnbr*)**

Definition at line 1189 of file pop3\_client.c.

**void pop3c\_sendstat (void)**

Definition at line 1102 of file pop3\_client.c.

**void pop3c\_sendtop (UINT16 *msgnbr*)**

Definition at line 1155 of file pop3\_client.c.

**void pop3c\_senduser (void)**

Definition at line 1030 of file pop3\_client.c.

## Variable Documentation

### struct [pop3c\\_struct](#) [pop3\\_client](#)

Holds information needed by the POP3 client for successful operation.

All of the information that the POP3 client is using for operation are stored here. See [pop3c\\_struct](#) definition for more information about the structure fields.

Definition at line 85 of file pop3\_client.c.

### UINT8 [pop3c\\_init\\_done](#) = 0

Defines whether pop3c\_init has already been invoked or not

Definition at line 77 of file pop3\_client.c.

---

## pop3\_client.h File Reference

---

### Detailed Description

OpenTCP POP3 client interface file.

#### Author:

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### Version:

1.0

#### Date:

20.8.2002

OpenTCP POP3 function declarations, constants, etc.

Definition in file [pop3\\_client.h](#).

```
#include "datatypes.h"
```

### Data Structures

- struct [pop3c\\_struct](#)  
*POP3 client structure.*

## Defines

- #define [POP3C\\_SENDERMAXLEN](#) 30
- #define [POP3C\\_SUBJECTMAXLEN](#) 30
- #define [POP3C\\_TOUT](#) 20
- #define [POP3C\\_UNINITIALIZED](#) 1
- #define [POP3C\\_CLOSED](#) 2
- #define [POP3C\\_OPEN\\_REQUESTED](#) 3
- #define [POP3C\\_CONNECTIONOPEN\\_SENT](#) 4
- #define [POP3C\\_CONNECTION\\_OPENED](#) 5
- #define [POP3C\\_SERVER\\_READY](#) 6
- #define [POP3C\\_USERNAME\\_SENT](#) 7
- #define [POP3C\\_USERNAME\\_ACKED](#) 8
- #define [POP3C\\_PASSWORD\\_SENT](#) 9
- #define [POP3C\\_PASSWORD\\_ACKED](#) 10
- #define [POP3C\\_STAT\\_SENT](#) 11
- #define [POP3C\\_STAT\\_GET](#) 12
- #define [POP3C\\_LIST\\_SENT](#) 13
- #define [POP3C\\_LIST\\_GET](#) 14
- #define [POP3C\\_TOP0\\_SENT](#) 15
- #define [POP3C\\_RECEIVING\\_HEADER](#) 16
- #define [POP3C\\_RECEIVING\\_HDR\\_FROM](#) 17
- #define [POP3C\\_RECEIVING\\_HDR\\_SUBJ](#) 18
- #define [POP3C\\_TOP0\\_GET](#) 19
- #define [POP3C\\_RETR\\_SENT](#) 20
- #define [POP3C\\_RECEIVING\\_MSG\\_HEADER](#) 21
- #define [POP3C\\_RECEIVING\\_MSG](#) 22
- #define [POP3C\\_MESSAGE\\_RECEIVED](#) 23
- #define [POP3C\\_DELE\\_SENT](#) 24
- #define [POP3C\\_DELE\\_ACKED](#) 25
- #define [POP3C\\_QUIT\\_SENT](#) 26
- #define [POP3C\\_QUIT\\_ACKED](#) 27
- #define [POP3C\\_OK](#) '+'

## Functions

- INT8 [pop3c\\_connect](#) (UINT32, UINT16)  
*Start E-mail reading procedure.*
- void [pop3c\\_init](#) (void)  
*Initialize POP3 client.*
- UINT8 [pop3c\\_getstate](#) (void)  
*Get current POP3 client state.*
- INT32 [pop3c\\_eventlistener](#) (INT8, UINT8, UINT32, UINT32)
- void [pop3c\\_run](#) (void)
- void [pop3c\\_senduser](#) (void)

- void [pop3c\\_sendpassword](#) (void)
  - void [pop3c\\_sendstat](#) (void)
  - void [pop3c\\_sendlist](#) (UINT16)
  - void [pop3c\\_sendtop](#) (UINT16)
  - void [pop3c\\_sendretr](#) (UINT16)
  - void [pop3c\\_senddele](#) (UINT16)
  - void [pop3c\\_sendquit](#) (void)
  - void [pop3c\\_changestate](#) (UINT8)
  - INT16 [pop3c\\_parsestat](#) (void)
  - INT16 [pop3c\\_parselist](#) (void)
  - void [pop3c\\_error](#) (void)  
*POP3 client error handler.*
- 
- void [pop3c\\_data](#) (UINT8)  
*Receives E-mail data.*
- 
- void [pop3c\\_allok](#) (void)  
*Indicates succesfull reading of E-mails.*
- 
- void [pop3c\\_messages](#) (UINT16)  
*Invoked to inform user app about the number of new e-mails.*
- 
- INT16 [pop3c\\_msgoffer](#) (UINT16, UINT32, UINT8 \*, UINT8 \*)  
*Offers e-mail message to the user app.*
- 
- INT8 [pop3c\\_getusername](#) (UINT8 \*)  
*Get user name that is to be used for logging to the server.*
- 
- INT8 [pop3c\\_getpassword](#) (UINT8 \*)  
*Get password that is to be used for logging to the server.*

## Define Documentation

### **#define POP3C\_CLOSED 2**

POP3 state: TCP connection closed

Definition at line 108 of file pop3\_client.h.

### **#define POP3C\_CONNECTION\_OPENED 5**

POP3 state: TCP Connection opened

Definition at line 111 of file pop3\_client.h.

**#define POP3C\_CONNECTIONOPEN\_SENT 4**

POP3 state: TCP connection request sent

Definition at line 110 of file pop3\_client.h.

**#define POP3C\_DELE\_ACKED 25**

POP3 state: Server has replied dele +OK

Definition at line 131 of file pop3\_client.h.

**#define POP3C\_DELE\_SENT 24**

POP3 state: DELE sent by us

Definition at line 130 of file pop3\_client.h.

**#define POP3C\_LIST\_GET 14**

POP3 state: Server has repld. with the len of msg

Definition at line 120 of file pop3\_client.h.

**#define POP3C\_LIST\_SENT 13**

POP3 state: LIST sent by us

Definition at line 119 of file pop3\_client.h.

**#define POP3C\_MESSAGE\_RECEIVED 23**

POP3 state: Received the message

Definition at line 129 of file pop3\_client.h.

**#define POP3C\_OK '+'**

Definition at line 135 of file pop3\_client.h.

**#define POP3C\_OPEN\_REQUESTED 3**

POP3 state: User has requested mail read

Definition at line 109 of file pop3\_client.h.

**#define POP3C\_PASSWORD\_ACKED 10**

POP3 state: Server answered password +OK

Definition at line 116 of file pop3\_client.h.

**#define POP3C\_PASSWORD\_SENT 9**

POP3 state: PASS sent by us

Definition at line 115 of file pop3\_client.h.

**#define POP3C\_QUIT\_ACKED 27**

POP3 state: Server has replied quit +OK

Definition at line 133 of file pop3\_client.h.

**#define POP3C\_QUIT\_SENT 26**

POP3 state: QUIT sent by us

Definition at line 132 of file pop3\_client.h.

**#define POP3C\_RECEIVING\_HDR\_FROM 17**

POP3 state: We are parsing 'from:'

Definition at line 123 of file pop3\_client.h.

**#define POP3C\_RECEIVING\_HDR\_SUBJ 18**

POP3 state: We are parsing 'subject:'

Definition at line 124 of file pop3\_client.h.

**#define POP3C\_RECEIVING\_HEADER 16**

POP3 state: We are receiving header

Definition at line 122 of file pop3\_client.h.

**#define POP3C\_RECEIVING\_MSG 22**

POP3 state: Receiving the message

Definition at line 128 of file pop3\_client.h.

**#define POP3C\_RECEIVING\_MSG\_HEADER 21**

POP3 state: We are reading the message header

Definition at line 127 of file pop3\_client.h.

**#define POP3C\_RETR\_SENT 20**

POP3 state: RETR sent by us

Definition at line 126 of file pop3\_client.h.



**#define POP3C\_SENDEMAXLEN 30**

Maximum length for senders' e-mail address including "  
Definition at line 69 of file pop3\_client.h.

**#define POP3C\_SERVER\_READY 6**

POP3 state: POP3 server has indicated +OK  
Definition at line 112 of file pop3\_client.h.

**#define POP3C\_STAT\_GET 12**

POP3 state: Server has answered how many messages  
Definition at line 118 of file pop3\_client.h.

**#define POP3C\_STAT\_SENT 11**

POP3 state: STAT sent by us  
Definition at line 117 of file pop3\_client.h.

**#define POP3C\_SUBJECTMAXLEN 30**

Maximum length of the subject field including "  
Definition at line 72 of file pop3\_client.h.

**#define POP3C\_TOP0\_GET 19**

POP3 state: Server has replied with header  
Definition at line 125 of file pop3\_client.h.

**#define POP3C\_TOP0\_SENT 15**

POP3 state: TOP x 0 sent by us  
Definition at line 121 of file pop3\_client.h.

**#define POP3C\_TOUT 20**

POP3 client timeout in secs  
Definition at line 76 of file pop3\_client.h.

**#define POP3C\_UNINITIALIZED 1**

POP3 state: Not initialized yet

Definition at line 107 of file pop3\_client.h.

**#define POP3C\_USERNAME\_ACKED 8**

POP3 state: Server answered username +OK

Definition at line 114 of file pop3\_client.h.

**#define POP3C\_USERNAME\_SENT 7**

POP3 state: USER sent by us

Definition at line 113 of file pop3\_client.h.

---

## Function Documentation

**void pop3c\_allok (void)**

Indicates succesfull reading of E-mails.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

14.10.2002

This callback function is called by POP3 Client to indicate succesfull reading of E-mails

Definition at line 173 of file pop3c\_callbacks.c.

**void pop3c\_changestate (UINT8)**

Definition at line 1377 of file pop3\_client.c.

**INT8 pop3c\_connect (UINT32 *ip*, UINT16 *port*)**

Start E-mail reading procedure.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

11.09.2002

**Parameters:**

*ip* IP address of POP3 server from which to read the e-mails

*port* Port on the server

**Returns:**

- -1 - Error
- >0 - Connection procedure started (OK)

This function is called by user when she wants to start E-mail reading procedure. The function is responsible of establishing connection to POP3 server. After connection is established the POP3 client engine starts to make callbacks to user functions in order to get username information, data etc.

Definition at line 114 of file pop3\_client.c.

**void pop3c\_data (UINT8 *data*)**

Receives E-mail data.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

14.10.2002

**Parameters:**

*data* E-mail data as received by POP3 client

This callback function is called by POP3 Client in order to give data to application

Definition at line 187 of file pop3c\_callbacks.c.

**void pop3c\_error (void)**

POP3 client error handler.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

11.09.2002

This callback function is called by POP3 Client when there happens error of some kind (timeout, losing of connection etc.).

Definition at line 82 of file pop3c\_callbacks.c.

**INT32 pop3c\_eventlistener (INT8, UINT8, UINT32, UINT32)**

Definition at line 220 of file pop3\_client.c.

**INT8 pop3c\_getpassword (UINT8 \* *dbuf*)**

Get password that is to be used for logging to the server.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

11.09.2002

**Parameters:**

*dbuf* Pointer to buffer to which the password will be stored

**Returns:**

- -1 - Error
- >0 - Number of bytes inserted

This callback function is called by POP3 Client when it wants to know the password of us. The user is responsible of storing that name to destbuf without NULL termination (") and returning number of bytes on the password.

Definition at line 159 of file pop3c\_callbacks.c.

**UINT8 pop3c\_getstate (void)**

Get current POP3 client state.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

10.10.2002

**Returns:**

Current POP3 client state  
Invoke this function to get current state of the POP3 client  
Definition at line 194 of file pop3\_client.c.

**INT8 pop3c\_getusername (UINT8 \* *dbuf*)**

Get user name that is to be used for logging to the server.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

11.09.2002

**Parameters:**

*dbuf* Pointer to buffer to which the username will be stored

**Returns:**

- -1 - Error
- >0 - Number of bytes inserted

This callback function is called by POP3 Client when it wants to know the username of us. The user is responsible of storing that name to destbuf without NULL termination (") and returning number of bytes on that username.

Definition at line 139 of file pop3c\_callbacks.c.

**void pop3c\_init (void)**

Initialize POP3 client.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

12.08.2002

This function should be called once when system starts. Make sure that system services e.g. timers, TCP are initialized before initializing applications!

Definition at line 148 of file pop3\_client.c.

**void pop3c\_messages (UINT16 *msgs*)**

Invoked to inform user app about the number of new e-mails.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

11.09.2002

**Parameters:**

*msgs* Number of new e-mails waiting on the server

This callback function is called by POP3 Client in order to indicate the number of new E-mails on server.

Definition at line 96 of file pop3c\_callbacks.c.

**INT16 pop3c\_msgoffer (UINT16 *index*, UINT32 *msglen*, UINT8 \* *from*, UINT8 \* *subject*)**

Offers e-mail message to the user app.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

11.09.2002

**Parameters:**

*index* index number of message

*msglen* Length of message data

*from* Buffer containing sender (null terminated string)

*subject* Buffer containing subject (null terminated string)

**Returns:**

- -2 - Reject the e-mail (delete from server)
- -1 - Skip the e-mail (leave it on server)
- $\geq 0$  - Read and delete the mail from server

This callback function is called by POP3 Client in order to offer the e-mail message to user. User can reject this mail, skip this, mail or read it as indicated with return value

Definition at line 117 of file pop3c\_callbacks.c.

**INT16 pop3c\_parselist (void)**

Definition at line 1317 of file pop3\_client.c.

**INT16 pop3c\_parsestat (void)**

Definition at line 1276 of file pop3\_client.c.

**void pop3c\_run (void)**

Definition at line 831 of file pop3\_client.c.

**void pop3c\_senddele (UINT16)**

Definition at line 1222 of file pop3\_client.c.

**void pop3c\_sendlist (UINT16)**

Definition at line 1122 of file pop3\_client.c.

**void pop3c\_sendpassword (void)**

Definition at line 1066 of file pop3\_client.c.

**void pop3c\_sendquit (void)**

Definition at line 1256 of file pop3\_client.c.

**void pop3c\_sendretr (UINT16)**

Definition at line 1189 of file pop3\_client.c.

**void pop3c\_sendstat (void)**

Definition at line 1102 of file pop3\_client.c.

**void pop3c\_sendtop (UINT16)**

Definition at line 1155 of file pop3\_client.c.

**void pop3c\_senduser (void)**

Definition at line 1030 of file pop3\_client.c.

---

## pop3c\_callbacks.c File Reference

---

### Detailed Description

OpenTCP POP3 callback functions.

#### Author:

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### Version:

1.0

#### Date:

11.9.2002

#### Bug:

#### Warning:

#### Todo:

This file holds empty callback functions needed by the POP3 client to get user-specific e-mail data from the application. Add your own code to perform the requested tasks.

Definition in file [pop3c\\_callbacks.c](#).

```
#include "debug.h"
#include "datatypes.h"
#include "pop3_client.h"
```

### Functions

- void [pop3c\\_error](#) (void)  
*POP3 client error handler.*
- void [pop3c\\_messages](#) (UINT16 msgs)  
*Invoked to inform user app about the number of new e-mails.*
- INT16 [pop3c\\_msgoffer](#) (UINT16 index, UINT32 msglen, UINT8 \*from, UINT8 \*subject)



*Offers e-mail message to the user app.*

- INT8 [pop3c\\_getusername](#) (UINT8 \*dbuf)  
*Get user name that is to be used for logging to the server.*
  - INT8 [pop3c\\_getpassword](#) (UINT8 \*dbuf)  
*Get password that is to be used for logging to the server.*
  - void [pop3c\\_allok](#) (void)  
*Indicates succesfull reading of E-mails.*
  - void [pop3c\\_data](#) (UINT8 data)  
*Receives E-mail data.*
- 

## Function Documentation

### **void pop3c\_allok (void)**

Indicates succesfull reading of E-mails.

#### **Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### **Date:**

14.10.2002

This callback function is called by POP3 Client to indicate succesfull reading of E-mails

Definition at line 173 of file pop3c\_callbacks.c.

### **void pop3c\_data (UINT8 data)**

Receives E-mail data.

#### **Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### **Date:**

14.10.2002

**Parameters:**

*data* E-mail data as received by POP3 client  
This callback function is called by POP3 Client in order to give data to application  
Definition at line 187 of file pop3c\_callbacks.c.

**void pop3c\_error (void)**

POP3 client error handler.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

11.09.2002

This callback function is called by POP3 Client when there happens error of some kind (timeout, losing of connection etc.).

Definition at line 82 of file pop3c\_callbacks.c.

**INT8 pop3c\_getpassword (UINT8 \* *dbuf*)**

Get password that is to be used for logging to the server.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

11.09.2002

**Parameters:**

*dbuf* Pointer to buffer to which the password will be stored

**Returns:**

- -1 - Error
- >0 - Number of bytes inserted

This callback function is called by POP3 Client when it wants to know the password of us. The user is responsible of storing that name to destbuf without NULL termination (") and returning number of bytes on the password.

Definition at line 159 of file pop3c\_callbacks.c.

**INT8 pop3c\_getusername (UINT8 \* *dbuf*)**

Get user name that is to be used for logging to the server.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

11.09.2002

**Parameters:**

*dbuf* Pointer to buffer to which the username will be stored

**Returns:**

- -1 - Error
- >0 - Number of bytes inserted

This callback function is called by POP3 Client when it wants to know the username of us. The user is responsible of storing that name to destbuf without NULL termination (") and returning number of bytes on that username.

Definition at line 139 of file pop3c\_callbacks.c.

**void pop3c\_messages (UINT16 *msgs*)**

Invoked to inform user app about the number of new e-mails.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

11.09.2002

**Parameters:**

*msgs* Number of new e-mails waiting on the server

This callback function is called by POP3 Client in order to indicate the number of new E-mails on server.

Definition at line 96 of file pop3c\_callbacks.c.

**INT16 pop3c\_msgoffer (UINT16 *index*, UINT32 *msglen*, UINT8 \* *from*, UINT8 \* *subject*)**

Offers e-mail message to the user app.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

11.09.2002

**Parameters:**

*index* index number of message  
*msglen* Length of message data  
*from* Buffer containing sender (null terminated string)  
*subject* Buffer containing subject (null terminated string)

**Returns:**

- -2 - Reject the e-mail (delete from server)
- -1 - Skip the e-mail (leave it on server)
- >=0 - Read and delete the mail from server

This callback function is called by POP3 Client in order to offer the e-mail message to user. User can reject this mail, skip this, mail or read it as indicated with return value

Definition at line 117 of file pop3c\_callbacks.c.

---

## RTI.c File Reference

```
#include "timers.h"  
#include "MC9S12NE64.h"
```

### Functions

- void [RTI\\_Init](#) (void)
  - void [RTI\\_Enable](#) (void)
  - void [RTI\\_Disable](#) (void)
  - interrupt void [RealTimeInterrupt](#) (void)
-

## Function Documentation

### **interrupt void RealTimeInterrupt (void)**

Definition at line 54 of file RTI.c.

### **void RTI\_Disable (void)**

Definition at line 43 of file RTI.c.

### **void RTI\_Enable (void)**

Definition at line 32 of file RTI.c.

### **void RTI\_Init (void)**

Definition at line 21 of file RTI.c.

---

## smtp\_client.c File Reference

---

### **Detailed Description**

OpenTCP SMTP client implementation.

#### **Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### **Version:**

1.0

#### **Date:**

9.8.2002

#### **Bug:**

#### **Warning:**

#### **Todo:**

OpenTCP implementation of SMTP client that uses TCP api. For interface functions declarations see [smtp\\_client.h](#).

Definition in file [smtp\\_client.c](#).

```
#include "datatypes.h"
#include "debug.h"
#include "globalvariables.h"
#include "system.h"
#include "timers.h"
#include "tcp_ip.h"
#include "smtp_client.h"
```

## Functions

- INT8 [smtpc\\_connect](#) (UINT32 ip, UINT16 port)  
*Start E-mail sending procedure.*
- void [smtpc\\_init](#) (void)  
*Initializes SMTP client.*
- UINT8 [smtpc\\_getstate](#) (void)  
*Retrieves SMTP clients' state.*
- INT32 [smtpc\\_eventlistener](#) (INT8 cbhandle, UINT8 event, UINT32 par1, UINT32 par2)
- void [smtpc\\_run](#) (void)
- void [smtpc\\_sendhelo](#) (void)
- void [smtpc\\_sendmailfrom](#) (void)
- void [smtpc\\_sendrcptto](#) (void)
- void [smtpc\\_senddatareq](#) (void)
- void [smtpc\\_sendbody](#) (void)
- void [smtpc\\_senddataend](#) (void)
- void [smtpc\\_sendquit](#) (void)
- INT16 [smtpc\\_senddata](#) (void)
- void [smtpc\\_changestate](#) (UINT8 nstate)

## Variables

- UINT8 [smtpc\\_init\\_done](#) = 0
- struct {
- UINT8 **state**
- UINT32 **remip**
- UINT16 **remport**
- INT8 **sochandle**
- UINT8 **tmrhandle**
- UINT16 **unacked**
- UINT16 **bufindex**
- } [smtp\\_client](#)

*SMTP client state information.*

---

## Function Documentation

### **void smtpc\_changestate (UINT8 *nstate*)**

Definition at line 900 of file smtp\_client.c.

### **INT8 smtpc\_connect (UINT32 *ip*, UINT16 *port*)**

Start E-mail sending procedure.

#### **Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### **Date:**

12.08.2002

#### **Parameters:**

*ip* IP address of SMTP server

*port* Port number on server (remote port)

#### **Returns:**

- - 1 - Error
- $\geq 0$  - Connection procedure started (OK)

This function is called by user when she wants to start E-mail sending procedure. The function is responsible of establishing connection to SMTP server. After connection is established the SMTP client engine starts to make callbacks to user functions in order to get E-mail address information, data etc.

Definition at line 120 of file smtp\_client.c.

### **INT32 smtpc\_eventlistener (INT8 *cbhandle*, UINT8 *event*, UINT32 *par1*, UINT32 *par2*)**

Definition at line 219 of file smtp\_client.c.

### **UINT8 smtpc\_getstate (void)**

Retrieves SMTP clients' state.

#### **Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

6.10.2002

Returns the state of SMTP client

Definition at line 193 of file smtp\_client.c.

**void smtpc\_init (void)**

Initializes SMTP client.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

12.08.2002

This function should be called once when system starts. Make sure that system services e.g. timers, TCP are initialized before initializing applications!

Definition at line 155 of file smtp\_client.c.

**void smtpc\_run (void)**

Definition at line 453 of file smtp\_client.c.

**void smtpc\_sendbody (void)**

Definition at line 752 of file smtp\_client.c.

**INT16 smtpc\_senddata (void)**

Definition at line 879 of file smtp\_client.c.

**void smtpc\_senddataend (void)**

Definition at line 837 of file smtp\_client.c.

**void smtpc\_senddatareq (void)**

Definition at line 730 of file smtp\_client.c.



**void smtpc\_sen dhelo (void)**

Definition at line 610 of file smtp\_client.c.

**void smtpc\_sendmailfrom (void)**

Definition at line 646 of file smtp\_client.c.

**void smtpc\_sendquit (void)**

Definition at line 856 of file smtp\_client.c.

**void smtpc\_sendrcptto (void)**

Definition at line 690 of file smtp\_client.c.

---

## Variable Documentation

**UINT16 [bufindex](#)**

Definition at line 91 of file smtp\_client.c.

**UINT32 [remip](#)**

Definition at line 86 of file smtp\_client.c.

**UINT16 [remport](#)**

Definition at line 87 of file smtp\_client.c.

**struct { ... } [smtp\\_client](#)**

SMTP client state information.

smtp\_client variable holds various information about the smtp client needed for proper operation.

**UINT8 [smtpc\\_init\\_done](#) = 0**

Defines whether smtpc\_init has already been invoked or not

Definition at line 75 of file smtp\_client.c.

**INT8 [sochandle](#)**

Definition at line 88 of file smtp\_client.c.

**UINT8 [state](#)**

Definition at line 85 of file smtp\_client.c.

**UINT8 [tmrhandle](#)**

Definition at line 89 of file smtp\_client.c.

**UINT16 [unacked](#)**

Definition at line 90 of file smtp\_client.c.

---

## smtp\_client.h File Reference

---

### Detailed Description

OpenTCP SMTP client interface file.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Version:**

1.0

**Date:**

9.8.2002

OpenTCP SMTP client function declarations, constants, etc.

Definition in file [smtp\\_client.h](#).

```
#include "datatypes.h"
```

### Defines

- #define [SMTPC\\_TOUT](#) 20
- #define [SMTP\\_UNINITIALIZED](#) 1

- #define [SMTP\\_CLOSED](#) 2
- #define [SMTP\\_OPEN\\_REQUESTED](#) 3
- #define [SMTP\\_CONNECTIONOPEN\\_SENT](#) 4
- #define [SMTP\\_CONNECTION\\_OPENED](#) 5
- #define [SMTP\\_SERVER\\_READY](#) 6
- #define [SMTP\\_HELO\\_SENT](#) 7
- #define [SMTP\\_HELO\\_ACKED](#) 8
- #define [SMTP\\_MAILFROM\\_SENT](#) 9
- #define [SMTP\\_MAILFROM\\_ACKED](#) 10
- #define [SMTP\\_RCPTTO\\_SENT](#) 11
- #define [SMTP\\_RCPTTO\\_ACKED](#) 12
- #define [SMTP\\_DATAREQ\\_SENT](#) 13
- #define [SMTP\\_DATAREQ\\_ACKED](#) 14
- #define [SMTP\\_BODY\\_SENT](#) 15
- #define [SMTP\\_SENDING\\_DATA](#) 16
- #define [SMTP\\_DATAEND\\_REACHED](#) 17
- #define [SMTP\\_DATAEND\\_SENT](#) 18
- #define [SMTP\\_DATAEND\\_ACKED](#) 19
- #define [SMTP\\_QUIT\\_SENT](#) 20
- #define [SMTP\\_QUIT\\_ACKED](#) 21
- #define [SMTP\\_CMD\\_SERVER\\_READY](#) '2' + '2' + '0'
- #define [SMTP\\_CMD\\_OK](#) '2' + '5' + '0'
- #define [SMTP\\_CMD\\_DATAOK](#) '3' + '5' + '4'
- #define [SMTP\\_CMD\\_QUITOK](#) '2' + '2' + '1'

## Functions

- INT8 [smtpc\\_connect](#) (UINT32, UINT16)  
*Start E-mail sending procedure.*
- void [smtpc\\_init](#) (void)  
*Initializes SMTP client.*
- INT32 [smtpc\\_eventlistener](#) (INT8, UINT8, UINT32, UINT32)
- void [smtpc\\_run](#) (void)
- UINT8 [smtpc\\_getstate](#) (void)  
*Retrieves SMTP clients' state.*
- void [smtpc\\_sen dhelo](#) (void)
- void [smtpc\\_sendmailfrom](#) (void)
- void [smtpc\\_sendrcptto](#) (void)
- void [smtpc\\_senddatareq](#) (void)
- void [smtpc\\_sendbody](#) (void)
- void [smtpc\\_senddataend](#) (void)
- void [smtpc\\_sendquit](#) (void)
- INT16 [smtpc\\_senddata](#) (void)
- void [smtpc\\_changestate](#) (UINT8)
- INT8 [smtpc\\_getdomain](#) (UINT8 \*)  
*Fills in local domain information.*

- INT8 [smtpc\\_getsender](#) (UINT8 \*)  
*Returns senders' e-mail address.*
  - INT8 [smtpc\\_getreceiver](#) (UINT8 \*)  
*Returns receivers' e-mail address.*
  - INT8 [smtpc\\_getsubject](#) (UINT8 \*)  
*Returns subject of the E-mail.*
  - INT16 [smtpc\\_getdata](#) (UINT8 \*, UINT16)  
*Returns e-mail data (message) to be sent.*
  - void [smtpc\\_dataacked](#) (void)  
*Last data received by remote host.*
  - void [smtpc\\_error](#) (void)  
*SMTP client error handler.*
  - void [smtpc\\_allok](#) (void)  
*SMTP client success handler.*
- 

## Define Documentation

### **#define SMTP\_BODY\_SENT 15**

SMTP Client state: We have sent RFC822 body

Definition at line 92 of file smtp\_client.h.

### **#define SMTP\_CLOSED 2**

SMTP Client state: TCP connection closed

Definition at line 79 of file smtp\_client.h.

### **#define SMTP\_CMD\_DATAOK '3' + '5' + '4'**

OK to send data

Definition at line 105 of file smtp\_client.h.

### **#define SMTP\_CMD\_OK '2' + '5' + '0'**

Command executed OK

Definition at line 104 of file smtp\_client.h.

**#define SMTP\_CMD\_QUITOK '2' + '2' + '1'**

OK to quit, close connection

Definition at line 106 of file smtp\_client.h.

**#define SMTP\_CMD\_SERVER\_READY '2' + '2' + '0'**

Server outputs when connected

Definition at line 103 of file smtp\_client.h.

**#define SMTP\_CONNECTION\_OPENED 5**

SMTP Client state: TCP Connection opened

Definition at line 82 of file smtp\_client.h.

**#define SMTP\_CONNECTIONOPEN\_SENT 4**

SMTP Client state: TCP connection request sent

Definition at line 81 of file smtp\_client.h.

**#define SMTP\_DATAEND\_ACKED 19**

SMTP Client state: Server has acked CRLF.CRLF by 250

Definition at line 96 of file smtp\_client.h.

**#define SMTP\_DATAEND\_REACHED 17**

SMTP Client state: We have no more data

Definition at line 94 of file smtp\_client.h.

**#define SMTP\_DATAEND\_SENT 18**

SMTP Client state: CRLF.CRLF sent by us

Definition at line 95 of file smtp\_client.h.

**#define SMTP\_DATAREQ\_ACKED 14**

SMTP Client state: Server has acked DATA by 354

Definition at line 91 of file smtp\_client.h.

**#define SMTP\_DATAREQ\_SENT 13**

SMTP Client state: DATA sent by us

Definition at line 90 of file smtp\_client.h.

**#define SMTP\_HELO\_ACKED 8**

SMTP Client state: Server has acked HELO by 250

Definition at line 85 of file smtp\_client.h.

**#define SMTP\_HELO\_SENT 7**

SMTP Client state: HELO sent by us

Definition at line 84 of file smtp\_client.h.

**#define SMTP\_MAILFROM\_ACKED 10**

SMTP Client state: Server has acked MAIL FROM by 250

Definition at line 87 of file smtp\_client.h.

**#define SMTP\_MAILFROM\_SENT 9**

SMTP Client state: MAIL FROM sent by us

Definition at line 86 of file smtp\_client.h.

**#define SMTP\_OPEN\_REQUESTED 3**

SMTP Client state: User has requested mail read

Definition at line 80 of file smtp\_client.h.

**#define SMTP\_QUIT\_ACKED 21**

SMTP Client state: Server has acked quit by 221

Definition at line 98 of file smtp\_client.h.

**#define SMTP\_QUIT\_SENT 20**

SMTP Client state: QUIT sent by us

Definition at line 97 of file smtp\_client.h.

**#define SMTP\_RCPTTO\_ACKED 12**

SMTP Client state: Server has acked RCPT TO by 250

Definition at line 89 of file smtp\_client.h.

**#define SMTP\_RCPTTO\_SENT 11**

SMTP Client state: RCPT To sent by us  
Definition at line 88 of file smtp\_client.h.

**#define SMTP\_SENDING\_DATA 16**

SMTP Client state: We are sending data...  
Definition at line 93 of file smtp\_client.h.

**#define SMTP\_SERVER\_READY 6**

SMTP Client state: SMTP server has indicated 220  
Definition at line 83 of file smtp\_client.h.

**#define SMTP\_UNINITIALIZED 1**

SMTP Client state: Not initialized yet  
Definition at line 78 of file smtp\_client.h.

**#define SMTPC\_TOUT 20**

SMTP clients' timeout in seconds  
Definition at line 71 of file smtp\_client.h.

---

## Function Documentation

**void smtpc\_allok (void)**

SMTP client success handler.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

12.08.2002

This callback function is called by SMTP Client when the packet is successfully delivered to E-mail server.

Definition at line 38 of file smtp\_callbacks.c.

**void smtpc\_changestate (UINT8)**

Definition at line 900 of file smtp\_client.c.

**INT8 smtpc\_connect (UINT32 *ip*, UINT16 *port*)**

Start E-mail sending procedure.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

12.08.2002

**Parameters:**

*ip* IP address of SMTP server

*port* Port number on server (remote port)

**Returns:**

- - 1 - Error
- >=0 - Connection procedure started (OK)

This function is called by user when she wants to start E-mail sending procedure. The function is responsible of establishing connection to SMTP server. After connection is established the SMTP client engine starts to make callbacks to user functions in order to get E-mail address information, data etc.

Definition at line 120 of file smtp\_client.c.

**void smtpc\_dataacked (void)**

Last data received by remote host.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

12.08.2002



This callback function is called by SMTP Client when TCP has ensured that the last packet was transmitted successfully and next time when `smtpc_getdata` callback is made new data should be assembled

Definition at line 167 of file `smtpc_callbacks.c`.

### **void smtpc\_error (void)**

SMTP client error handler.

#### **Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### **Date:**

20.08.2002

This callback function is called by SMTP Client when there happens error of some kind (timeout, losing of connection etc.). It indicates that e-mail was not delivered to server.

Definition at line 22 of file `smtpc_callbacks.c`.

### **INT32 smtpc\_eventlistener (INT8, UINT8, UINT32, UINT32)**

Definition at line 219 of file `smtp_client.c`.

### **INT16 smtpc\_getdata (UINT8 \* *dbuf*, UINT16 *buflen*)**

Returns e-mail data (message) to be sent.

#### **Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### **Date:**

12.08.2002

#### **Parameters:**

*dbuf* pointer to buffer to which the data will be stored  
*buflen* length of data buffer

#### **Returns:**

- -1 - Error
- >0 - Number of bytes inserted

This callback function is called by SMTP Client when it wants to get mail plain data from user. The user is responsible of filling `dbuf` and returning number of bytes assembled. When data end is

reached the function must return (-1) without storing any bytes to buffer (so just send data until you don't have any bytes to sent when callback is made to that function and return -1). Do not move read pointer of your data forward before SMTP makes callback to smtpc\_dataacked!

Definition at line 149 of file smtpc\_callbacks.c.

### **INT8 smtpc\_getdomain (UINT8 \* *dbuf*)**

Fills in local domain information.

#### **Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### **Date:**

12.08.2002

#### **Parameters:**

*dbuf* pointer to buffer to which the domain name will be stored

#### **Returns:**

- -1 - Error
- >0 - Number of bytes inserted

This callback function is called by SMTP Client when it wants to know the local domain. The user is responsible of storing that domain to destbuf without NULL termination (") and returning number of bytes on domain.

Definition at line 57 of file smtpc\_callbacks.c.

### **INT8 smtpc\_getreceiver (UINT8 \* *dbuf*)**

Returns receivers' e-mail address.

#### **Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### **Date:**

12.08.2002

#### **Parameters:**

*dbuf* pointer to buffer to which the receiver will be stored

**Returns:**

- -1 - Error
- >0 - Number of bytes inserted

This callback function is called by SMTP Client when it wants to know the E-mail address of receiver. The user is responsible of storing that address to *destbuf* without NULL termination (") and returning number of bytes on E-mail address.

Definition at line 100 of file *smtpc\_callbacks.c*.

**UINT8 smtpc\_getsender (UINT8 \* *dbuf*)**

Returns senders' e-mail address.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

12.08.2002

**Parameters:**

*dbuf* pointer to buffer to which the sender will be stored

**Returns:**

- -1 - Error
- >0 - Number of bytes inserted

This callback function is called by SMTP Client when it wants to know the E-mail address of sender. The user is responsible of storing that address to *destbuf* without NULL termination (") and returning number of bytes on E-mail address.

Definition at line 78 of file *smtpc\_callbacks.c*.

**UINT8 smtpc\_getstate (void)**

Retrieves SMTP clients' state.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

6.10.2002

Returns the state of SMTP client

Definition at line 193 of file smtp\_client.c.

### **INT8 smtpc\_getsubject (UINT8 \* *dbuf*)**

Returns subject of the E-mail.

#### **Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### **Date:**

12.08.2002

#### **Parameters:**

*dbuf* pointer to buffer to which the subject will be stored

#### **Returns:**

- -1 - Error
- >0 - Number of bytes inserted

This callback function is called by SMTP Client when it wants to know the subject of E-mail to be sent. The user is responsible of storing subject to destbuf without NULL termination (") and returning number of bytes inserted.

Definition at line 122 of file smtp\_callbacks.c.

### **void smtpc\_init (void)**

Initializes SMTP client.

#### **Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### **Date:**

12.08.2002

This function should be called once when system starts. Make sure that system services e.g. timers, TCP are initialized before initializing applications!

Definition at line 155 of file smtp\_client.c.

### **void smtpc\_run (void)**

Definition at line 453 of file smtp\_client.c.

**void smtpc\_sendbody (void)**

Definition at line 752 of file smtp\_client.c.

**INT16 smtpc\_senddata (void)**

Definition at line 879 of file smtp\_client.c.

**void smtpc\_senddataend (void)**

Definition at line 837 of file smtp\_client.c.

**void smtpc\_senddatareq (void)**

Definition at line 730 of file smtp\_client.c.

**void smtpc\_sendhelo (void)**

Definition at line 610 of file smtp\_client.c.

**void smtpc\_sendmailfrom (void)**

Definition at line 646 of file smtp\_client.c.

**void smtpc\_sendquit (void)**

Definition at line 856 of file smtp\_client.c.

**void smtpc\_sendrcptto (void)**

Definition at line 690 of file smtp\_client.c.

---

## smtpc\_callbacks.c File Reference

```
#include "datatypes.h"
#include "smtp_client.h"
#include <string.h>
```

## Functions

- void [smtpc\\_error](#) (void)  
*SMTP client error handler.*
- void [smtpc\\_allok](#) (void)  
*SMTP client success handler.*
- INT8 [smtpc\\_getdomain](#) (UINT8 \*dbuf)  
*Fills in local domain information.*
- INT8 [smtpc\\_getsender](#) (UINT8 \*dbuf)  
*Returns senders' e-mail address.*
- INT8 [smtpc\\_getreceiver](#) (UINT8 \*dbuf)  
*Returns receivers' e-mail address.*
- INT8 [smtpc\\_getsubject](#) (UINT8 \*dbuf)  
*Returns subject of the E-mail.*
- INT16 [smtpc\\_getdata](#) (UINT8 \*dbuf, UINT16 buflen)  
*Returns e-mail data (message) to be sent.*
- void [smtpc\\_dataacked](#) (void)  
*Last data received by remote host.*

## Variables

- char \* [my\\_domain](#) = "Freescale.com"
  - char \* [my\\_sender](#) = "NE64EVB@Freescale.com"
  - char \* [my\\_receiver](#) = "Somebody@freescale.com"
  - char \* [my\\_subject](#) = "This is a test."
  - char \* [my\\_data](#) = "TEST!!!!!\r\n\r\nTHIS IS AN AUTOMATIC NOTIFICATION, DO NOT REPLY  
[TO](#) THIS EMAIL.\r\n\r\n"
- 

## Function Documentation

### void smtpc\_allok (void)

SMTP client success handler.

#### Author:

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

12.08.2002

This callback function is called by SMTP Client when the packet is successfully delivered to E-mail server.

Definition at line 38 of file smtpc\_callbacks.c.

**void smtpc\_dataacked (void)**

Last data received by remote host.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

12.08.2002

This callback function is called by SMTP Client when TCP has ensured that the last packet was transmitted successfully and next time when smtpc\_getdata callback is made new data should be assembled

Definition at line 167 of file smtpc\_callbacks.c.

**void smtpc\_error (void)**

SMTP client error handler.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

20.08.2002

This callback function is called by SMTP Client when there happens error of some kind (timeout, losing of connection etc.). It indicates that e-mail was not delivered to server.

Definition at line 22 of file smtpc\_callbacks.c.

**INT16 smtpc\_getdata (UINT8 \* dbuf, UINT16 buflen)**

Returns e-mail data (message) to be sent.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

12.08.2002

**Parameters:**

*dbuf* pointer to buffer to which the data will be stored  
*buflen* length of data buffer

**Returns:**

- -1 - Error
- >0 - Number of bytes inserted

This callback function is called by SMTP Client when it wants to get mail plain data from user. The user is responsible of filling *dbuf* and returning number of bytes assembled. When data end is reached the function must return (-1) without storing any bytes to buffer (so just send data until you don't have any bytes to sent when callback is made to that function and return -1). Do not move read pointer of your data forward before SMTP makes callback to `smtpc_dataacked!`

Definition at line 149 of file `smtpc_callbacks.c`.

**INT8 smtpc\_getdomain (UINT8 \* *dbuf*)**

Fills in local domain information.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

12.08.2002

**Parameters:**

*dbuf* pointer to buffer to which the domain name will be stored

**Returns:**

- -1 - Error
- >0 - Number of bytes inserted

This callback function is called by SMTP Client when it wants to know the local domain. The user is responsible of storing that domain to *dbuf* without NULL termination (") and returning number of bytes on domain.

Definition at line 57 of file `smtpc_callbacks.c`.



**INT8 smtpc\_getreceiver (UINT8 \* *dbuf*)**

Returns receivers' e-mail address.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

12.08.2002

**Parameters:**

*dbuf* pointer to buffer to which the receiver will be stored

**Returns:**

- -1 - Error
- >0 - Number of bytes inserted

This callback function is called by SMTP Client when it wants to know the E-mail address of receiver. The user is responsible of storing that address to destbuf without NULL termination (") and returning number of bytes on E-mail address.

Definition at line 100 of file smtpc\_callbacks.c.

**INT8 smtpc\_getsender (UINT8 \* *dbuf*)**

Returns senders' e-mail address.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

12.08.2002

**Parameters:**

*dbuf* pointer to buffer to which the sender will be stored

**Returns:**

- -1 - Error
- >0 - Number of bytes inserted

This callback function is called by SMTP Client when it wants to know the E-mail address of sender. The user is responsible of storing that address to destbuf without NULL termination (") and returning number of bytes on E-mail address.

Definition at line 78 of file smtpc\_callbacks.c.

### **INT8 smtpc\_getsubject (UINT8 \* *dbuf*)**

Returns subject of the E-mail.

#### **Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### **Date:**

12.08.2002

#### **Parameters:**

*dbuf* pointer to buffer to which the subject will be stored

#### **Returns:**

- -1 - Error
- >0 - Number of bytes inserted

This callback function is called by SMTP Client when it wants to know the subject of E-mail to be sent. The user is responsible of storing subject to destbuf without NULL termination (") and returning number of bytes inserted.

Definition at line 122 of file smtpc\_callbacks.c.

## **Variable Documentation**

**char\* [my\\_data](#) = "TEST!!!!.\r\n\r\nTHIS IS AN AUTOMATIC NOTIFICATION, DO NOT REPLY  
[TO](#) THIS EMAIL.\r\n\r\n"**

Definition at line 10 of file smtpc\_callbacks.c.

**char\* [my\\_domain](#) = "Freescale.com"**

Definition at line 6 of file smtpc\_callbacks.c.

**char\* [my\\_receiver](#) = "Somebody@freescale.com"**

Definition at line 8 of file smtpc\_callbacks.c.

**char\* [my\\_sender](#) = "NE64EVB@Freescale.com"**

Definition at line 7 of file smtpc\_callbacks.c.

**char\* [my\\_subject](#) = "This is a test:"**

Definition at line 9 of file smtpc\_callbacks.c.

---

## system.c File Reference

```
#include "datatypes.h"
#include "system.h"
#include "debug.h"
#include "ne64debug.h"
#include "MC9S12NE64.h"
```

## Functions

- INT16 [\\_\\_strlen](#) (UINT8 \*buf, UINT16 len)
- INT16 [bufsearch](#) (UINT8 \*startadr, UINT16 len, UINT8 \*str)
- UINT8 [\\_\\_tolower](#) (UINT8 ch)
- UINT8 [\\_\\_toupper](#) (UINT8 ch)
- UINT8 [isnumeric](#) (UINT8 ch)
- UINT16 [hextoascii](#) (UINT8 c)
- UINT8 [asciitohex](#) (UINT8 ch)
- void [\\_\\_ltoa](#) (UINT32 nmbr, UINT8 \*ch)
- void [\\_\\_itoa](#) (UINT16 nmbr, UINT8 \*ch)
- INT16 [\\_\\_atoi](#) (UINT8 \*buf, UINT8 buflen)
- void [mputs](#) (INT8 \*msg)
- void [mputhex](#) (UINT8 nbr)
- void [kick\\_WD](#) (void)
- void [wait](#) (INT16 i)
- UINT32 [random](#) (void)
- void [dummy](#) (void)
- void [enter\\_power\\_save](#) (void)
- void [exit\\_power\\_save](#) (void)

## Variables

- UINT32 [base\\_timer](#)
- UINT8 [sleep\\_mode](#) = 0
- UINT8 [net\\_buf](#) [NETWORK\_TX\_BUFFER\_SIZE]  
*Transmit buffer used by all OpenTCP applications.*

---

## Function Documentation

### **INT16 \_\_atoi (UINT8 \* *buf*, UINT8 *buflen*)**

Definition at line 391 of file system.c.

### **void \_\_itoa (UINT16 *nmb*, UINT8 \* *ch*)**

Definition at line 329 of file system.c.

### **void \_\_ltoa (UINT32 *nmb*, UINT8 \* *ch*)**

Definition at line 269 of file system.c.

### **INT16 \_\_strlen (UINT8 \* *buf*, UINT16 *len*)**

Definition at line 50 of file system.c.

### **UINT8 \_\_tolower (UINT8 *ch*)**

Definition at line 181 of file system.c.

### **UINT8 \_\_toupper (UINT8 *ch*)**

Definition at line 204 of file system.c.

### **UINT8 asciitohex (UINT8 *ch*)**

Definition at line 259 of file system.c.

### **INT16 bufsearch (UINT8 \* *startadr*, UINT16 *len*, UINT8 \* *str*)**

Definition at line 84 of file system.c.

### **void dummy (void)**

Definition at line 460 of file system.c.

### **void enter\_power\_save (void)**

Definition at line 467 of file system.c.

**void exit\_power\_save (void)**

Definition at line 481 of file system.c.

**UINT16 hextoascii (UINT8 c)**

Definition at line 227 of file system.c.

**UINT8 isnumeric (UINT8 ch)**

Definition at line 216 of file system.c.

**void kick\_WD (void)**

Definition at line 438 of file system.c.

**void mputhex (UINT8 nbr)**

Definition at line 430 of file system.c.

**void mputs (INT8 \* msg)**

Definition at line 423 of file system.c.

**UINT32 random (void)**

Definition at line 452 of file system.c.

**void wait (INT16 i)**

Definition at line 444 of file system.c.

---

**Variable Documentation****UINT32 [base\\_timer](#)**

System 1.024 msec timer

Definition at line 8 of file system.c.

**UINT8 [net\\_buf](#)[NETWORK\_TX\_BUFFER\_SIZE]**

Transmit buffer used by all OpenTCP applications.

This buffer is the transmit buffer used by all OpenTCP applications for sending of data. Please note the warnings below for correct usage of this buffer that ensures proper operation of the applications.

**Warning:**

- **Transmit buffer start** - to avoid data copying, the TCP/IP stack will use first part of the `net_buf` buffer to add it's data. This means that applications using TCP and/or UDP **must not** write application-level data from the beginning of the buffer but from certain offset. This offset depends on the transport-layer protocol (it's header size that is). For TCP this value is defined by the `TCP_APP_OFFSET` and for the UDP it is `UDP_APP_OFFSET`.
- **Buffer sharing** - since all applications share this buffer among each other, and with the TCP/IP stack as well, care must be taken not to overwrite other applications' data before it is sent. This is best achieved if all applications work in the main loop and when they wish to send data they fill in the buffer and send it immediately.

Definition at line 33 of file `system.c`.

**UINT8 [sleep\\_mode](#) = 0**

Used to store information about power-saving state we're in (if any)

Definition at line 10 of file `system.c`.

---

## system.h File Reference

```
#include "os.h"
#include "ne64api.h"
#include "datatypes.h"
#include "globalvariables.h"
```

**Data Structures**

- struct [netif](#)  
*Network Interface declaration.*

## Defines

- #define [OPENTCP\\_VERSION](#) "1.0.4"  
*OpenTCP major version number.*
- #define [TRUE](#) 1
- #define [FALSE](#) 0
- #define [NETWORK\\_TX\\_BUFFER\\_SIZE](#) 1024  
*Transmit buffer size.*
- #define [MASTER\\_MS\\_CLOCK](#) [base\\_timer](#)
- #define [TXBUF](#) [net\\_buf](#)
- #define [RESET\\_SYSTEM](#)() for(;;) {}  
*Macro used to reset the MCU.*
- #define [OS\\_EnterCritical](#) OS\_ENTER\_CRITICAL  
*Macro used to enter critical sections.*
- #define [OS\\_ExitCritical](#) OS\_EXIT\_CRITICAL  
*Macro used to exit critical sections.*
- #define [RECEIVE\\_NETWORK\\_B](#)() NE64ReadByte()  
*Use this macro to read data from Ethernet controller.*
- #define [RECEIVE\\_NETWORK\\_W](#)() NE64ReadWord()  
*Use this macro to read data from Ethernet controller.*
- #define [RECEIVE\\_NETWORK\\_BUF](#)(c, d) NE64ReadBytes(c,d)  
*Use this macro to read data from Ethernet controller to a buffer.*
- #define [SEND\\_NETWORK\\_B](#)(c) NE64WriteByte(c)  
*Use this macro to write data to Ethernet controller.*
- #define [SEND\\_NETWORK\\_W](#)(c) NE64WriteWord(c)  
*Use this macro to write data to Ethernet controller.*
- #define [SEND\\_NETWORK\\_BUF](#)(c, d) NE64WriteBytes(c,d)  
*Use this macro to write data from buffer to Ethernet controller.*
- #define [NETWORK\\_CHECK\\_IF\\_RECEIVED](#)() NE64ValidFrameReception()  
*Use this macro to check if there is recieved data in Ethernet controller.*
- #define [NETWORK\\_RECEIVE\\_INITIALIZE](#)(c) NE64InitializeOffsetToReadRxBuffer(c)  
*Initialize reading from a given address.*

- #define [NETWORK\\_RECEIVE\\_END](#)() NE64FreeReceiveBuffer()  
*Dump received packet in the Ethernet controller.*
- #define [NETWORK\\_COMPLETE\\_SEND](#)(c) NE64StartFrameTransmission(c)  
*Send the Ethernet packet that was formed in the Ethernet controller.*
- #define [NETWORK\\_SEND\\_INITIALIZE](#)(c) NE64InitializeTransmissionBuffer(c)  
*Initialize sending of Ethernet packet from a given address.*
- #define [NETWORK\\_ADD\\_DATALINK](#)(c) NE64WriteEthernetHeaderToTxBuffer((struct [TEthernetFrame](#)\*)c)  
*Add lower-level datalink information.*

## Functions

- void [kick\\_WD](#) (void)
- void [wait](#) (INT16)
- void [enter\\_power\\_save](#) (void)
- void [exit\\_power\\_save](#) (void)
- INT16 [\\_\\_strlen](#) (UINT8 \*, UINT16)
- INT16 [bufsearch](#) (UINT8 \*, UINT16, UINT8 \*)
- UINT16 [hextoascii](#) (UINT8)
- void [\\_\\_itoa](#) (UINT16, UINT8 \*)
- void [\\_\\_ltoa](#) (UINT32, UINT8 \*)
- INT16 [\\_\\_atoi](#) (UINT8 \*, UINT8)
- UINT8 [asciitohex](#) (UINT8)
- UINT8 [isnumeric](#) (UINT8)
- void [mputs](#) (INT8 \*)
- void [mputhex](#) (UINT8)
- UINT32 [random](#) (void)
- void [dummy](#) (void)
- UINT8 [\\_\\_tolower](#) (UINT8)
- UINT8 [\\_\\_toupper](#) (UINT8)
- void [init](#) (void)

## Define Documentation

### #define FALSE 0

Boolean FALSE value as used in the OpenTCP  
Definition at line 21 of file system.h.

### #define MASTER\_MS\_CLOCK [base\\_timer](#)

Interrupt driven msec free-running clock



Definition at line 93 of file system.h.

**#define NETWORK\_ADD\_DATA\_LINK(c) NE64WriteEthernetHeaderToTxBuffer((struct [TEthernetFrame](#)\*)c)**

Add lower-level datalink information.

This implementation adds Ethernet data-link information by invoking WriteEthernetHeader() function that writes Ethernet header based on information provided (destination and source ethernet address and protocol field).

Definition at line 293 of file system.h.

**#define NETWORK\_CHECK\_IF\_RECEIVED() NE64ValidFrameReception()**

Use this macro to check if there is received data in Ethernet controller.

Invoke this macro periodically (see main\_demo.c for example) to check if there is new data in the Ethernet controller.

If there is new data in the Ethernet controller, this macro (function that it points to that is) will return a value of TRUE and fill in the appropriate values in the received\_frame variable. Otherwise it returns FALSE.

Definition at line 249 of file system.h.

**#define NETWORK\_COMPLETE\_SEND(c) NE64StartFrameTransmission(c)**

Send the Ethernet packet that was formed in the Ethernet controller.

After the data has been written to the Ethernet controller, use this function to instruct the Ethernet controller that data is in its internal buffer and should be sent.

Definition at line 275 of file system.h.

**#define NETWORK\_RECEIVE\_END() NE64FreeReceiveBuffer()**

Dump received packet in the Ethernet controller.

Invoke this macro when the received Ethernet packet is not needed any more and can be discarded.

Definition at line 266 of file system.h.

**#define NETWORK\_RECEIVE\_INITIALIZE(c) NE64InitializeOffsetToReadRxBuffer(c)**

Initialize reading from a given address.

This macro initializes reading of the received Ethernet frame from a given address in the Ethernet controller.

Definition at line 257 of file system.h.

**#define NETWORK\_SEND\_INITIALIZE(c) NE64InitializeTransmissionBuffer(c)**

Initialize sending of Ethernet packet from a given address.

Use this function to initialize sending (or creating) of an Ethernet packet from a given address in the Ethernet controller.

Definition at line 283 of file system.h.

#### **#define NETWORK\_TX\_BUFFER\_SIZE 1024**

Transmit buffer size.

NETWORK\_TX\_BUFFER\_SIZE defines the size of the network buffer used for data transmission by ICMP as well as TCP and UDP applications.

See net\_buf documentation for more reference on the shared transmit buffer.

Definition at line 33 of file system.h.

#### **#define OPENTCP\_VERSION "1.0.4"**

OpenTCP major version number.

This define represents OpenTCP version information. Version is in the format MAJOR.MINOR.PATCH.

Definition at line 17 of file system.h.

#### **#define OS\_EnterCritical OS\_ENTER\_CRITICAL**

Macro used to enter critical sections.

##### Todo:

- Move this to other arch-dependant place

This is highly dependant on the architecture that is used and/or possible operating system beeing used so it will be moved to some other place in the future.

Usually disabling globally interrupts works just fine :-)

Definition at line 119 of file system.h.

#### **#define OS\_ExitCritical OS\_EXIT\_CRITICAL**

Macro used to exit critical sections.

##### Todo:

- Move this to other arch-dependant place

This is highly dependant on the architecture that is used and/or possible operating system beeing used so it will be moved to some other place in the future.

For now this only globally enables interrupts

Definition at line 132 of file system.h.

**#define RECEIVE\_NETWORK\_B() NE64ReadByte()**

Use this macro to read data from Ethernet controller.

This macro should be used to read data from the Ethernet controller. Procedure for doing this would be as follows:

- Initialize reading of data from certain address in the Ethernet controller (usually you will do that based on buf\_index value of [ip\\_frame](#), [udp\\_frame](#) or [tcp\\_frame](#) type of variables; in certain special situations you can also use buf\_index from [ethernet\\_frame](#) type of var.
- Keep invoking [RECEIVE\\_NETWORK\\_B\(\)](#) to read one byte at a time from the ethernet controller. Take care not to read more data than actually received
- If needed, reinitialize reading of data again and start all over again
- When finished discard the current frame in the Ethernet controller by invoking [NETWORK\\_RECEIVE\\_END\(\)](#) macro

Definition at line 153 of file system.h.

**#define RECEIVE\_NETWORK\_BUF(c, d) NE64ReadBytes(c,d)**

Use this macro to read data from Ethernet controller to a buffer.

This macro should be used to read data from the Ethernet controller to a buffer in memory. Procedure for using this macro is the same as for using [RECEIVE\\_NETWORK\\_B\(\)](#) macro.

Definition at line 185 of file system.h.

**#define RECEIVE\_NETWORK\_W() NE64ReadWord()**

Use this macro to read data from Ethernet controller.

This macro should be used to read data from the Ethernet controller. Procedure for doing this would be as follows:

- Initialize reading of data from certain address in the Ethernet controller (usually you will do that based on buf\_index value of [ip\\_frame](#), [udp\\_frame](#) or [tcp\\_frame](#) type of variables; in certain special situations you can also use buf\_index from [ethernet\\_frame](#) type of var.
- Keep invoking [RECEIVE\\_NETWORK\\_W\(\)](#) to read one word at a time from the ethernet controller. Take care not to read more data than actually received
- If needed, reinitialize reading of data again and start all over again
- When finished discard the current frame in the Ethernet controller by invoking [NETWORK\\_RECEIVE\\_END\(\)](#) macro

Definition at line 174 of file system.h.

**#define RESET\_SYSTEM() for(;;) {}**

Macro used to reset the MCU.

By default this macro is only an infinite loop and the system is reset by the (presumably) running watchdog timer.

Change this if another form of reset is desired/needed.

Definition at line 106 of file system.h.

**#define SEND\_NETWORK\_B(c) NE64WriteByte(c)**

Use this macro to write data to Ethernet controller.

This macro should be used to write data to Ethernet controller. Procedure for doing this would be as follows:

- Initialize writing of data to certain address in the Ethernet controller. Buffer space in Ethernet controller is divided among the protocols in the following way:
- 256 byte Tx for ARP (see ARP\_BUFFER )
- 1536 byte Tx for ICMP (see ICMP\_BUF)
- 1536 byte Tx for TCP (see TCP\_BUF)
- 1536 byte Tx for UDP (see UDP\_BUF)
- Write the data by using [SEND\\_NETWORK\\_B\(\)](#) macro
- When all of the data is written instruct the Ethernet controller to send the data by calling the [NETWORK\\_COMPLETE\\_SEND\(\)](#) macro with number of bytes to send as a parameter

Definition at line 205 of file system.h.

**#define SEND\_NETWORK\_BUF(c, d) NE64WriteBytes(c,d)**

Use this macro to write data from buffer to Ethernet controller.

This macro should be used to write data from a buffer to Ethernet controller. Usage is the same as for the [SEND\\_NETWORK\\_B\(\)](#) macro.

Definition at line 235 of file system.h.

**#define SEND\_NETWORK\_W(c) NE64WriteWord(c)**

Use this macro to write data to Ethernet controller.

This macro should be used to write data to Ethernet controller. Procedure for doing this would be as follows:

- Initialize writing of data to certain address in the Ethernet controller. Buffer space in Ethernet controller is divided among the protocols in the following way:
- 256 byte Tx for ARP (see ARP\_BUFFER )
- 1536 byte Tx for ICMP (see ICMP\_BUF)
- 1536 byte Tx for TCP (see TCP\_BUF)
- 1536 byte Tx for UDP (see UDP\_BUF)
- Write the data by using [SEND\\_NETWORK\\_W\(\)](#) macro
- When all of the data is written instruct the Ethernet controller to send the data by calling the [NETWORK\\_COMPLETE\\_SEND\(\)](#) macro with number of bytes to send as a parameter

Definition at line 226 of file system.h.

**#define TRUE 1**

Boolean TRUE value as used in the OpenTCP

Definition at line 20 of file system.h.

**#define TXBUF [net\\_buf](#)**

TXBUF points to transmit network buffer

Definition at line 94 of file system.h.

---

**Function Documentation****INT16 \_\_atoi (UINT8 \*, UINT8)**

Definition at line 391 of file system.c.

**void \_\_itoa (UINT16, UINT8 \*)**

Definition at line 329 of file system.c.

**void \_\_ltoa (UINT32, UINT8 \*)**

Definition at line 269 of file system.c.

**INT16 \_\_strlen (UINT8 \*, UINT16)**

Definition at line 50 of file system.c.

**UINT8 \_\_tolower (UINT8)**

Definition at line 181 of file system.c.

**UINT8 \_\_toupper (UINT8)**

Definition at line 204 of file system.c.

**UINT8 asciitohex (UINT8)**

Definition at line 259 of file system.c.

**INT16 bufsearch (UINT8 \*, UINT16, UINT8 \*)**

Definition at line 84 of file system.c.

**void dummy (void)**

Definition at line 460 of file system.c.

**void enter\_power\_save (void)**

Definition at line 467 of file system.c.

**void exit\_power\_save (void)**

Definition at line 481 of file system.c.

**UINT16 hextoascii (UINT8)**

Definition at line 227 of file system.c.

**void init (void)**

Definition at line 9 of file Init.c.

**UINT8 isnumeric (UINT8)**

Definition at line 216 of file system.c.

**void kick\_WD (void)**

Definition at line 438 of file system.c.

**void mputhex (UINT8)**

Definition at line 430 of file system.c.

**void mputs (INT8 \*)**

Definition at line 423 of file system.c.

**UINT32 random (void)**

Definition at line 452 of file system.c.

**void wait (INT16)**

Definition at line 444 of file system.c.

## tcp.c File Reference

```
#include "debug.h"
#include "datatypes.h"
#include "timers.h"
#include "ethernet.h"
#include "ip.h"
#include "tcp_ip.h"
#include "system.h"
```

## Functions

- INT8 [tcp\\_getsocket](#) (UINT8 soctype, UINT8 tos, UINT16 tout, INT32(\*listener)(INT8, UINT8, UINT32, UINT32))  
*Allocate a free socket in TCP socket pool.*
- INT8 [tcp\\_releasesocket](#) (INT8 [sochandle](#))  
*Release a TCP socket.*
- INT8 [tcp\\_listen](#) (INT8 [sochandle](#), UINT16 port)  
*Put TCP socket to listen on a given port.*
- INT8 [tcp\\_connect](#) (INT8 [sochandle](#), UINT32 ip, UINT16 rport, UINT16 myport)  
*Initialize connection establishment towards remote IP&port.*
- INT16 [tcp\\_send](#) (INT8 sockethandle, UINT8 \*buf, UINT16 blen, UINT16 dlen)  
*Send user data over TCP using given TCP socket.*
- INT8 [tcp\\_close](#) (INT8 [sochandle](#))  
*Initiate TCP connection closing procedure.*
- INT8 [tcp\\_getstate](#) (INT8 [sochandle](#))  
*Get current state of the socket.*
- INT16 [tcp\\_checksendl](#) (INT8 [sochandle](#))  
*Checks if it's possible to send data using given socket.*
- INT8 [tcp\\_abort](#) (INT8 [sochandle](#))  
*Reset connection and place socket to closed state.*
- void [tcp\\_poll](#) (void)  
*Poll TCP sockets periodically.*

- INT8 [tcp\\_init](#) (void)  
*Initialize TCP module.*
- INT16 [process\\_tcp\\_in](#) (struct [ip\\_frame](#) \*frame, UINT16 len)  
*Check and process the received TCP frame.*
- INT16 [process\\_tcp\\_out](#) (INT8 sockethandle, UINT8 \*buf, UINT16 blen, UINT16 dlen)  
*Create and send TCP packet.*
- void [tcp\\_sendcontrol](#) (INT8 sockethandle)  
*Send a TCP control packet (no data).*
- void [tcp\\_sendreset](#) (struct [tcp\\_frame](#) \*frame, UINT32 remip)  
*Send a reset (RST) packet to remote host.*
- UINT32 [tcp\\_initseq](#) (void)  
*Get and return initial sequence number.*
- INT8 [tcp\\_mapsocket](#) (struct [ip\\_frame](#) \*ipframe, struct [tcp\\_frame](#) \*tcpframe)  
*Try to match received TCP packet to a socket.*
- void [tcp\\_newstate](#) (struct [tcb](#) \*soc, UINT8 nstate)  
*Change TCP socket state and reinitialize timers.*
- UINT16 [tcp\\_getfreeport](#) (void)  
*Returns next free (not used) local port number.*
- UINT8 [tcp\\_check\\_cs](#) (struct [ip\\_frame](#) \*ipframe, UINT16 len)  
*Check if TCP checksum check's out.*

## Variables

- [tcp\\_frame\\_received\\_tcp\\_packet](#)  
*Used for storing field information about the received TCP packet.*
  - [tcb\\_tcp\\_socket](#) [NO\_OF\_TCPSOCKETS+1]  
*TCP table holding connection parameters for every TCP socket.*
  - UINT8 [tcp\\_tempbuf](#) [MIN\_TCP\_HLEN+1]
-



## Function Documentation

### INT16 process\_tcp\_in (struct [ip\\_frame](#) \* *frame*, UINT16 *len*)

Check and process the received TCP frame.

#### Author:

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### Date:

12.07.2002

#### Parameters:

*frame* pointer to received [ip\\_frame](#) structure  
*len* length of data contained in IP datagram (in bytes)

#### Returns:

- -1 - Error (packet not OK, or not TCP, or something else)
- >0 - Packet OK

Invoke this function to process received TCP frames. See main\_demo.c for an example on how to accomplish this.

Definition at line 1118 of file tcp.c.

### INT16 process\_tcp\_out (INT8 *sockethandle*, UINT8 \* *buf*, UINT16 *blen*, UINT16 *dlen*)

Create and send TCP packet.

#### Author:

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### Date:

16.07.2002

#### Parameters:

*sockethandle* handle to processed socket  
*buf* pointer to data buffer (where TCP header will be stored)  
*blen* buffer length in bytes  
*dlen* length of data in bytes

#### Returns:

- -1 - Error
- >0 - Packet OK

Based on data supplied as function parameters and data stored in socket's tcb, TCP header is created in buffer, checksum is calculated and packet is forwarded to lower layers (IP).

Definition at line 1982 of file tcp.c.

### **INT8 tcp\_abort (INT8 *sochandle*)**

Reset connection and place socket to closed state.

#### **Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### **Date:**

21.07.2002

#### **Parameters:**

*sochandle* handle to socket to be aborted

#### **Returns:**

- -1 - error
- >=0 - OK (value represents handle to aborted socket)

Use this function in cases when TCP connection must be immediately closed. Note that the preferred (more elegant) way of closing the TCP connection is to invoke [tcp\\_close\(\)](#) which starts a proper closing procedure. `tcp_abort` should be used only in cases when it is really necessary to immediately and quickly close the connection.

Definition at line 616 of file tcp.c.

### **UINT8 tcp\_check\_cs (struct [ip\\_frame](#) \* *ipframe*, UINT16 *len*)**

Check if TCP checksum check's out.

#### **Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### **Date:**

16.07.2002

#### **Parameters:**

*ipframe* pointer to IP frame that carried TCP message  
*len* length of TCP portion

**Returns:**

- 0 - checksum corrupted
- 1 - checksum OK

Function recalculates TCP checksum (pseudoheader+header+data) and compares it to received checksum to see if everything is OK or there is a problem with the checksum.

Definition at line 2425 of file tcp.c.

**INT16 tcp\_checksend (INT8 sochandle)**

Checks if it's possible to send data using given socket.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

23.07.2002

**Parameters:**

*sochandle* handle to the socket to be inspected

**Returns:**

- -1 - not possible to send over a socket (previously sent data is still not acknowledged)
- >0 - it is possible to send data over a socket

Invoke this function to get information whether it is possible to send data or not. This may, sometimes, be preferred way of getting this type of information to waiting for [TCP\\_EVENT\\_ACK](#) in event\_listener function.

Definition at line 576 of file tcp.c.

**INT8 tcp\_close (INT8 sochandle)**

Initiate TCP connection closing procedure.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

21.07.2002

**Parameters:**

*sochandle* handle to socket on which TCP connection is to be closed

**Returns:**

- -2 - there is unacked data on this socket. Try again later.
- -1 - Error
- $\geq 0$  - OK (connection closing procedure started. Handle to socket returned)

Invoke this function to start connection closing procedure over a given socket. Note that connection is not immediately closed. It may take some time for that to happen. `Event_listener` function will be invoked with appropriate event when that really happens.

Definition at line 447 of file `tcp.c`.

**INT8 tcp\_connect (INT8 sochandle, UINT32 ip, UINT16 rport, UINT16 myport)**

Initialize connection establishment towards remote IP&port.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

21.07.2002

**Parameters:**

*sochandle* handle to socket to be used for connection establishment

*ip* remote IP address to connect to

*rport* remote port number to connect to

*myport* local port to use for connection. This value can be specified directly or, if a value of 0 is given, TCP module will determine local TCP port automatically.

**Returns:**

- -1 - Error
- $\geq 0$  - OK (Connection establishment procedure started. Socket handle returned.)

Invoke this function to start connection establishment procedure towards remote host over some socket. This is only possible if socket was defined as either [TCP\\_TYPE\\_CLIENT](#) or [TCP\\_TYPE\\_CLIENT\\_SERVER](#). Function will make some basic checks and if everything is OK, corresponding tcb socket entry will be initialized and connection procedure started.

Definition at line 283 of file `tcp.c`.

**UINT16 tcp\_getfreeport (void)**

Returns next free (not used) local port number.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

21.07.2002

**Returns:**

- 0 - no free ports!
- >0 - free local TCP port number

Function attempts to find new local port number that can be used to establish a connection.

Definition at line 2369 of file tcp.c.

**INT8 tcp\_getsocket (UINT8 *soctype*, UINT8 *tos*, UINT16 *tout*, INT32(\* *listener*)(INT8, UINT8, UINT32, UINT32))**

Allocate a free socket in TCP socket pool.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

21.07.2002

**Parameters:**

*soctype* type of socket wanted. Can take one of the following values:

- [TCP\\_TYPE\\_NONE](#)
- [TCP\\_TYPE\\_SERVER](#)
- [TCP\\_TYPE\\_CLIENT](#)
- [TCP\\_TYPE\\_CLIENT\\_SERVER](#)

*tos* type of service for socket. For now only [TCP\\_TOS\\_NORMAL](#).

*tout* Timeout of socket in seconds. Defines after how many seconds of inactivity (application not sending and/or receiving any data over TCP connection) will the TCP socket automatically be closed.

*listener* pointer to callback function that will be invoked by the TCP/IP stack to inform socket application of certain events. See `tcpc_demo_eventlistener()` and `tcps_demo_eventlistener()` for more information on events and possible actions.

**Returns:**

- -1 - Error getting requested socket
- >=0 - Handle to reserved socket

Invoke this function to try to obtain a free socket from TCP socket pool. Function returns a handle to the free socket that is later used for accessing the allocated socket (opening, connecting, sending data, closing, aborting, etc.).

Definition at line 79 of file tcp.c.

### INT8 tcp\_getstate (INT8 *sochandle*)

Get current state of the socket.

#### Author:

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### Date:

21.07.2002

#### Parameters:

*sochandle* handle to the socket to be queried

#### Returns:

- -1 - Error
- >0 - Socket state

Use this function for querying socket state. This is usually not needed directly, but could be usefull for some special purposes.

Definition at line 540 of file tcp.c.

### INT8 tcp\_init (void)

Initialize TCP module.

#### Author:

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### Date:

21.07.2002

#### Returns:

- -1 - error
- >0 - number of sockets initialized

**Warning:**

- This function **must** be invoked at startup before any other TCP functions are invoked. This function initializes all sockets and corresponding tcbs to known state. Timers are also allocated for each socket and everything is brought to a predefined state.

Definition at line 1028 of file tcp.c.

**UINT32 tcp\_initseq (void)**

Get and return initial sequence number.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

17.07.2002

**Returns:**

UINT32 number containing initial sequence number to be used

This function returns initial sequence number to be used in a TCP connection. For now, initial sequence number is selected based on base\_timer value, which should be solid enough choice.

Definition at line 2203 of file tcp.c.

**INT8 tcp\_listen (INT8 sochandle, UINT16 port)**

Put TCP socket to listen on a given port.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

21.07.2002

**Parameters:**

*sochandle* handle to socket to be placed to listen state

*port* TCP port number on which it should listen

**Returns:**

- -1 - Error
- $\geq 0$  - OK (Socket put to listening state. Handle to socket returned)

This function will attempt to put socket to listening state. This is only possible if socket was defined as either [TCP\\_TYPE\\_SERVER](#) or [TCP\\_TYPE\\_CLIENT\\_SERVER](#). If basic correctness checks pass, socket is put to listening mode and corresponding tcb entry is initialized.

Definition at line 202 of file tcp.c.

**INT8 tcp\_mapsocket (struct [ip\\_frame](#) \* *ipframe*, struct [tcp\\_frame](#) \* *tcpframe*)**

Try to match received TCP packet to a socket.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

12.07.2002

**Parameters:**

*ipframe* pointer to received IP frame

*tcpframe* pointer to received TCP frame to be mapped

**Returns:**

- -1 - Error (no resources or no socket found)
- $\geq 0$  - Handle to mapped socket

Function iterates through socket table trying to find a socket for whom this TCP packet is intended.

Definition at line 2226 of file tcp.c.

**void tcp\_newstate (struct [tcb](#) \* *soc*, UINT8 *nstate*)**

Change TCP socket state and reinitialize timers.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**



18.07.2002

**Parameters:**

*soc* pointer to socket structure we're working with  
*nstate* new socket state

This function is used for every state-change that occurs in the TCP sockets so as to provide correct timers/retransmissions that ensure TCP connection is lasting.

Definition at line 2313 of file tcp.c.

**void tcp\_poll (void)**

Poll TCP sockets periodically.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

19.07.2002

**Warning:**

- This function **must be** invoked periodically from the main loop. See main\_demo.c for an example.

This function checks all TCP sockets and performs various actions if timeouts occur. What kind of action is performed is defined by the state of the TCP socket.

Definition at line 682 of file tcp.c.

**INT8 tcp\_releasesocket (INT8 *sochandle*)**

Release a TCP socket.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

21.07.2002

**Parameters:**

*sochandle* handle to socket to be released

**Returns:**

- -1 - Error releasing the socket (Wrong socket handle or socket not in proper state to be released)
- $\geq 0$  - handle of the released socket (can not be used any more until allocated again with [tcp\\_getsocket\(\)](#)).

Once the application does not need the TCP socket any more it can invoke this function in order to release it. This is useful if there is a very limited number of sockets (in order to save some memory) shared among several applications.

Definition at line 146 of file tcp.c.

### INT16 tcp\_send (INT8 *sockethandle*, UINT8 \* *buf*, UINT16 *blen*, UINT16 *dlen*)

Send user data over TCP using given TCP socket.

#### Author:

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### Date:

25.07.2002

#### Parameters:

*sockethandle* handle to TCP socket to be used for sending data

*buf* pointer to data buffer (start of user data)

*blen* buffer length in bytes (without space reserved at the beginning of buffer for headers)

*dlen* length of user data to be sent (in bytes)

#### Returns:

- -1 - Error
- $> 0$  - OK (number represents number of bytes actually sent)

#### Warning:

- *buf* parameter is a pointer to data to be sent in user buffer. But note that there **MUST** be sufficient free buffer space before that data for TCP header (of [MIN\\_TCP\\_HLEN](#) size). Invoke this function to initiate data sending over TCP connection established over a TCP socket. Since data is not buffered (in order to reduce RAM memory consumption) new data can not be sent until data that was previously sent is acknowledged. So, application knows when it can send new data either by:
  - waiting for TCP\_EVENT\_ACK in event\_listener function
  - invoking tcp\_check\_send() function to check if it is possible to send data

Definition at line 381 of file tcp.c.

**void tcp\_sendcontrol (INT8 *sockethandle*)**

Send a TCP control packet (no data).

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

17.07.2002

**Parameters:**

*sockethandle* handle to socket

This function is used to initiate sending of a control (no data) TCP packet. Important thing in these packets are the flags and sequence numbers they carry.

Definition at line 2113 of file tcp.c.

**void tcp\_sendreset (struct [tcp\\_frame](#) \* *frame*, UINT32 *remip*)**

Send a reset (RST) packet to remote host.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))
- Vladan Jovanovic ([vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com](mailto:vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

20.08.2002

**Parameters:**

*frame* pointer to received TCP packet

*remip* remote IP address of packet

Uses socket [NO\\_OF\\_TCPSOCKETS](#) to send a RESET packet to peer. This function is used when we are establishing connection but we receive something else than SYN or SYN+ACK when it's possible that the peer has still old connection on which needs to be resetted without canceling the connection establishment on process.

Definition at line 2152 of file tcp.c.

## Variable Documentation

### struct [tcp\\_frame\\_received\\_tcp\\_packet](#)

Used for storing field information about the received TCP packet.

Various fields from the TCP packet are stored in this variable. These values are then used to perform the necessary actions as defined by the TCP specification: correctness of the received TCP packet is checked by analyzing these fields, appropriate socket data is adjusted and/or control packet is sent based on it. See [tcp\\_frame](#) definition for struct information.

Definition at line 20 of file tcp.c.

### struct [tcb\\_tcp\\_socket](#)[NO\_OF\_TCPSOCKETS + 1]

TCP table holding connection parameters for every TCP socket.

TCP table is an array of [tcp\\_socket](#) structures holding all of the necessary information about the state, timers, timeouts and sequence and port numbers of the TCP sockets opened. Number of TCP sockets that can be opened at any given time is defined by the [NO\\_OF\\_TCPSOCKETS](#) and may be changed in order to change the amount of used RAM memory. See [tcb](#) definition for more information about the structure itself.

#### Note:

As seen in the code, an array size is actually bigger for one than the [NO\\_OF\\_TCPSOCKETS](#) defines. The last entry is used for sending control packets as answers to incoming TCP packets that do not map to any existing TCP sockets.

Definition at line 36 of file tcp.c.

### UINT8 [tcp\\_tempbuf](#)[MIN\_TCP\_HLEN + 1]

Temporary buffer used for sending TCP control packets

Definition at line 38 of file tcp.c.

---

## tcp\_ip.h File Reference

---

### Detailed Description

OpenTCP ARP interface file.

#### Author:

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Version:**

1.0

**Date:**

1.2.2002

OpenTCP TCP and UDP protocol function declarations, constants, etc.

Definition in file [tcp\\_ip.h](#).

```
#include "datatypes.h"
```

```
#include "ethernet.h"
```

```
#include "ip.h"
```

**Data Structures**

- struct [tcb](#)  
*TCP transmission control block.*
- struct [tcp\\_frame](#)  
*TCP header information.*
- struct [ucb](#)  
*UDP control block.*
- struct [udp\\_frame](#)  
*UDP header information.*

**Defines**

- #define [NO\\_OF\\_TCPSOCKETS](#) 8  
*Defines number of TCP sockets available.*
- #define [NO\\_OF\\_UDPSOCKETS](#) 4  
*Defines number of UDP sockets available.*
- #define [TCP\\_PORTS\\_END](#) 1023  
*Define reserved-ports space.*
- #define [UDP\\_PORTS\\_END](#) 1023  
*Define reserved-ports space.*

- #define [UDP\\_OPT\\_NONE](#) 0  
*Disable checksum calculation for UDP socket.*
- #define [UDP\\_OPT\\_SEND\\_CS](#) 1  
*Enable checksum calculation for outgoing UDP packets.*
- #define [UDP\\_OPT\\_CHECK\\_CS](#) 2  
*Enable checksum checking for received UDP packets.*
- #define [UDP\\_SEND\\_MTU](#) ETH\_MTU - ETH\_HEADER\_LEN - UDP\_HLEN - IP\_MAX\_HLEN
- #define [UDP\\_HLEN](#) 8
- #define [MIN\\_TCP\\_HLEN](#) 20
- #define [MAX\\_TCP\\_OPTLEN](#) 40
- #define [TCP\\_DEF\\_MTU](#) 512
- #define [TCP\\_DEF\\_RETRIES](#) 7  
*Number of attempted TCP retransmissions before giving up.*
- #define [TCP\\_CON\\_ATTEMPTS](#) 7
- #define [TCP\\_DEF\\_KEEPALIVE](#) 4  
*Defines a number of seconds after which an empty ACK packet is sent.*
- #define [TCP\\_DEF\\_RETRY\\_TOUT](#) 4  
*Default data-retransmission period (in seconds).*
- #define [TCP\\_INIT\\_RETRY\\_TOUT](#) 1  
*Initial retransmission period (in seconds).*
- #define [TCP\\_SYN\\_RETRY\\_TOUT](#) 2  
*Retranmission period for SYN packet.*
- #define [TCP\\_TOS\\_NORMAL](#) 0  
*Defines normal type of service for TCP socket.*
- #define [TCP\\_DEF\\_TOUT](#) 120  
*Default idle timeout.*
- #define [TCP\\_HALF\\_SEQ\\_SPACE](#) 0x0000FFFF
- #define [ICMP\\_TYPE\\_DEST\\_UNREACHABLE](#) 3
- #define [ICMP\\_ECHO\\_REQUEST](#) 8
- #define [ICMP\\_ECHO\\_REPLY](#) 0
- #define [ICMP\\_CODE\\_FRAGMENTATION\\_NEEDED\\_DF\\_SET](#) 4
- #define [ICMP\\_MTUMSG\\_LEN](#) 16
- #define [ICMP\\_ECHOREQ\\_HLEN](#) 8
- #define [ICMP\\_TEMPIPSET\\_DATALEN](#) 102
- #define [UDP\\_STATE\\_FREE](#) 1  
*Defines that UDP socket is free and available.*

- #define [UDP\\_STATE\\_CLOSED](#) 2  
*Defines that UDP socket is allocated but closed.*
- #define [UDP\\_STATE\\_OPENED](#) 3  
*Defines that UDP socket is allocated and opened.*
- #define [UDP\\_EVENT\\_DATA](#) 64  
*Only UDP event notified to UDP socket event listener.*
- #define [TCP\\_FLAG\\_ACK](#) 0x10
- #define [TCP\\_FLAG\\_PUSH](#) 0x08
- #define [TCP\\_FLAG\\_RESET](#) 0x04
- #define [TCP\\_FLAG\\_SYN](#) 0x02
- #define [TCP\\_FLAG\\_FIN](#) 0x01
- #define [TCP\\_INTFLAGS\\_CLOSEPENDING](#) 0x01
- #define [TCP\\_TYPE\\_NONE](#) 0x00  
*TCP socket is nor a client nor a server.*
- #define [TCP\\_TYPE\\_SERVER](#) 0x01  
*TCP socket represents a server application.*
- #define [TCP\\_TYPE\\_CLIENT](#) 0x02  
*TCP socket represents a client application.*
- #define [TCP\\_TYPE\\_CLIENT\\_SERVER](#) 0x03  
*TCP socket can act as client or as server.*
- #define [TCP\\_STATE\\_FREE](#) 1
- #define [TCP\\_STATE\\_RESERVED](#) 2
- #define [TCP\\_STATE\\_CLOSED](#) 3
- #define [TCP\\_STATE\\_LISTENING](#) 4
- #define [TCP\\_STATE\\_SYN\\_RECEIVED](#) 5
- #define [TCP\\_STATE\\_SYN\\_SENT](#) 6
- #define [TCP\\_STATE\\_FINW1](#) 7
- #define [TCP\\_STATE\\_FINW2](#) 8
- #define [TCP\\_STATE\\_CLOSING](#) 9
- #define [TCP\\_STATE\\_LAST\\_ACK](#) 10
- #define [TCP\\_STATE\\_TIMED\\_WAIT](#) 11
- #define [TCP\\_STATE\\_CONNECTED](#) 12
- #define [TCP\\_EVENT\\_CONREQ](#) 1  
*Connection request event.*
- #define [TCP\\_EVENT\\_CONNECTED](#) 2  
*Connection established event.*
- #define [TCP\\_EVENT\\_CLOSE](#) 4

*Connection closed event.*

- #define [TCP\\_EVENT\\_ABORT](#) 8  
*Connection aborted event.*
- #define [TCP\\_EVENT\\_ACK](#) 16  
*Data acknowledged event.*
- #define [TCP\\_EVENT\\_REGENERATE](#) 32  
*Regenerate data event.*
- #define [TCP\\_EVENT\\_DATA](#) 64  
*Data arrival event.*
- #define [TCP\\_APP\\_OFFSET](#) MIN\_TCP\_HLEN  
*Transmit buffer offset for TCP applications.*
- #define [UDP\\_APP\\_OFFSET](#) UDP\_HLEN  
*Transmit buffer offset for UDP applications.*

## Functions

- INT16 [process\\_icmp\\_in](#) (struct [ip\\_frame](#) \*, UINT16)  
*Process recieved ICMP datagram.*
- INT8 [udp\\_init](#) (void)  
*Initialize UDP socket pool.*
- INT8 [udp\\_getsocket](#) (UINT8, INT32\*)(INT8, UINT8, UINT32, UINT16, UINT16, UINT16),  
UINT8)  
*Allocate a free socket in UDP socket pool.*
- INT8 [udp\\_releasesocket](#) (INT8)  
*Release a given socket.*
- INT8 [udp\\_open](#) (INT8, UINT16)  
*Open a given UDP socket for communication.*
- INT8 [udp\\_close](#) (INT8)  
*Close given socket for communication.*
- INT16 [udp\\_send](#) (INT8, UINT32, UINT16, UINT8 \*, UINT16, UINT16)  
*Send data to remote host using given UDP socket.*



- INT16 [process\\_udp\\_in](#) (struct [ip\\_frame](#) \*, UINT16)  
*Process received UDP frame.*
- UINT16 [udp\\_getfreeport](#) (void)  
*Returns next free (not used) local port number.*
- INT16 [process\\_tcp\\_in](#) (struct [ip\\_frame](#) \*, UINT16)  
*Check and process the received TCP frame.*
- INT16 [process\\_tcp\\_out](#) (INT8, UINT8 \*, UINT16, UINT16)  
*Create and send TCP packet.*
- INT8 [tcp\\_init](#) (void)  
*Initialize TCP module.*
- INT8 [tcp\\_listen](#) (INT8, UINT16)  
*Put TCP socket to listen on a given port.*
- INT8 [tcp\\_mapsocket](#) (struct [ip\\_frame](#) \*, struct [tcp\\_frame](#) \*)  
*Try to match received TCP packet to a socket.*
- UINT8 [tcp\\_check\\_cs](#) (struct [ip\\_frame](#) \*, UINT16)  
*Check if TCP checksum check's out.*
- void [tcp\\_sendcontrol](#) (INT8)  
*Send a TCP control packet (no data).*
- UINT32 [tcp\\_initseq](#) (void)  
*Get and return initial sequence number.*
- void [tcp\\_poll](#) (void)  
*Poll TCP sockets periodically.*
- void [tcp\\_newstate](#) (struct [tcb](#) \*, UINT8)  
*Change TCP socket state and reinitialize timers.*
- INT8 [tcp\\_getsocket](#) (UINT8, UINT8, UINT16, INT32(\*) (INT8, UINT8, UINT32, UINT32))  
*Allocate a free socket in TCP socket pool.*
- INT8 [tcp\\_releasesocket](#) (INT8)  
*Release a TCP socket.*
- INT8 [tcp\\_connect](#) (INT8 [sochandle](#), UINT32 ip, UINT16 rport, UINT16 myport)

*Initialize connection establishment towards remote IP&port.*

- INT16 [tcp\\_send](#) (INT8, UINT8 \*, UINT16, UINT16)  
*Send user data over TCP using given TCP socket.*
- INT8 [tcp\\_close](#) (INT8)  
*Initiate TCP connection closing procedure.*
- void [tcp\\_sendreset](#) (struct [tcp\\_frame](#) \*, UINT32)  
*Send a reset (RST) packet to remote host.*
- INT8 [tcp\\_getstate](#) (INT8)  
*Get current state of the socket.*
- UINT16 [tcp\\_getfreeport](#) (void)  
*Returns next free (not used) local port number.*
- INT16 [tcp\\_checksend](#) (INT8)  
*Checks if it's possible to send data using given socket.*
- INT8 [tcp\\_abort](#) (INT8)  
*Reset connection and place socket to closed state.*

## Define Documentation

### **#define ICMP\_CODE\_FRAGMENTATION\_NEEDED\_DF\_SET 4**

Definition at line 235 of file tcp\_ip.h.

### **#define ICMP\_ECHO\_REPLY 0**

Definition at line 234 of file tcp\_ip.h.

### **#define ICMP\_ECHO\_REQUEST 8**

Definition at line 233 of file tcp\_ip.h.

### **#define ICMP\_ECHOREQ\_HLEN 8**

Definition at line 237 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define ICMP\_MTUMSG\_LEN 16**

Definition at line 236 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define ICMP\_TEMPPIPSET\_DATALEN 102**

Definition at line 238 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define ICMP\_TYPE\_DEST\_UNREACHABLE 3**

Definition at line 232 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define MAX\_TCP\_OPTLEN 40**

Definition at line 147 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define MIN\_TCP\_HLEN 20**

Definition at line 146 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define NO\_OF\_TCPSOCKETS 8**

Defines number of TCP sockets available.

Change this number to change maximum number of TCP sockets available to the application.

Definition at line 81 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define NO\_OF\_UDPSOCKETS 4**

Defines number of UDP sockets available.

Change this number to change maximum number of UDP sockets available to the application.

Definition at line 91 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define TCP\_APP\_OFFSET MIN\_TCP\_HLEN**

Transmit buffer offset for TCP applications.

This value defines offset that TCP applications must use when writing to transmit buffer. This many bytes will be used **before** the first byte of applications data in the transmit buffer to store TCP header.

Definition at line 459 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define TCP\_CON\_ATTEMPTS 7**

Definition at line 169 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define TCP\_DEF\_KEEPA\_LIVE 4**

Defines a number of seconds after which an empty ACK packet is sent.

If for TCP\_DEF\_KEEPA\_LIVE seconds nothing is received/sent over the TCP connection (this includes received empty TCP packets) an empty (keep-alive) TCP packet will be sent to check if the other side is still replying (and able to reply).

Definition at line 180 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define TCP\_DEF\_MTU 512**

Definition at line 148 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define TCP\_DEF\_RETRIES 7**

Number of attempted TCP retransmissions before giving up.

This number defines how many times will TCP module try to retransmit the data before recognizing that connection was broken. Increase this value for high-latency, low-throughput networks with substantial packet loss.

Definition at line 160 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define TCP\_DEF\_RETRY\_TOUT 4**

Default data-retransmission period (in seconds).

If data was not acknowledged during the time-frame defined by this value (in seconds) retransmission procedure will occur.

Definition at line 189 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define TCP\_DEF\_TOUT 120**

Default idle timeout.

This period defines idle timeout in seconds - this feature allows TCP/IP stack to close the TCP connection if no data has been exchanged over it during this period of time. This relates ONLY to data. Empty keep-alive TCP packets are not included.

Definition at line 225 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define TCP\_EVENT\_ABORT 8**

Connection aborted event.

Connection is, for some reason, aborted. This can happen for a number of reasons:

- Data retransmissions performed sufficient number of times but no acknowledgment was received
- No response for some time to keep-alive packets
- Remote host forcefully closed the connection for some reason
- Application invoked [tcp\\_abort\(\)](#) function

Definition at line 418 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define TCP\_EVENT\_ACK 16**

Data acknowledged event.

TCP/IP stack has received correct acknowledgment packet for the previously sent data and is informing the application about it. After this event, application can send new data packet to remote host.

Definition at line 428 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define TCP\_EVENT\_CLOSE 4**

Connection closed event.

TCP connection was properly closed (either by calling [tcp\\_close\(\)](#) by application or remote host initialized closing sequence).

Definition at line 405 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define TCP\_EVENT\_CONNECTED 2**

Connection established event.

Applications' event listener is informed by this event that connection is established and that it may start sending/receiving data.

Definition at line 397 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define TCP\_EVENT\_CONREQ 1**

Connection request event.

Connection request event is notified to TCP server applications' event listener when SYN packet is received for it's socket. Event listener can then, if it wants to, inspect IP address and port number of the remote host, or some other internal parameters, to decide whether it should allow connection establishment or not. One of the following values must then be returned from the event listener:

- -1 - do not allow connection to be established. RST packet will be sent to remote host.
- -2 - do not respond to this particular SYN packet (keep quiet). This may be used if device is somehow busy and not yet ready to establish a connection, but doesn't want to forcefully reject the connection with a RST packet.
- 1 - allow connection to be established

Definition at line 387 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define TCP\_EVENT\_DATA 64**

Data arrival event.

TCP received some data from remote host and is informing application that it is available for reading from the Ethernet controller.

Definition at line 445 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define TCP\_EVENT\_REGENERATE 32**

Regenerate data event.

Previously sent data packet was not acknowledged (or the acknowledgment packet did not arrive) so retransmission needs to be performed. Application must resend the data that was sent in the previous packet.

Definition at line 437 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define TCP\_FLAG\_ACK 0x10**

Definition at line 281 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define TCP\_FLAG\_FIN 0x01**

Definition at line 285 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define TCP\_FLAG\_PUSH 0x08**

Definition at line 282 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define TCP\_FLAG\_RESET 0x04**

Definition at line 283 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define TCP\_FLAG\_SYN 0x02**

Definition at line 284 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define TCP\_HALF\_SEQ\_SPACE 0x0000FFFF**

Definition at line 227 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define TCP\_INIT\_RETRY\_TOUT 1**

Initial retransmission period (in seconds).

Initial retransmission is made a little faster, which helps with connection establishment if ARP cache didn't contain remote IP address.

Definition at line 198 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define TCP\_INTFLAGS\_CLOSEPENDING 0x01**

Definition at line 289 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define TCP\_PORTS\_END 1023**

Define reserved-ports space.

TCP socket numbers will only be assigned to be lower than this number.

Definition at line 100 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define TCP\_STATE\_CLOSED 3**

Entry allocated, socket still closed

Definition at line 335 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define TCP\_STATE\_CLOSING 9**

Received FIN independently of our FIN

Definition at line 353 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define TCP\_STATE\_CONNECTED 12**

Connection established and data flowing freely to both sides :-)

Definition at line 362 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define TCP\_STATE\_FINW1 7**

User issued tcp\_close request issued so FIN packet was sent

Definition at line 346 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define TCP\_STATE\_FINW2 8**

Received ACK of our FIN, now waiting for other side to send FIN

Definition at line 349 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define TCP\_STATE\_FREE 1**

Entry is free and unused

Definition at line 333 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define TCP\_STATE\_LAST\_ACK 10**

Waiting for last ACK packet as a response to our FIN

Definition at line 356 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define TCP\_STATE\_LISTENING 4**

Socket in listening state, waiting for incoming connections

Definition at line 336 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define TCP\_STATE\_RESERVED 2**

Entry is reserved for use

Definition at line 334 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define TCP\_STATE\_SYN\_RECEIVED 5**

SYN packet received (either first SYN packet or response to SYN that we have previously sent)

Definition at line 339 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define TCP\_STATE\_SYN\_SENT 6**

SYN packet sent as an attempt to establish a connection

Definition at line 343 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define TCP\_STATE\_TIMED\_WAIT 11**

Waiting for 2MSL to prevent erroneous connection duplication

Definition at line 359 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define TCP\_SYN\_RETRY\_TOUT 2**

Retransmission period for SYN packet.

Controls SYN packet (segment) retransmit period.

Definition at line 206 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define TCP\_TOS\_NORMAL 0**

Defines normal type of service for TCP socket.

This defines normal (and for now the only one implemented) type of service for the TCP socket.

Definition at line 214 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define TCP\_TYPE\_CLIENT 0x02**

TCP socket represents a client application.

If TCP socket entry is of client type, application using it can establish connection through it towards other Internet hosts but can not accept any incoming connections on the port (execute [tcp\\_listen\(\)](#) on it that is).

Definition at line 320 of file tcp\_ip.h.



**#define TCP\_TYPE\_CLIENT\_SERVER 0x03**

TCP socket can act as client or as server.

If TCP socket entry is of this type, application using it can both listen on a given socket or establish connection towards an outside host.

Definition at line 329 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define TCP\_TYPE\_NONE 0x00**

TCP socket is nor a client nor a server.

If TCP socket entry is of this type it can not be used for anything. This may only be used for testing, debugging, etc. purposes or if application is not sure what it wants to be it can reserve a TCP socket by getting a socket of type TCP\_TYPE\_NONE.

Definition at line 300 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define TCP\_TYPE\_SERVER 0x01**

TCP socket represents a server application.

If TCP socket entry is of server type, application using it can only listen on a given socket for incoming connections. No connections can be opened towards some outside host unless the outside host initiates the connection.

Definition at line 310 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define UDP\_APP\_OFFSET UDP\_HLEN**

Transmit buffer offset for UDP applications.

This value defines offset that UDP applications must use when writing to transmit buffer. This many bytes will be used **before** the first byte of applications data in the transmit buffer to store UDP header.

Definition at line 471 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define UDP\_EVENT\_DATA 64**

Only UDP event notified to UDP socket event listener.

For now, this is the only UDP event that is notified to the UDP sockets' event listener.

Definition at line 276 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define UDP\_HLEN 8**

UDP Header Length

Definition at line 144 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define UDP\_OPT\_CHECK\_CS 2**

Enable checksum checking for received UDP packets.

When this option is enabled, checksum is checked for all received UDP packets to check for transmission errors.

Definition at line 140 of file tcp\_ip.h.

#### **#define UDP\_OPT\_NONE 0**

Disable checksum calculation for UDP socket.

By choosing only this option for UDP socket, checksum calculation will be disabled for both incoming/outgoing UDP packets. This will make UDP extremely fast, but also more prone to errors. This is usually not a big limitation considering that checksum is not so good in error-detection anyway.

Definition at line 122 of file tcp\_ip.h.

#### **#define UDP\_OPT\_SEND\_CS 1**

Enable checksum calculation for outgoing UDP packets.

When only this option is chosen, checksum is calculated for outgoing UDP packets. This is sometimes necessary since certain applications can disable reception of UDP packets without a calculated checksum.

Definition at line 132 of file tcp\_ip.h.

#### **#define UDP\_PORTS\_END 1023**

Define reserved-ports space.

UDP socket numbers will only be assigned to be lower than this number.

Definition at line 109 of file tcp\_ip.h.

#### **#define UDP\_SEND\_MTU ETH\_MTU - ETH\_HEADER\_LEN - UDP\_HLEN - IP\_MAX\_HLEN**

Definition at line 142 of file tcp\_ip.h.

#### **#define UDP\_STATE\_CLOSED 2**

Defines that UDP socket is allocated but closed.

Entries of ucb type that have this as their state value were allocated by [udp\\_getsocket\(\)](#) but they are in the closed state, so no data can be received/sent through the socket.

Definition at line 258 of file tcp\_ip.h.

#### **#define UDP\_STATE\_FREE 1**

Defines that UDP socket is free and available.

If an entry of ucb type has this as a state value, then it is free and can be allocated by the [udp\\_getsocket\(\)](#).

Definition at line 249 of file tcp\_ip.h.

**#define UDP\_STATE\_OPENED 3**

Defines that UDP socket is allocated and opened.

Corresponding UDP socket was allocated and opened so data can be transmitted/received through it.

Definition at line 266 of file tcp\_ip.h.

---

**Function Documentation****INT16 process\_icmp\_in (struct [ip\\_frame](#) \* frame, UINT16 len)**

Process recieved ICMP datagram.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

08.07.2002

**Parameters:**

*frame* - pointer to received IP frame structure

*len* - length of the received IP datagram (in bytes)

**Returns:**

- -1 - packet not OK (not proper ICMP or not ICMP at all)
- >=0 - packet OK

Invoke process\_icmp\_in whenever IP datagram containing ICMP message is detected (see main\_demo.c for example main loop implementing this).

This function simply checks correctness of received ICMP message and send ICMP replies when requested.

Definition at line 97 of file icmp.c.

**INT16 process\_tcp\_in (struct [ip\\_frame](#) \* frame, UINT16 len)**

Check and process the received TCP frame.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

12.07.2002

**Parameters:**

*frame* pointer to received [ip\\_frame](#) structure  
*len* length of data contained in IP datagram (in bytes)

**Returns:**

- -1 - Error (packet not OK, or not TCP, or something else)
- >0 - Packet OK

Invoke this function to process received TCP frames. See `main_demo.c` for an example on how to accomplish this.

Definition at line 1118 of file `tcp.c`.

**INT16 process\_tcp\_out (INT8 *sockethandle*, UINT8 \* *buf*, UINT16 *blen*, UINT16 *dlen*)**

Create and send TCP packet.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

16.07.2002

**Parameters:**

*sockethandle* handle to processed socket  
*buf* pointer to data buffer (where TCP header will be stored)  
*blen* buffer length in bytes  
*dlen* length of data in bytes

**Returns:**

- -1 - Error
- >0 - Packet OK

Based on data supplied as function parameters and data stored in socket's tcb, TCP header is created in buffer, checksum is calculated and packet is forwarded to lower layers (IP).

Definition at line 1982 of file `tcp.c`.

**INT16 process\_udp\_in (struct [ip\\_frame](#) \* *frame*, UINT16 *len*)**

Process received UDP frame.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

15.07.2002

**Parameters:**

*frame* pointer to received IP frame structure  
*len* length of data in bytes

**Returns:**

- -1 - Error (packet not UDP, header error or no socket for it)
- >0 - Packet OK

Invoke this function to process received UDP frames. See `main_demo.c` for an example on how to accomplish this.

Definition at line 515 of file `udp.c`.

**INT8 tcp\_abort (INT8 sochandle)**

Reset connection and place socket to closed state.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

21.07.2002

**Parameters:**

*sochandle* handle to socket to be aborted

**Returns:**

- -1 - error
- >=0 - OK (value represents handle to aborted socket)

Use this function in cases when TCP connection must be immediately closed. Note that the preferred (more elegant) way of closing the TCP connection is to invoke [tcp\\_close\(\)](#) which starts a proper closing procedure. `tcp_abort` should be used only in cases when it is really necessary to immediately and quickly close the connection.

Definition at line 616 of file `tcp.c`.

**UINT8 tcp\_check\_cs (struct [ip\\_frame](#) \* *ipframe*, UINT16 *len*)**

Check if TCP checksum check's out.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

16.07.2002

**Parameters:**

*ipframe* pointer to IP frame that carried TCP message  
*len* length of TCP portion

**Returns:**

- 0 - checksum corrupted
- 1 - checksum OK

Function recalculates TCP checksum (pseudoheader+header+data) and compares it to received checksum to see if everything is OK or there is a problem with the checksum.

Definition at line 2425 of file tcp.c.

**INT16 tcp\_checksend (INT8 *sochandle*)**

Checks if it's possible to send data using given socket.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

23.07.2002

**Parameters:**

*sochandle* handle to the socket to be inspected

**Returns:**

- -1 - not possible to send over a socket (previously sent data is still not acknowledged)
- >0 - it is possible to send data over a socket

Invoke this function to get information whether it is possible to send data or not. This may, sometimes, be preferred way of getting this type of information to waiting for [TCP\\_EVENT\\_ACK](#) in `event_listener` function.

Definition at line 576 of file tcp.c.

### **INT8 tcp\_close (INT8 *sochandle*)**

Initiate TCP connection closing procedure.

#### **Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### **Date:**

21.07.2002

#### **Parameters:**

*sochandle* handle to socket on which TCP connection is to be closed

#### **Returns:**

- -2 - there is unacked data on this socket. Try again later.
- -1 - Error
- $\geq 0$  - OK (connection closing procedure started. Handle to socket returned)

Invoke this function to start connection closing procedure over a given socket. Note that connection is not immediately closed. It may take some time for that to happen. Event\_listener function will be invoked with appropriate event when that really happens.

Definition at line 447 of file tcp.c.

### **INT8 tcp\_connect (INT8 *sochandle*, UINT32 *ip*, UINT16 *rport*, UINT16 *myport*)**

Initialize connection establishment towards remote IP&port.

#### **Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### **Date:**

21.07.2002

#### **Parameters:**

*sochandle* handle to socket to be used for connection establishment

*ip* remote IP address to connect to

*rport* remote port number to connect to

*myport* local port to use for connection. This value can be specified directly or, if a value of 0 is given, TCP module will determine local TCP port automatically.

**Returns:**

- -1 - Error
- $\geq 0$  - OK (Connection establishment procedure started. Socket handle returned.)

Invoke this function to start connection establishment procedure towards remote host over some socket. This is only possible if socket was defined as either [TCP\\_TYPE\\_CLIENT](#) or [TCP\\_TYPE\\_CLIENT\\_SERVER](#). Function will make some basic checks and if everything is OK, corresponding tcb socket entry will be initialized and connection procedure started.

Definition at line 283 of file tcp.c.

**UINT16 tcp\_getfreeport (void)**

Returns next free (not used) local port number.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

21.07.2002

**Returns:**

- 0 - no free ports!
- $> 0$  - free local TCP port number

Function attempts to find new local port number that can be used to establish a connection.

Definition at line 2369 of file tcp.c.

**INT8 tcp\_getsocket (UINT8 soctype, UINT8 tos, UINT16 tout, INT32(\* listener)(INT8, UINT8, UINT32, UINT32))**

Allocate a free socket in TCP socket pool.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

21.07.2002

**Parameters:**

*soctype* type of socket wanted. Can take one of the following values:

- [TCP\\_TYPE\\_NONE](#)



- [TCP\\_TYPE\\_SERVER](#)
- [TCP\\_TYPE\\_CLIENT](#)
- [TCP\\_TYPE\\_CLIENT\\_SERVER](#)

*tos* type of service for socket. For now only [TCP\\_TOS\\_NORMAL](#).

*tout* Timeout of socket in seconds. Defines after how many seconds of inactivity (application not sending and/or receiving any data over TCP connection) will the TCP socket automatically be closed.

*listener* pointer to callback function that will be invoked by the TCP/IP stack to inform socket application of certain events. See `tcp_demo_eventlistener()` and `tcps_demo_eventlistener()` for more information on events and possible actions.

**Returns:**

- -1 - Error getting requested socket
- $\geq 0$  - Handle to reserved socket

Invoke this function to try to obtain a free socket from TCP socket pool. Function returns a handle to the free socket that is later used for accessing the allocated socket (opening, connecting, sending data, closing, aborting, etc.).

Definition at line 79 of file `tcp.c`.

**INT8 tcp\_getstate (INT8 sochandle)**

Get current state of the socket.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

21.07.2002

**Parameters:**

*sochandle* handle to the socket to be queried

**Returns:**

- -1 - Error
- $> 0$  - Socket state

Use this function for querying socket state. This is usually not needed directly, but could be usefull for some special purposes.

Definition at line 540 of file `tcp.c`.

### **INT8 tcp\_init (void)**

Initialize TCP module.

#### **Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### **Date:**

21.07.2002

#### **Returns:**

- -1 - error
- >0 - number of sockets initialized

#### **Warning:**

- This function **must** be invoked at startup before any other TCP functions are invoked. This function initializes all sockets and corresponding tcbs to known state. Timers are also allocated for each socket and everything is brought to a predefined state.

Definition at line 1028 of file tcp.c.

### **UINT32 tcp\_initseq (void)**

Get and return initial sequence number.

#### **Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### **Date:**

17.07.2002

#### **Returns:**

UINT32 number containing initial sequence number to be used

This function returns initial sequence number to be used in a TCP connection. For now, initial sequence number is selected based on base\_timer value, which should be solid enough choice.

Definition at line 2203 of file tcp.c.

### **INT8 tcp\_listen (INT8 sochandle, UINT16 port)**

Put TCP socket to listen on a given port.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

21.07.2002

**Parameters:**

*sochandle* handle to socket to be placed to listen state  
*port* TCP port number on which it should listen

**Returns:**

- -1 - Error
- $\geq 0$  - OK (Socket put to listening state. Handle to socket returned)

This function will attempt to put socket to listening state. This is only possible if socket was defined as either [TCP\\_TYPE\\_SERVER](#) or [TCP\\_TYPE\\_CLIENT\\_SERVER](#). If basic correctness checks pass, socket is put to listening mode and corresponding tcb entry is initialized.

Definition at line 202 of file tcp.c.

**INT8 tcp\_mapsocket (struct [ip\\_frame](#) \* *ipframe*, struct [tcp\\_frame](#) \* *tcpframe*)**

Try to match received TCP packet to a socket.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

12.07.2002

**Parameters:**

*ipframe* pointer to received IP frame  
*tcpframe* pointer to received TCP frame to be mapped

**Returns:**

- -1 - Error (no resources or no socket found)
- $\geq 0$  - Handle to mapped socket

Function iterates through socket table trying to find a socket for whom this TCP packet is intended.

Definition at line 2226 of file tcp.c.

**void tcp\_newstate (struct [tcb](#) \* soc, UINT8 nstate)**

Change TCP socket state and reinitialize timers.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

18.07.2002

**Parameters:**

*soc* pointer to socket structure we're working with  
*nstate* new socket state

This function is used for every state-change that occurs in the TCP sockets so as to provide correct timers/retransmissions that ensure TCP connection is lasting.

Definition at line 2313 of file tcp.c.

**void tcp\_poll (void)**

Poll TCP sockets periodically.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

19.07.2002

**Warning:**

- This function **must be** invoked periodically from the main loop. See main\_demo.c for an example.

This function checks all TCP sockets and performs various actions if timeouts occur. What kind of action is performed is defined by the state of the TCP socket.

Definition at line 682 of file tcp.c.

**INT8 tcp\_releasesocket (INT8 sochandle)**

Release a TCP socket.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

21.07.2002

**Parameters:**

*sochandle* handle to socket to be released

**Returns:**

- -1 - Error releasing the socket (Wrong socket handle or socket not in proper state to be released)
- $\geq 0$  - handle of the released socket (can not be used any more until allocated again with [tcp\\_getsocket\(\)](#)).

Once the application does not need the TCP socket any more it can invoke this function in order to release it. This is usefull if there is a very limited number of sockets (in order to save some memory) shared among several applications.

Definition at line 146 of file tcp.c.

**INT16 tcp\_send (INT8 *sockethandle*, UINT8 \* *buf*, UINT16 *blen*, UINT16 *dlen*)**

Send user data over TCP using given TCP socket.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

25.07.2002

**Parameters:**

*sockethandle* handle to TCP socket to be used for sending data

*buf* pointer to data buffer (start of user data)

*blen* buffer length in bytes (without space reserved at the beginning of buffer for headers)

*dlen* length of user data to be sent (in bytes)

**Returns:**

- -1 - Error
- $> 0$  - OK (number represents number of bytes actually sent)

**Warning:**

- *buf* parameter is a pointer to data to be sent in user buffer. But note that there **MUST** be sufficient free buffer space before that data for TCP header (of [MIN\\_TCP\\_HLEN](#) size). Invoke this function to initiate data sending over TCP connection established over a TCP socket. Since data is not buffered (in order to reduce RAM memory consumption) new data can not be sent until data that was previously sent is acknowledged. So, application knows when it can send new data either by:
  - waiting for TCP\_EVENT\_ACK in event\_listener function
  - invoking tcp\_check\_send() function to check if it is possible to send data

Definition at line 381 of file tcp.c.

### **void tcp\_sendcontrol (INT8 *sockethandle*)**

Send a TCP control packet (no data).

#### **Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### **Date:**

17.07.2002

#### **Parameters:**

*sockethandle* handle to socket

This function is used to initiate sending of a control (no data) TCP packet. Important thing in these packets are the flags and sequence numbers they carry.

Definition at line 2113 of file tcp.c.

### **void tcp\_sendreset (struct [tcp\\_frame](#) \* *frame*, UINT32 *remip*)**

Send a reset (RST) packet to remote host.

#### **Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))
- Vladan Jovanovic ([vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com](mailto:vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com))

#### **Date:**

20.08.2002

#### **Parameters:**

*frame* pointer to received TCP packet

*remip* remote IP address of packet

Uses socket [NO\\_OF\\_TCPSOCKETS](#) to send a RESET packet to peer. This function is used when we are establishing connection but we receive something else than SYN or SYN+ACK when it's possible that the peer has still old connection on which needs to be resetted without canceling the connection establishment on process.

Definition at line 2152 of file tcp.c.

### INT8 udp\_close (INT8 *sochandle*)

Close given socket for communication.

#### Author:

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### Date:

26.07.2002

#### Parameters:

*sochandle* handle to socket to be closed

#### Returns:

- -1 - Error
- $\geq 0$  - handle to closed socket

Closes a given socket in order to disable further communication over it.

Definition at line 319 of file udp.c.

### UINT16 udp\_getfreeport (void)

Returns next free (not used) local port number.

#### Author:

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### Date:

19.10.2002

#### Returns:

- 0 - no free ports!
- $> 0$  - free local TCP port number

Function attempts to find new local port number that can be used to establish a connection.

Definition at line 654 of file udp.c.

**INT8 udp\_getsocket (UINT8 *tos*, INT32(\* *listener*)(INT8, UINT8, UINT32, UINT16, UINT16, UINT16), UINT8 *opts*)**

Allocate a free socket in UDP socket pool.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

26.07.2002

**Parameters:**

*tos* type of service for socket. For now nothing implemented so 0.

*listener* pointer to callback function that will be invoked by the TCP/IP stack to inform socket application of #UDP\_DATA\_ARRIVAL event (for now only this, in future maybe others!)

*opts* Options for checksum generation & inspection. Can be one of the following:

- [UDP\\_OPT\\_NONE](#)
- [UDP\\_OPT\\_SEND\\_CS](#)
- [UDP\\_OPT\\_CHECK\\_CS](#)
- [UDP\\_OPT\\_SEND\\_CS | UDP\\_OPT\\_CHECK\\_CS](#)

**Returns:**

- -1 - Error
- $\geq 0$  - Handle to reserved socket

Invoke this function to try to obtain a free socket from UDP socket pool. Function returns a handle to the free socket that is later used for accessing the allocated socket.

Definition at line 173 of file udp.c.

**INT8 udp\_init (void)**

Initialize UDP socket pool.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

26.07.2002



**Returns:**

- -1 - Error
- >0 - Number of UDP sockets initialized

**Warning:**

- This function **must** be invoked before any other UDP-related function is called  
This function initializes UDP socket pool to get everything into a known state at startup.

Definition at line 122 of file udp.c.

**INT8 udp\_open (INT8 *sochandle*, UINT16 *locport*)**

Open a given UDP socket for communication.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

26.07.2002

**Parameters:**

*sochandle* handle to socket to be opened  
*locport* local port number

**Returns:**

- -1 - Error
- >=0 - Handle to opened socket

This function binds local port to given UDP socket and opens the socket (virtually) in order to enable communication.

Definition at line 276 of file udp.c.

**INT8 udp\_releasesocket (INT8 *sochandle*)**

Release a given socket.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

26.07.2002

**Parameters:***sochandle* handle of UDP socket to be released**Returns:**

- -1 - error
- $\geq 0$  - OK (returns handle to release socket)

This function releases UDP socket. This means that the socket entry is marked as free and all of the ucb fields are initialized to default values.

Definition at line 235 of file udp.c.

**INT16 udp\_send (INT8 *sochandle*, UINT32 *remip*, UINT16 *remport*, UINT8 \* *buf*, UINT16 *blen*, UINT16 *dlen*)**

Send data to remote host using given UDP socket.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

26.07.2002

**Parameters:***sochandle* handle to UDP socket to use*remip* remote IP address to which data should be sent*remport* remote port number to which data should be sent*buf* pointer to data buffer (start of user data)*blen* buffer length in bytes (without space reserved at the beginning of buffer for headers)*dlen* length of user data to be sent (in bytes)**Returns:**

- -1 - Error (general error, e.g. parameters)
- -2 - ARP or lower layer not ready, try again later
- -3 - Socket closed or invalid local port
- $>0$  - OK (number represents number of bytes actually sent)

**Warning:**

- *buf* parameter is a pointer to data to be sent in user buffer. But note that there **MUST** be sufficient free buffer space before that data for UDP header (of [UDP\\_HLEN](#) size).  
Use this function to send data over an already opened UDP socket.

Definition at line 368 of file udp.c.

---

## tftps.c File Reference

---

### Detailed Description

OpenTCP TFTP server implementation.

#### Author:

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### Version:

1.0

#### Date:

7.10.2002

#### [Bug:](#)

#### Warning:

#### [Todo:](#)

- Offer callback functions for TFTP server

OpenTCP implementation of TFTP server application. For interface functions declarations see [tftps.h](#).

Definition in file [tftps.c](#).

```
#include "datatypes.h"
#include "globalvariables.h"
#include "system.h"
#include "timers.h"
#include "tcp_ip.h"
```

```
#include "tftps.h"
```

## Defines

- #define [TFTPS\\_STATE\\_ENABLED](#) 1
- #define [TFTPS\\_STATE\\_CONNECTED](#) 2
- #define [TFTPS\\_NOTDEFINED](#) 0
- #define [TFTPS\\_ACCESSVIOLATION](#) 2
- #define [TFTPS\\_ILLEGALOPERATION](#) 4
- #define [TFTPS\\_OPCODE\\_WRO](#) 2
- #define [TFTPS\\_OPCODE\\_DATA](#) 3
- #define [TFTPS\\_OPCODE\\_ACK](#) 4
- #define [TFTPS\\_OPCODE\\_ERROR](#) 5

## Functions

- INT8 [tftps\\_init](#) (void)  
*Initializes TFTP server.*
- void [tftps\\_run](#) (void)
- INT32 [tftps\\_eventlistener](#) (INT8 cbhandle, UINT8 event, UINT32 [remip](#), UINT16 [remport](#), UINT16 [bufindex](#), UINT16 dlen)
- void [tftps\\_sendack](#) (void)
- void [tftps\\_senderror](#) (UINT8 errno)
- void [tftps\\_deletesocket](#) (void)

## Variables

- UINT8 [tftpsapp\\_init](#) = 0
- struct {
- UINT8 **state**
- INT8 **sochandle**
- UINT16 **tmrhandle**
- UINT32 **remip**
- UINT16 **remport**
- UINT16 **blocknumber**
- UINT32 **bytecount**
- UINT8 **retries**
- } [tftps](#)  
*TFTP server state information.*

## Define Documentation

### **#define TFTPSP\_ACCESSVIOLATION 2**

Definition at line 90 of file tftps.c.

### **#define TFTPSP\_ILLEGALOPERATION 4**

Definition at line 91 of file tftps.c.

### **#define TFTPSP\_NOTDEFINED 0**

Definition at line 89 of file tftps.c.

### **#define TFTPSP\_OPCODE\_ACK 4**

Definition at line 98 of file tftps.c.

### **#define TFTPSP\_OPCODE\_DATA 3**

Definition at line 97 of file tftps.c.

### **#define TFTPSP\_OPCODE\_ERROR 5**

Definition at line 99 of file tftps.c.

### **#define TFTPSP\_OPCODE\_WRQ 2**

Definition at line 96 of file tftps.c.

### **#define TFTPSP\_STATE\_CONNECTED 2**

Definition at line 83 of file tftps.c.

### **#define TFTPSP\_STATE\_ENABLED 1**

Definition at line 82 of file tftps.c.

---

## Function Documentation

### **void tftps\_deletesocket (void)**

Definition at line 419 of file tftps.c.

### **INT32 tftps\_eventlistener (INT8 *cbhandle*, UINT8 *event*, UINT32 *remip*, UINT16 *remport*, UINT16 *bufindex*, UINT16 *dlen*)**

Definition at line 195 of file tftps.c.

### **INT8 tftps\_init (void)**

Initializes TFTP server.

#### **Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### **Date:**

19.07.2002

#### **Returns:**

- -1 - Error
- $\geq 0$  - OK, server initialized

This function should be called before the TFTP Server application is used to set the operating parameters of it

Definition at line 135 of file tftps.c.

### **void tftps\_run (void)**

Definition at line 181 of file tftps.c.

### **void tftps\_sendack (void)**

Definition at line 386 of file tftps.c.

### **void tftps\_senderror (UINT8 *errno*)**

Definition at line 403 of file tftps.c.

## Variable Documentation

### UINT16 [blocknumber](#)

Definition at line 116 of file tftps.c.

### UINT32 [bytecount](#)

Definition at line 117 of file tftps.c.

### UINT32 [remip](#)

Definition at line 114 of file tftps.c.

### UINT16 [remport](#)

Definition at line 115 of file tftps.c.

### UINT8 [retries](#)

Definition at line 118 of file tftps.c.

### INT8 [sochandle](#)

Definition at line 112 of file tftps.c.

### UINT8 [state](#)

Definition at line 111 of file tftps.c.

### struct { ... } [tftps](#)

TFTP server state information.

tftps variable holds various information that the tftp server needs for proper operation. These include server state, socket handle, timer handle, remote IP address and port number of the host we're communicating with, retransmit counter and TFTP block number.

### UINT8 [tftpsapp\\_init](#) = 0

Defines whether tftps\_init has already been invoked or not

Definition at line 77 of file tftps.c.

**UINT16 [tmrhandle](#)**

Definition at line 113 of file tftps.c.

---

## tftps.h File Reference

---

### Detailed Description

OpenTCP TFTP server interface file.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Version:**

1.0

**Date:**

7.10.2002

OpenTCP TFTP server protocol function declarations, constants, etc.

Definition in file [tftps.h](#).

```
#include "datatypes.h"
```

### Defines

- #define [TFTPS\\_SERVERPORT](#) 69  
*Default server port for TFTP server.*
- #define [TFTPS\\_FILENAME\\_MAXLEN](#) 20  
*Maximum filename allowed by the TFTP server.*
- #define [TFTPS\\_DEF\\_RETRIES](#) 4  
*Default number of retries of TFTP server.*
- #define [TFTPS\\_TIMEOUT](#) 20  
*Timeout (in seconds) after which socket is deleted.*



## Functions

- INT8 [tftps\\_init](#) (void)  
*Initializes TFTP server.*
  - void [tftps\\_run](#) (void)
  - INT32 [tftps\\_eventlistener](#) (INT8, UINT8, UINT32, UINT16, UINT16, UINT16)
  - void [tftps\\_sendack](#) (void)
  - void [tftps\\_senderror](#) (UINT8)
  - void [tftps\\_deletesocket](#) (void)
- 

## Define Documentation

### **#define TFTPS\_DEF\_RETRIES 4**

Default number of retries of TFTP server.

Number of retries of resending the data before aborting.

Definition at line 90 of file tftps.h.

### **#define TFTPS\_FILENAME\_MAXLEN 20**

Maximum filename allowed by the TFTP server.

Maximum filename-length TFTP server is ready to process.

Definition at line 83 of file tftps.h.

### **#define TFTPS\_SERVERPORT 69**

Default server port for TFTP server.

TFTP server will use this UDP port to listen for incoming traffic.

Definition at line 76 of file tftps.h.

### **#define TFTPS\_TIMEOUT 20**

Timeout (in seconds) after which socket is deleted.

Definition at line 97 of file tftps.h.

---

## Function Documentation

### **void tftps\_deletesocket (void)**

Definition at line 419 of file tftps.c.

### **INT32 tftps\_eventlistener (INT8, UINT8, UINT32, UINT16, UINT16, UINT16)**

Definition at line 195 of file tftps.c.

### **INT8 tftps\_init (void)**

Initializes TFTP server.

#### **Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### **Date:**

19.07.2002

#### **Returns:**

- -1 - Error
- $\geq 0$  - OK, server initialized

This function should be called before the TFTP Server application is used to set the operating parameters of it

Definition at line 135 of file tftps.c.

### **void tftps\_run (void)**

Definition at line 181 of file tftps.c.

### **void tftps\_sendack (void)**

Definition at line 386 of file tftps.c.

### **void tftps\_senderror (UINT8)**

Definition at line 403 of file tftps.c.

---

## timers.c File Reference

```
#include "debug.h"
#include "datatypes.h"
#include "timers.h"
#include "system.h"
```

### Functions

- void [timer\\_pool\\_init](#) (void)  
*Initialize timer pool.*
- UINT8 [get\\_timer](#) (void)  
*Obtain a timer from timer pool.*
- void [free\\_timer](#) (UINT8 nbr)  
*Release timer back to free timer pool.*
- void [init\\_timer](#) (UINT8 nbr, UINT32 tout)  
*Initialize timer to a given time-out value.*
- UINT32 [check\\_timer](#) (UINT8 nbr)  
*Return the value of a given timer.*
- void [decrement\\_timers](#) (void)  
*Decrement all timers' values by one.*

### Variables

- struct {
  - UINT32 **value**
  - UINT8 **free**
  - } [timer\\_pool](#) [NUMTIMERS]  
*Timer pool used to keep information about available timers.*
-

## Function Documentation

### UINT32 check\_timer (UINT8 *nbr*)

Return the value of a given timer.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

18.07.2001

**Parameters:**

*nbr* timer handle who's value is to be returned

**Returns:**

timer value

**Warning:**

- Interrupts are not disabled when fetching the value, therefore returned value possibly has an error component +/- [TIMERTIC](#).

Function simply returns timer value of a given timer. No checks are made in order to make the function as fast as possible.

Definition at line 160 of file timers.c.

### void decrement\_timers (void)

Decrement all timers' values by one.

**Author:**

- Vladan Jovanovic ([vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com](mailto:vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

18.07.2001

Invoke this function from timer interrupt to decrement timer counter values

Definition at line 175 of file timers.c.

### void free\_timer (UINT8 *nbr*)

Release timer back to free timer pool.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

18.07.2001

**Parameters:**

*nbr* handle to timer beeing released

This function releases the timer who's handle is supplied as parameter. Use this when timer is not needed any more and other applications might use it.

Definition at line 96 of file timers.c.

**UINT8 get\_timer (void)**

Obtain a timer from timer pool.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

18.07.2001

**Returns:**

Handle to a free timer

**Warning:**

- Timers are considered to be critical resources, so if there is no available timer and `get_timer` is invoked, system will reset.  
Invoke this function to obtain a free timer (it's handle that is) from the timer pool.

Definition at line 58 of file timers.c.

**void init\_timer (UINT8 *nbr*, UINT32 *tout*)**

Initialize timer to a given time-out value.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

18.07.2001

**Parameters:**

*nbr* handle of timer who's value we're setting  
*tout* time-out value to set for this timer

Invoke this function to set timeout value for a timer with a given handle.

[TIMERTIC](#) defines how quickly the timers' values are decremented so is it to initialize timers to correct timeouts.

Definition at line 121 of file timers.c.

**void timer\_pool\_init (void)**

Initialize timer pool.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

18.07.2001

**Warning:**

- This function **must** be invoked at startup before any other timer function is used.  
 This function resets all timer counter to zero and initializes all timers to available (free) state.

Definition at line 32 of file timers.c.

**Variable Documentation****UINT8 [free](#)**

Definition at line 16 of file timers.c.

**struct { ... } [timer\\_pool](#)[NUMTIMERS]**

Timer pool used to keep information about available timers.

This timer pool is extensively used by most of the modules of the OpenTCP project. All timers that are used are allocated from this pool. Maximum number of timers that can be used at any given time is defined by the [NUMTIMERS](#) define.

**UINT32 [value](#)**

Definition at line 15 of file timers.c.

---

## timers.h File Reference

---

### Detailed Description

OpenTCP timers interface file.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Version:**

1.0

**Date:**

18.7.2002

OpenTCP timers function declarations, constants, etc.

Definition in file [timers.h](#).

```
#include "datatypes.h"
```

### Defines

- #define [NUMTIMERS](#) 55  
*Number of timers available in the system.*
- #define [TIMERTIC](#) 100  
*Frequency of timer interrupt.*

### Functions

- UINT8 [get\\_timer](#) (void)  
*Obtain a timer from timer pool.*

- void [free\\_timer](#) (UINT8)  
*Release timer back to free timer pool.*
  - void [init\\_timer](#) (UINT8, UINT32)  
*Initialize timer to a given time-out value.*
  - void [timer\\_pool\\_init](#) (void)  
*Initialize timer pool.*
  - UINT32 [check\\_timer](#) (UINT8)  
*Return the value of a given timer.*
  - void [decrement\\_timers](#) (void)  
*Decrement all timers' values by one.*
- 

## Define Documentation

### **#define NUMTIMERS 55**

Number of timers available in the system.

Change this number to change the size of the timer pool.

Definition at line 77 of file timers.h.

### **#define TIMERTIC 100**

Frequency of timer interrupt.

This value should be changed to reflect the frequency in which timers are decremented. Standard value for this is 100.

Definition at line 86 of file timers.h.

---

## Function Documentation

### **UINT32 check\_timer (UINT8 *nbr*)**

Return the value of a given timer.

#### **Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))



**Date:**

18.07.2001

**Parameters:**

*nbr* timer handle who's value is to be returned

**Returns:**

timer value

**Warning:**

- Interrupts are not disabled when fetching the value, therefore returned value possibly has an error component +/- [TIMERTIC](#).  
Function simply returns timer value of a given timer. No checks are made in order to make the function as fast as possible.

Definition at line 160 of file timers.c.

**void decrement\_timers (void)**

Decrement all timers' values by one.

**Author:**

- Vladan Jovanovic ([vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com](mailto:vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

18.07.2001

Invoke this function from timer interrupt to decrement timer counter values

Definition at line 175 of file timers.c.

**void free\_timer (UINT8 *nbr*)**

Release timer back to free timer pool.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

18.07.2001

**Parameters:**

*nbr* handle to timer beeing released

This function releases the timer who's handle is supplied as parameter. Use this when timer is not needed any more and other applications might use it.

Definition at line 96 of file timers.c.

**UINT8 get\_timer (void)**

Obtain a timer from timer pool.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

18.07.2001

**Returns:**

Handle to a free timer

**Warning:**

- Timers are considered to be critical resources, so if there is no available timer and `get_timer` is invoked, system will reset.

Invoke this function to obtain a free timer (it's handle that is) from the timer pool.

Definition at line 58 of file timers.c.

**void init\_timer (UINT8 *nbr*, UINT32 *tout*)**

Initialize timer to a given time-out value.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

18.07.2001

**Parameters:**

*nbr* handle of timer who's value we're setting

*tout* time-out value to set for this timer

Invoke this function to set timeout value for a timer with a given handle.

[TIMERTIC](#) defines how quickly the timers' values are decremented so is it to initialize timers to correct timeouts.

Definition at line 121 of file timers.c.

### **void timer\_pool\_init (void)**

Initialize timer pool.

#### **Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### **Date:**

18.07.2001

#### **Warning:**

- This function **must** be invoked at startup before any other timer function is used. This function resets all timer counter to zero and initializes all timers to available (free) state.

Definition at line 32 of file timers.c.

---

## **udp.c File Reference**

---

### **Detailed Description**

OpenTCP UDP implementation.

#### **Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### **Version:**

1.0

#### **Date:**

15.7.2002

#### **[Bug:](#)**

**Warning:****Todo:**

- Send ICMP Destination Unreachable when receiving UDP packets to non-existent UDP ports.

OpenTCP UDP implementation. All functions necessary for UDP packet processing are present here. Note that only a small subset of these functions must be used for "normal" applications that are using the UDP for communication. For function declarations and lots of other useful stuff see [tcp\\_ip.h](#).

For examples how to use UDP and write applications that communicate using UDP see [main.c](#) and [udp\\_demo.c](#).

Definition in file [udp.c](#).

```
#include "debug.h"
#include "datatypes.h"
#include "ethernet.h"
#include "ip.h"
#include "tcp_ip.h"
#include "system.h"
```

**Functions**

- INT8 [udp\\_init](#) (void)  
*Initialize UDP socket pool.*
- INT8 [udp\\_getsocket](#) (UINT8 tos, INT32(\*listener)(INT8, UINT8, UINT32, UINT16, UINT16, UINT16), UINT8 opts)  
*Allocate a free socket in UDP socket pool.*
- INT8 [udp\\_releasesocket](#) (INT8 [sochandle](#))  
*Release a given socket.*
- INT8 [udp\\_open](#) (INT8 [sochandle](#), UINT16 locport)  
*Open a given UDP socket for communication.*
- INT8 [udp\\_close](#) (INT8 [sochandle](#))  
*Close given socket for communication.*
- INT16 [udp\\_send](#) (INT8 [sochandle](#), UINT32 [remip](#), UINT16 [remport](#), UINT8 \*buf, UINT16 blen, UINT16 dlen)

*Send data to remote host using given UDP socket.*

- INT16 [process\\_udp\\_in](#) (struct [ip\\_frame](#) \*frame, UINT16 len)  
*Process received UDP frame.*
- UINT16 [udp\\_getfreeport](#) (void)  
*Returns next free (not used) local port number.*

## Variables

- [ucb\\_udp\\_socket](#) [NO\_OF\_UDPSOCKETS]  
*UDP table holding socket parameters for every UDP socket.*
- [udp\\_frame\\_received\\_udp\\_packet](#)  
*Used for storing field information about the received UDP packet.*

## Function Documentation

### INT16 [process\\_udp\\_in](#) (struct [ip\\_frame](#) \* frame, UINT16 len)

Process received UDP frame.

#### Author:

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

#### Date:

15.07.2002

#### Parameters:

*frame* pointer to received IP frame structure  
*len* length of data in bytes

#### Returns:

- -1 - Error (packet not UDP, header error or no socket for it)
- >0 - Packet OK

Invoke this function to process received UDP frames. See `main_demo.c` for an example on how to accomplish this.

Definition at line 515 of file `udp.c`.

**INT8 udp\_close (INT8 *sochandle*)**

Close given socket for communication.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

26.07.2002

**Parameters:**

*sochandle* handle to socket to be closed

**Returns:**

- -1 - Error
- $\geq 0$  - handle to closed socket

Closes a given socket in order to disable further communication over it.

Definition at line 319 of file udp.c.

**UINT16 udp\_getfreeport (void)**

Returns next free (not used) local port number.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

19.10.2002

**Returns:**

- 0 - no free ports!
- $> 0$  - free local TCP port number

Function attempts to find new local port number that can be used to establish a connection.

Definition at line 654 of file udp.c.

**INT8 udp\_getsocket (UINT8 *tos*, INT32(\* *listener*)(INT8, UINT8, UINT32, UINT16, UINT16, UINT16), UINT8 *opts*)**

Allocate a free socket in UDP socket pool.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

26.07.2002

**Parameters:**

*tos* type of service for socket. For now nothing implemented so 0.

*listener* pointer to callback function that will be invoked by the TCP/IP stack to inform socket application of #UDP\_DATA\_ARRIVAL event (for now only this, in future maybe others!)

*opts* Options for checksum generation & inspection. Can be one of the following:

- [UDP\\_OPT\\_NONE](#)
- [UDP\\_OPT\\_SEND\\_CS](#)
- [UDP\\_OPT\\_CHECK\\_CS](#)
- [UDP\\_OPT\\_SEND\\_CS | UDP\\_OPT\\_CHECK\\_CS](#)

**Returns:**

- -1 - Error
- >=0 - Handle to reserved socket

Invoke this function to try to obtain a free socket from UDP socket pool. Function returns a handle to the free socket that is later used for accessing the allocated socket.

Definition at line 173 of file udp.c.

**INT8 udp\_init (void)**

Initialize UDP socket pool.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

26.07.2002

**Returns:**

- -1 - Error

- >0 - Number of UDP sockets initialized

**Warning:**

- This function **must** be invoked before any other UDP-related function is called  
This function initializes UDP socket pool to get everything into a known state at startup.

Definition at line 122 of file udp.c.

**INT8 udp\_open (INT8 *sochandle*, UINT16 *locport*)**

Open a given UDP socket for communication.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

26.07.2002

**Parameters:**

*sochandle* handle to socket to be opened

*locport* local port number

**Returns:**

- -1 - Error
- >=0 - Handle to opened socket

This function binds local port to given UDP socket and opens the socket (virtually) in order to enable communication.

Definition at line 276 of file udp.c.

**INT8 udp\_releasesocket (INT8 *sochandle*)**

Release a given socket.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

26.07.2002



**Parameters:**

*sochandle* handle of UDP socket to be released

**Returns:**

- -1 - error
- $\geq 0$  - OK (returns handle to release socket)

This function releases UDP socket. This means that the socket entry is marked as free and all of the ucb fields are initialized to default values.

Definition at line 235 of file udp.c.

**INT16 udp\_send (INT8 *sochandle*, UINT32 *remip*, UINT16 *remport*, UINT8 \* *buf*, UINT16 *blen*, UINT16 *dlen*)**

Send data to remote host using given UDP socket.

**Author:**

- Jari Lahti ([jari.lahti@violasystems.com](mailto:jari.lahti@violasystems.com))

**Date:**

26.07.2002

**Parameters:**

*sochandle* handle to UDP socket to use

*remip* remote IP address to which data should be sent

*remport* remote port number to which data should be sent

*buf* pointer to data buffer (start of user data)

*blen* buffer length in bytes (without space reserved at the beginning of buffer for headers)

*dlen* length of user data to be sent (in bytes)

**Returns:**

- -1 - Error (general error, e.g. parameters)
- -2 - ARP or lower layer not ready, try again later
- -3 - Socket closed or invalid local port
- $>0$  - OK (number represents number of bytes actually sent)

**Warning:**

- *buf* parameter is a pointer to data to be sent in user buffer. But note that there **MUST** be sufficient free buffer space before that data for UDP header (of [UDP\\_HLEN](#) size).

Use this function to send data over an already opened UDP socket.

Definition at line 368 of file udp.c.

---

## Variable Documentation

### struct [udp\\_frame\\_received\\_udp\\_packet](#)

Used for storing field information about the received UDP packet.

Various fields from the received UDP packet are stored in this variable. See [udp\\_frame](#) definition for struct information.

Definition at line 101 of file udp.c.

### struct [ucb\\_udp\\_socket](#)[NO\_OF\_UDPSOCKETS]

UDP table holding socket parameters for every UDP socket.

UDP table is an array of ucb structures holding all of the necessary information about the state, listener, port numbers and other info about the UDP sockets opened. Number of UDP sockets that can be opened at any given time is defined by the NO\_OF\_UDPSOCKETS and may be changed in order to change the amount of used RAM memory. See ucb definition for more information about the structure itself.

Definition at line 94 of file udp.c.

---

## udp\_demo.c File Reference

---

### Detailed Description

Demonstration of a possible scenario of writing UDP application.

#### Author:

- Vladan Jovanovic ([vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com](mailto:vladan.jovanovic@violasystems.com))

#### Version:

1.0

#### Date:

10.10.2002

**Bug:****Warning:**

- This example is given for demonstration purposes only. It was not tested for correct operation.

**Todo:**

Blank UDP demo application showing UDP functions and how applications might use them.

Definition in file [udp\\_demo.c](#).

```
#include "debug.h"
#include "datatypes.h"
#include "globalvariables.h"
#include "system.h"
#include "tcp_ip.h"
#include "udp_demo.h"
#include <string.h>
```

**Defines**

- #define [UDP\\_DEMO\\_PORT](#) 5000
- #define [UDP\\_DEMO\\_RMTHOST\\_IP](#) 0xC0A80169
- #define [UDP\\_DEMO\\_RMTHOST\\_PRT](#) 5001
- #define [MSG\\_SIZE](#) 20

**Functions**

- INT16 [udp\\_demo\\_send](#) (void)
- void [udp\\_demo\\_init](#) (void)
- void [udp\\_demo\\_run](#) (void)
- INT32 [udp\\_demo\\_eventlistener](#) (INT8 cbhandle, UINT8 event, UINT32 ipaddr, UINT16 port, UINT16 buffindex, UINT16 datalen)

**Variables**

- unsigned char [data\\_buffer](#) [64]
  - INT8 [udp\\_demo\\_soch](#)  
*Socket handle holder for this application.*
  - UINT8 [udp\\_demo\\_senddata](#)
-

## Define Documentation

### **#define MSG\_SIZE 20**

Definition at line 225 of file udp\_demo.c.

### **#define UDP\_DEMO\_PORT 5000**

Port number on which we'll work

Definition at line 99 of file udp\_demo.c.

### **#define UDP\_DEMO\_RMTHOST\_IP 0xC0A80169**

Remote IP address this application will send data to

Definition at line 101 of file udp\_demo.c.

### **#define UDP\_DEMO\_RMTHOST\_PRT 5001**

Port number on remote server we'll send data to

Definition at line 103 of file udp\_demo.c.

---

## Function Documentation

### **INT32 udp\_demo\_eventlistener (INT8 *cbhandle*, UINT8 *event*, UINT32 *ipaddr*, UINT16 *port*, UINT16 *buffindex*, UINT16 *datalen*)**

Definition at line 176 of file udp\_demo.c.

### **void udp\_demo\_init (void)**

Definition at line 109 of file udp\_demo.c.

### **void udp\_demo\_run (void)**

Definition at line 137 of file udp\_demo.c.

### **INT16 udp\_demo\_send (void)**

Definition at line 226 of file udp\_demo.c.

---

## Variable Documentation

**unsigned char** [data\\_buffer](#)[64] [static]

Definition at line 80 of file udp\_demo.c.

**UINT8** [udp\\_demo\\_senddata](#)

Used to trigger data sending

Definition at line 97 of file udp\_demo.c.

**INT8** [udp\\_demo\\_soch](#)

Socket handle holder for this application.

This variable holds the assigned socket handle. Note that this application will reserve one UDP socket immediately and will not release it. For saving resources, UDP sockets can also be allocated/deallocated dynamically.

Definition at line 95 of file udp\_demo.c.

---

## udp\_demo.h File Reference

### Functions

- void [udp\\_demo\\_init](#) (void)
  - void [udp\\_demo\\_run](#) (void)
  - INT32 [udp\\_demo\\_eventlistener](#) (INT8, UINT8, UINT32, UINT16, UINT16, UINT16)
- 

## Function Documentation

**INT32** [udp\\_demo\\_eventlistener](#) (INT8, UINT8, UINT32, UINT16, UINT16, UINT16)

Definition at line 176 of file udp\_demo.c.

**void** [udp\\_demo\\_init](#) (void)

Definition at line 109 of file udp\_demo.c.

**void udp\_demo\_run (void)**

Definition at line 137 of file udp\_demo.c.

---

## Vectors.c File Reference

### Typedefs

- typedef void(\* [near](#) )(void)

### Functions

- void [near \\_Startup](#) (void)
- void [near RealTimeInterrupt](#) (void)
- void [near emac\\_ec\\_isr](#) (void)  
*excess collisions ISR - ECIF — Excessive Collision Interrupt Flag*
- void [near emac\\_lc\\_isr](#) (void)  
*late collisions ISR - LCIF — Late Collision Interrupt Flag*
- void [near emac\\_b\\_rx\\_error\\_isr](#) (void)  
*Babbling Receive Error ISR.*
- void [near emac\\_rx\\_b\\_b\\_o\\_isr](#) (void)  
*RXAOIF — Receive Buffer B Overrun ISR.*
- void [near emac\\_rx\\_b\\_a\\_o\\_isr](#) (void)  
*RXAOIF — Receive Buffer A Overrun ISR.*
- void [near emac\\_rx\\_error\\_isr](#) (void)  
*Receive Error ISR.*
- void [near emac\\_mii\\_mtc\\_isr](#) (void)  
*Management Transfer Complete ISR - MMCIF — MII Interrupt Flag.*
- void [near emac\\_rx\\_fc\\_isr](#) (void)

*RX flow control ISR.*

- void [near emac\\_f\\_tx\\_c\\_isr](#) (void)  
*transmit complete ISR - TXCIF — Frame Transmission Complete Interrupt Flag*
- void [near emac\\_rx\\_b\\_b\\_c\\_isr](#) (void)  
*Valid Frame Reception to Receive Buffer B Complete ISR.*
- void [near emac\\_rx\\_b\\_a\\_c\\_isr](#) (void)  
*Valid Frame Reception to Receive Buffer A Complete ISR.*
- void [near ephy\\_isr](#) (void)  
*EPHY ISR - Type of EPHY interrupt determined by MII read of PHY\_REG\_IR register.*
- void [near PortHInterrupt](#) (void)
- \_\_interrupt void [software\\_trap](#) (void)

## Variables

- const tIsrFunc \_vect[] [xFF80](#)
- 

## Typedef Documentation

**typedef void(\* [near](#))(void)**

Definition at line 43 of file Vectors.c.

---

## Function Documentation

**void [near](#) \_Startup (void)**

**void [near](#) emac\_b\_rx\_error\_isr (void)**

Babbling Receive Error ISR.

Definition at line 1171 of file ne64driver.c.

**void [near](#) emac\_ec\_isr (void)**

excess collisions ISR - ECIF — Excessive Collision Interrupt Flag

Definition at line 1292 of file ne64driver.c.

**void [near](#) emac\_f\_tx\_c\_isr (void)**

transmit complete ISR - TXCIF — Frame Transmission Complete Interrupt Flag

Definition at line 1306 of file ne64driver.c.

**void [near](#) emac\_lc\_isr (void)**

late collisions ISR - LCIF — Late Collision Interrupt Flag

Definition at line 1278 of file ne64driver.c.

**void [near](#) emac\_mii\_mtc\_isr (void)**

Management Transfer Complete ISR - MMCIF — MII Interrupt Flag.

Definition at line 1268 of file ne64driver.c.

**void [near](#) emac\_rx\_b\_a\_c\_isr (void)**

Valid Frame Reception to Receive Buffer A Complete ISR.

Definition at line 1226 of file ne64driver.c.

**void [near](#) emac\_rx\_b\_a\_o\_isr (void)**

RXAOIF — Receive Buffer A Overrun ISR.

Definition at line 1204 of file ne64driver.c.

**void [near](#) emac\_rx\_b\_b\_c\_isr (void)**

Valid Frame Reception to Receive Buffer B Complete ISR.

Definition at line 1246 of file ne64driver.c.

**void [near](#) emac\_rx\_b\_b\_o\_isr (void)**

RXAOIF — Receive Buffer B Overrun ISR.



Definition at line 1215 of file ne64driver.c.

**void [near](#) emac\_rx\_error\_isr (void)**

Receive Error ISR.

Definition at line 1193 of file ne64driver.c.

**void [near](#) emac\_rx\_fc\_isr (void)**

RX flow control ISR.

Definition at line 1160 of file ne64driver.c.

**void [near](#) ephy\_isr (void)**

EPHY ISR - Type of EPHY interrupt determined by MII read of PHY\_REG\_IR register.

Definition at line 909 of file ne64driver.c.

**void [near](#) PortHInterrupt (void)**

Definition at line 192 of file main.c.

**void [near](#) RealTimeInterrupt (void)**

Definition at line 54 of file RTI.c.

**[\\_\\_interrupt](#) void software\_trap (void)**

Definition at line 37 of file Vectors.c.

---

## Variable Documentation

**const tIsrFunc \_vect [] [x](#)FF80**

Definition at line 44 of file Vectors.c.